

Privy Council, Canada.

Robert Bell
Attorney

*CERTIFIED COPY of a Report of a Committee of
the Honourable the Privy Council, approved by
His Excellency the Governor General in Council,
on the 17th May, 1889.*

On a Memorandum dated 15th May, 1889, from the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, submitting herewith lithographed plans of the various Reserves of Land, as well as descriptions of the same, which have from time to time been allotted to, and have been set apart for, the benefit of the hereinafter mentioned Bands of Indians who were interested in those portions of Manitoba and the North-West Territories covered by Treaties 4, 6 and 7, and part of Treaty 2, the boundaries of said Reserves having been defined by survey, as shown on the said lithographed plans, and recommending that the Reserves thus defined and described hereafter under the names of the Chiefs of the various Bands or otherwise be confirmed by Your Excellency in Council.

The Committee advise that the said Reserves be confirmed accordingly.

(Signed,)

JOHN J. MCGEE,

Clerk, Privy Council.

The Honourable

The Superintendent General

of Indian Affairs.

DESCRIPTIONS AND PLANS
OF CERTAIN
INDIAN RESERVES
IN THE
PROVINCE OF MANITOBA
AND THE
NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES,
1889.

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DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,

REGINA, NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES,

1st May, 1887.

MEMORANDUM.

It has long been felt desirable to collect in convenient form such information in regard to the extent and boundaries of the numerous Indian Reservations in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories as might be necessary for the guidance of Indian Agents and other employees of this Department, or useful to the public, especially to settlers desirous of taking up lands in the vicinity of the reserves. In consequence, the following descriptions, and accompanying plans, have been prepared by direction of the Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Indian Commissioner, from the original records of the Department, under the supervision of the undersigned. Accompanying each plan is a short description of the reserve, comprising its area, situation and general features, the number of Indian families in the band, the name of the Chief, the name of the surveyor by whom it was laid out, and the date of survey. Following this is a description of the boundaries of the reserve, sufficiently in detail to enable a surveyor to re-establish such boundaries should they become obliterated. In all cases, where sufficient information was obtainable, the Indian Reserve surveys have been connected with those of the Dominion Lands.

JOHN C. NELSON,

In charge of Indian Reserve Surveys.

NOTE.—Since the above was written, steps have been taken to define the corners of all the Indian Reserves by solid iron posts, two inches square and three feet six inches long, driven into the earth to within four inches of the top. In some cases, where the posts cannot be driven deep enough into the ground, a cairn of stones is erected around it. The corner is further defined by four pits, three feet square and one foot deep, each six feet from the post and arranged at the corners of a square, one of the diagonals being in the direction of the reserve boundary and the other perpendicular thereto.

OTTAWA, 30th March, 1889.

Treaty No. 2.**PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 57 (Sioux).

Area, 10.75 square miles.

Name of Chief, "Enoc."

Remounded and posted in 1883, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in township fifteen, range twenty-seven, west of the principal meridian, on the eastern side of the Assiniboine River.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the north-east corner of section twenty-one, township fifteen, range twenty-seven, west of the principal meridian, and running west two hundred and forty-three chains, more or less, to the north-west corner of section nineteen, in said township; thence south fifteen chains and seventy-five links, more or less, along the western boundary of said section nineteen to its intersection with the left bank of the Assiniboine River; thence south-easterly along the said bank of the said river to its intersection with the southern boundary of section four, in said township; thence east sixty-nine chains and forty-two links, more or less, to the south-east corner of said section four; and thence north three hundred and twenty-four chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of ten and three-quarters square miles, more or less.

The soil in this reserve is said to be good, and well adapted for farming.

TREATY N^o 2, MANITOBA

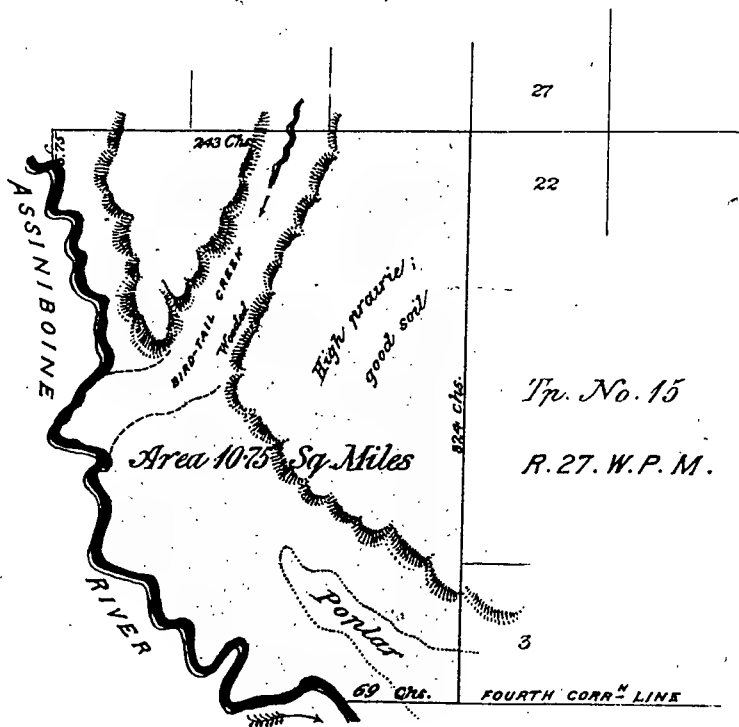
INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 57

At Bird-Tail Creek.

CHIEF "ENOC" (SIOUX)

Scale, 100 Chains to 1 Inch



Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

William Wagner D.L.S.

June 1875

TREATY N^o 2, MANITOBA

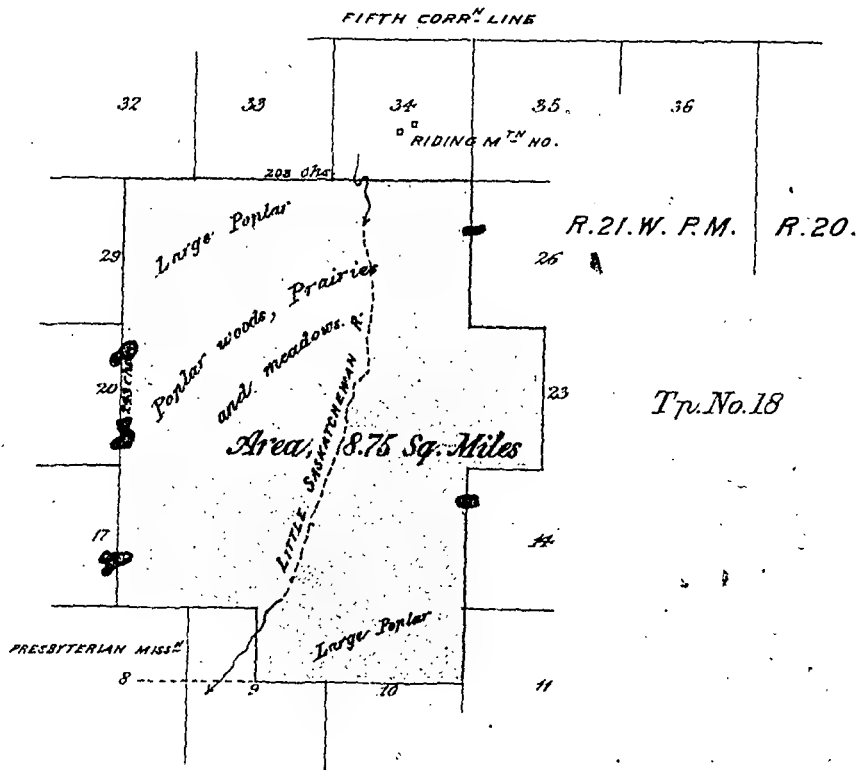
INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 61

At Rising Mountain House

CHIEF "KESIKOOWEENEW"

Scale, 100 Chs. to 1 Inch



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed in June 1875, by

William Wagner, D.L.S.

Resurveyed in 1886, by

A.W. Ponton, D.L.S.

Treaty No. 2.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 61.

Area, 3.75 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 26.

Name of Chief, "Kesik-oo-wee-ne-ew" or "Sky-Man."

Surveyed in 1875 by William Wagner, D.L.S.

Re-surveyed in 1886 by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the Riding Mountains, in township eighteen, range twenty-one, west of the principal meridian.

It comprises sections fifteen, sixteen, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-seven, twenty-eight; the easterly halves of sections seventeen, twenty, twenty-nine; the north-east quarter of section nine, the northerly half of section ten and the westerly half of section twenty-three, in township eighteen, range twenty-one, west of the principal meridian; containing an area of eight and three-quarters square miles, more or less.

Ponds and lakes are numerous in this reserve. It has a rich, black, fertile soil, supporting very luxuriant herbage. In the north-western corner there is good poplar, but fires have destroyed most of the timber in other places.

The valley of the Little Saskatchewan River contains fine alluvial bottoms and extensive hay grounds, and intersects this reserve from north to south.

Treaty No. 4.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 62.

Area, 39 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 26.

Name of chief, "Way-way-see-cappo."

Surveyed in 1877, by W. Wagner, D.L.S.

Resurveyed in July, 1883, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on Bird Tail Creek, about fifteen miles north-easterly of Birtle.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post in mound, forty chains due south of the north-west corner of section fourteen, township nineteen, range twenty-six, west of the principal meridian; thence running east one hundred and sixty-four chains and twenty-six links, more or less, to a post at the quarter section corner on the western limit of section eighteen in said township; thence south forty chains, more or less, to the south-west corner of said section eighteen; thence east along the southern boundaries of sections eighteen, seventeen and sixteen, two hundred and twenty chains and fifty-five links, more or less, to the right bank of Bird Tail Creek; thence along the right bank of the said creek, north-easterly and northerly against the stream, to its intersection with the southern boundary of section ten, township twenty, range twenty-five; thence east seven chains, more or less, to the south-east corner of said section ten, thence north one hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to the north-east corner of section fifteen, in said township; thence west along the northern boundaries of sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen in said township, and sections thirteen and fourteen in township twenty, range twenty-six, four hundred and eighty-seven chains and sixty-five links, more or less, to the north-west corner of the said section fourteen, and thence south five hundred and twenty-nine chains, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of thirty-nine square miles, more or less.

The soil throughout the reserve is generally a black loam, of first-class quality. In the southern and western portions there are numer-

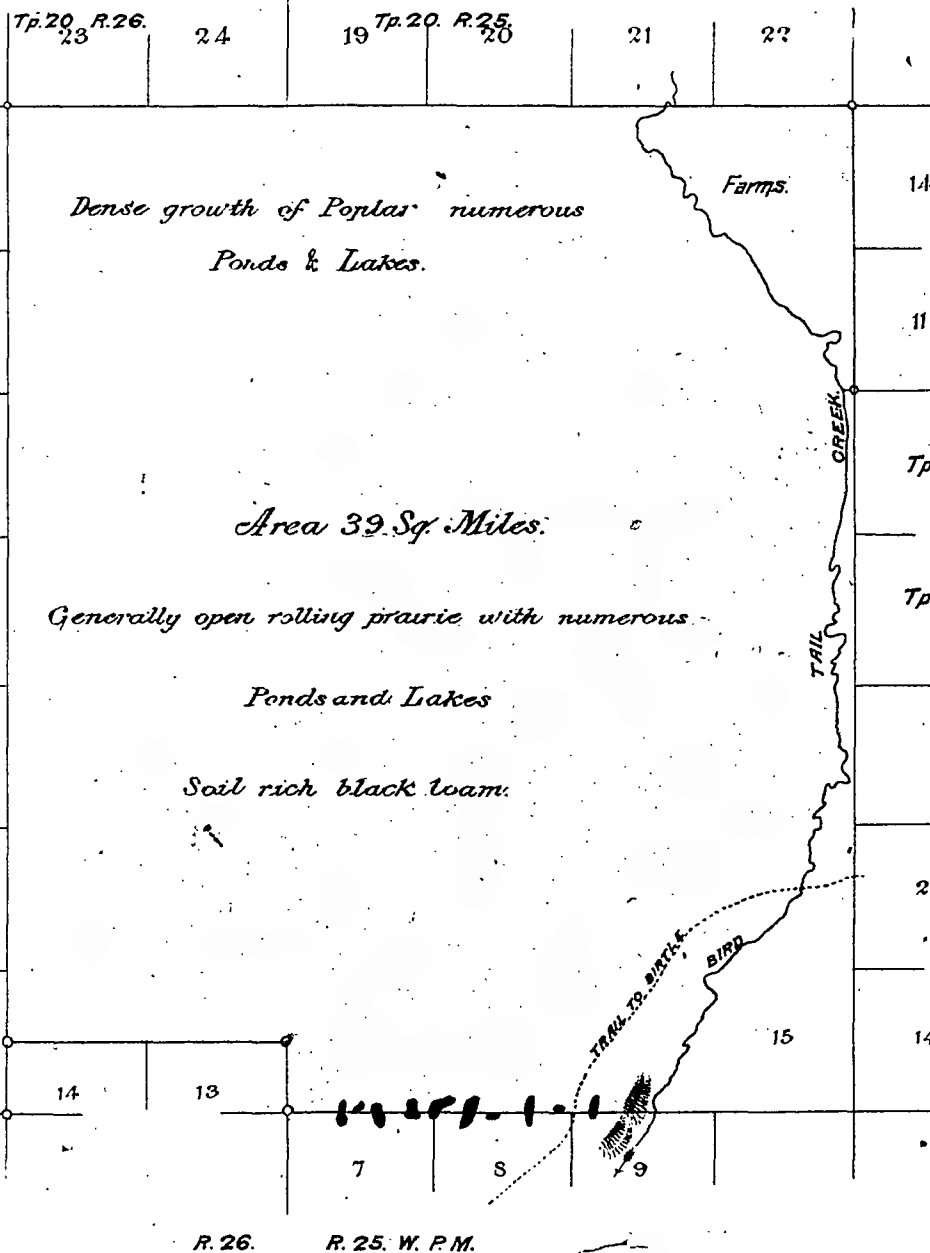
TREATY N° 4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 62

CHIEF "WAY-WAY-SEE-CAPPO"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

Resurveyed by

A. W. Ponton D.L.S.

May 1883

ous ponds, lakes and hay meadows. There is a sufficiency of firewood everywhere in the reserve. Timber fit for building purposes occurs in small quantities throughout, and in larger quantities in the neighborhood of its northern boundary. There is a large lake with partially wooded shores near the centre of the reserve. Its area is about two square miles, and it is said to contain fish. Wild ducks abound.

Treaty No. 4.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 63.

Area 30 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 44.

Name of Chief, "The Gambler."

Surveyed in June, 1883, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on Silver Creek, on the east side of the Assiniboine River, about nine miles north of Fort Ellice.

It comprises sections seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, in township eighteen, range twenty-eight, sections one, two, eleven, thirteen, fourteen and those parts of sections three, ten and fifteen lying east of the Assiniboine River, in township nineteen, range twenty-nine; sections thirteen, fourteen, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, thirty-five, thirty-six and those parts of sections fifteen, twenty-two, twenty-seven, thirty-three and thirty-four lying east of the left bank of the Assiniboine River, in township eighteen, range twenty-nine; sections four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, in township nineteen, range twenty-eight; all the above ranges west of the principal meridian; containing an area of thirty square miles, more or less.

The reserve generally is a high-rolling prairie, interspersed with poplar bluffs of small sized timber from two to four inches in diameter. The soil is a black loam with gravelly ridges, and, with the exception of the valley of Silver Creek, can be almost all cultivated. It is much cut up by the valley of Silver Creek and lateral coulees running into it. The best land is found on the northern part a short distance from the Manitoba and North-Western Railway. Some useful poplar timber is still found in the valley of Silver Creek, but most of it has been killed by fires. On the slope to the Assiniboine scattered scrub oak was observed, useful in the manufacture of small implements. The timber supply is hardly sufficient for the Indians.

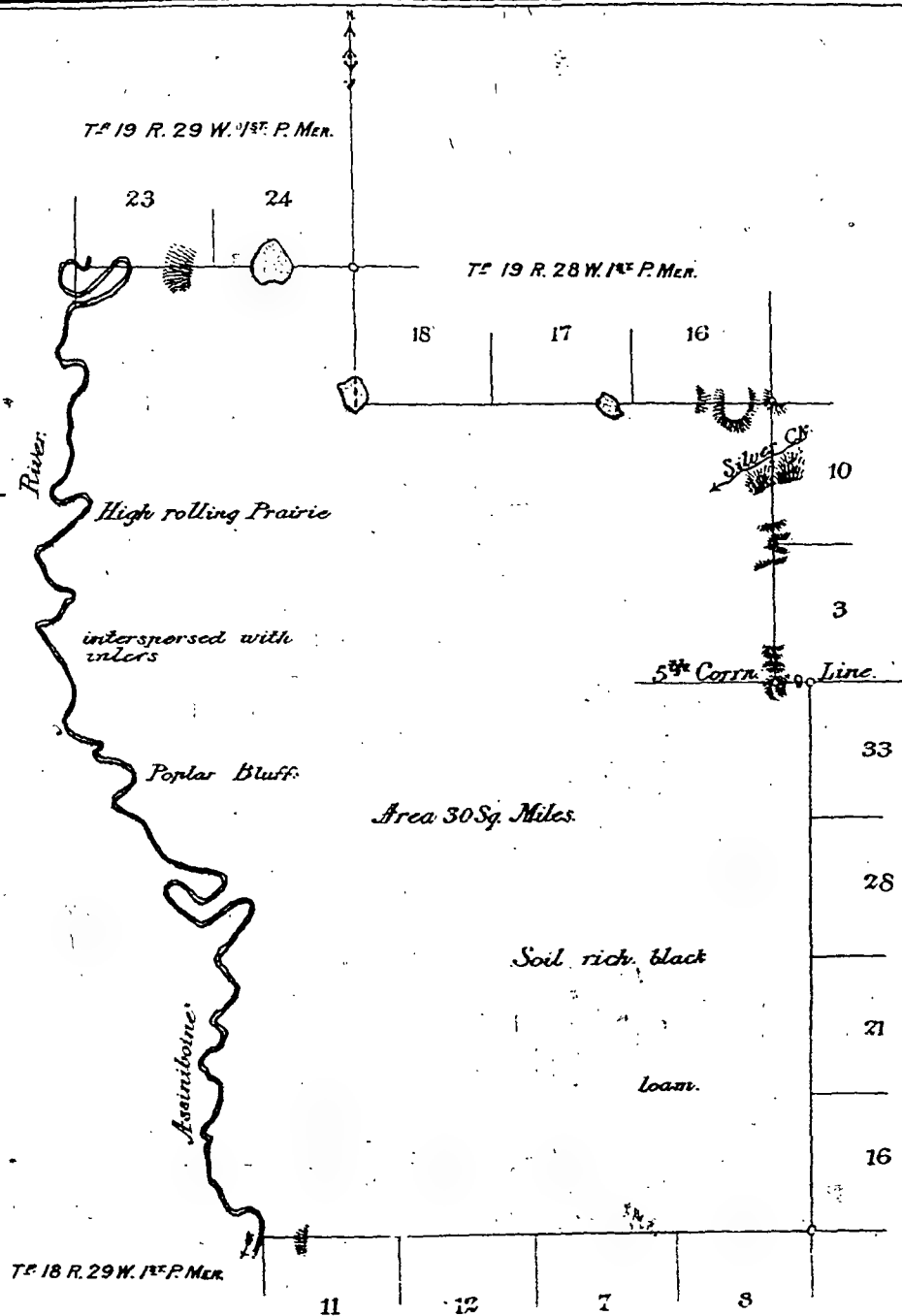
-TREATY N°4 N.W.T.-

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 63

CHIEF "THE GAMBLER"

Scale 100 Chs to inch



Approved by

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Survey

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

A.F. Ponton D.L.S.

June 1883.

TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 64

CHIEF 'GABRIEL COTE'

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 Inch.

Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa Jan'y 23rd 1889.

S.E. COR. HEE SEE HON'S
RESERVE.

124.30

1000.00

581.64

River

Assiniboine

Large Flat descending towards the River with large

Hay Swamps, fine Poplar Bluffs. Good Soil, well watered.

Duck Mountain
cut up by Gullies and Water courses

Area 56.5 Sq. Miles.

Tr. 30.

To 29.
34

27

22

Surveyed by
William Wagner DLS
January 1877

R. 32. W. 1st I.M.

R. 31. W. 1st I.M.

16

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 64.

Area 56.5 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 56.

Name of Chief, Gabriel Côté.

Surveyed in January, 1877, by William Wagner, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about ten miles south-east of Fort Pelly, on the trail to Shoal Lake, between the Assiniboine River and Duck Mountain.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of the left bank of the Assiniboine River and the northern boundary of the south-half of section twenty four, township twenty-nine, range thirty-two, west of the principal meridian, and running east two hundred and forty-nine chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north eight hundred chains, more or less, to a post in mound; thence west five hundred and sixty-one chains and sixty-four links, more or less, to a post on the left bank of the Assiniboine River, and thence south-easterly along the said bank of the said river to the point of beginning; containing an area of fifty-six and a-half square miles, more or less.

This reserve is partially wooded with poplar, balsam of gilead and scrub; the soil is a black sandy loam of superior quality. There are large flats and marshy meadows along the Assiniboine River.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 65.

Area 38 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 15.

Name of Chief, "The Key."

Surveyed in August, 1883, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the left bank of the Assiniboine River, about two miles west of Fort Pelly, on the old cart trail to Touchwood Hills.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the north-east corner of section thirty-four, township thirty-two, range one, west of the second initial meridian, and running south one hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to a post in a marsh; thence east forty-one chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post; thence south three hundred and twenty-seven chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post; thence west ninety-four chains and ninety-six links, more or less, to the left bank of the Assiniboine River; thence westerly along the said bank of the said river to its intersection with a line drawn due south from a spruce post on the ninth base line, six chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, west of the north-east corner of section thirty-two, township thirty-two, range two; thence north three hundred and seventy-nine chains and sixty links, more or less, to the said post on the said base line, and thence east six hundred and fifty-four chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty-eight square miles, more or less.

This reserve is generally thickly wooded with poplar, balsam of gilead, and groves of spruce and tamarac. The soil is chiefly of a sandy loam, the stretches of prairie in the vicinity of the river being of a superior quality.

There are extensive hay swamps in the north-east and south-east corners of the reserve.

TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

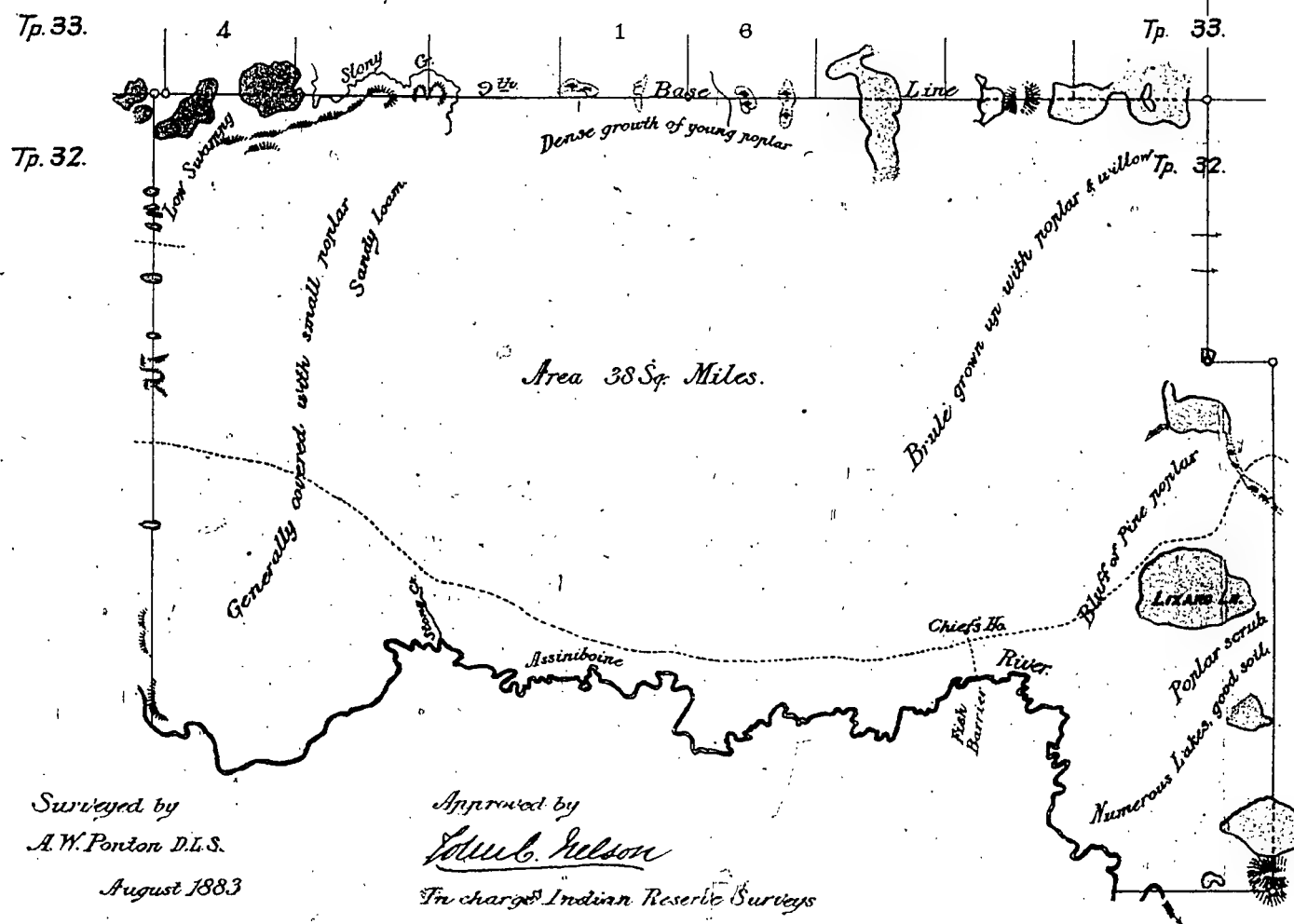
—N° 65—

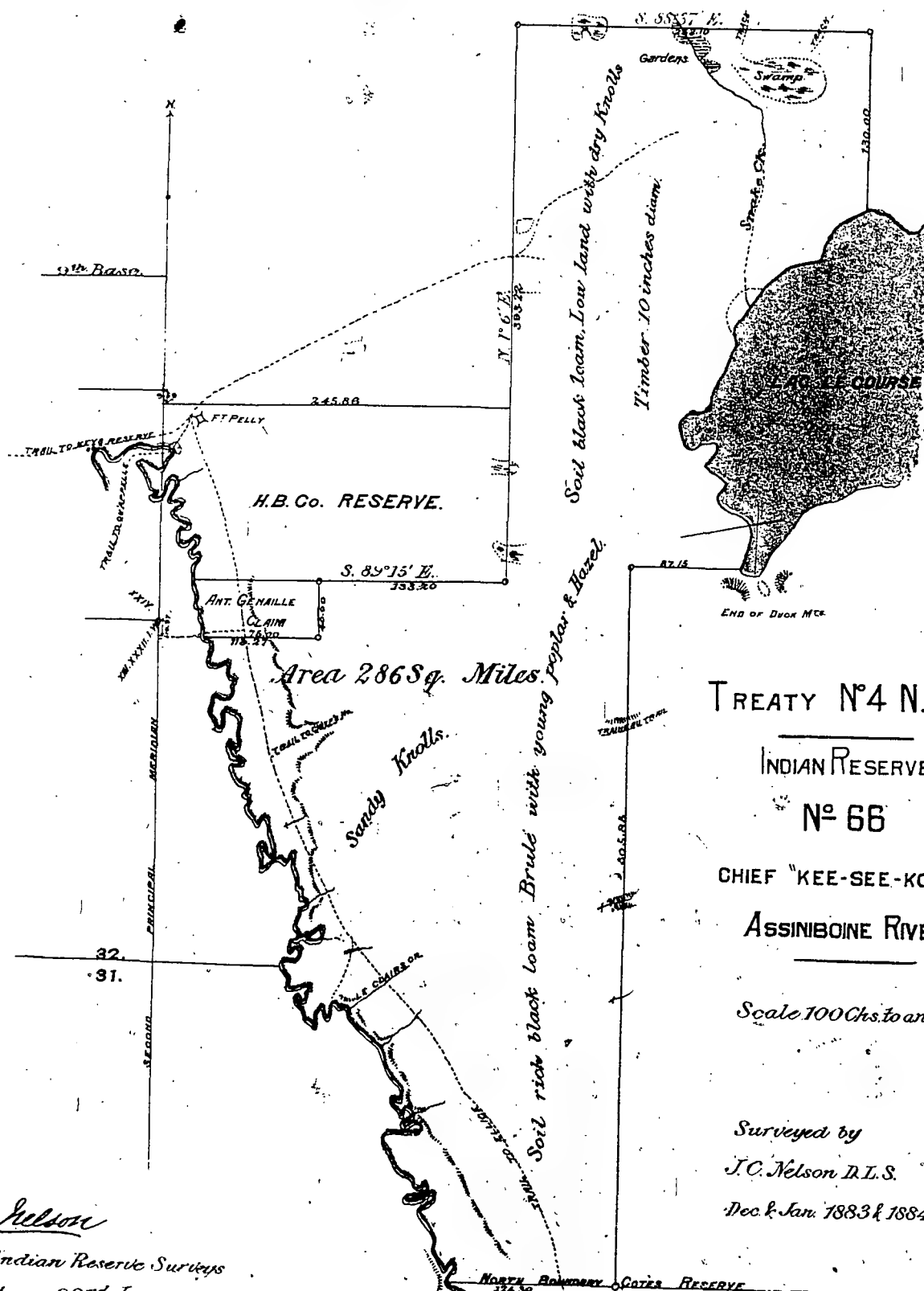
CHIEF THE KEY

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 inch.

R. II.

R. I. W. 2nd I.M.





TREATY N°4 N.W.T.
 INDIAN RESERVE
 N° 66
 CHIEF "KEE-SEE-KOOSE"
 ASSINIBOINE RIVER

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.

Surveyed by
 J.C. Nelson D.L.S.
 Dec. & Jan. 1883 & 1884.

Approved
J.C. Nelson
 In charge Indian Reserve Surveys
 Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 66.

Area, 28.6 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 42.

Name of Chief, "Kee-see-koose."

Surveyed in December, 1883, and January, 1884, by J. C. Nelson,
D.L.S.

This reserve lies between the Assiniboine River and Lac la Course, in the immediate vicinity of Fort Pelly, and on the trail to Shoal Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post on the left bank of the Assiniboine River, thirty-nine chains and twenty-seven links, more or less, east of a point ten chains and ninety-seven links due south of the north-east corner of section thirteen, township, thirty-two, range one, west of the second initial meridian, and thence running east seventy-five chains, more or less, to a post; thence north forty chains, more or less, to a post on the southern boundary of the Hudson's Bay Company's reserve; thence south eighty-nine degrees and fifteen minutes east, approximately, on a hundred and thirty-three chains and twenty links, more or less, to an iron bar at the south-east corner of the said Hudson's Bay Company's reserve; thence north one degree and six minutes east approximately, three hundred and ninety-three chains and twenty-two links, more or less, to a post; thence south eighty-eight degrees and thirty-seven minutes east approximately, two hundred and fifty-two chains and ten links, more or less, to a post; thence south one hundred and thirty chains, more or less, to a post on the north-westerly shore of Lac la Course; thence south-westerly along the western shore of the said Lac la Course one hundred and ninety-one chains and nineteen links, more or less, to a post near the south-west angle of said lake; thence west eighty-seven chains and fifteen links, more or less, to a post; thence south five hundred and five chains and eighty-five links; more or less, to a post on the northern boundary of Indian Reserve number sixty-four, of Chief Gabriel Coté; thence west along the northern boundary of said reserve one hundred and twenty-four chains and thirty links, more or less, to

the left bank of the Assiniboine River, and thence north-westerly along the said bank of the said river to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-eight and six-tenths square miles, more or less.

The northern and eastern parts are covered with poplar and balsam of gilead, seldom exceeding ten inches in diameter; on the southern portion extensive *brulés* occur, over-grown with thickets of young poplar, willow, hazel and thorn bushes, interspersed with patches of scrubby prairie. Along the valley of the Assiniboine there are clumps of soft maple, and willow in great profusion, covering the low swampy bottoms and marshes, which latter retain the water after it has subsided in the river. The surface of the country is slightly undulating and slopes gradually to the river from the base of the Duck Mountains. The principal topographical feature is the tract of sandy "dunes," or downs, called the "Sandy Knolls," lying along the river about half way between Fort Pelly and Côté's reserve. There are several small creeks, the largest one is called Kinnebesoo Sibisis, or Snake Creek, and flows into Lac la Course. The soil is generally a rich, black loam; along the river front it is light and sandy. There is a good deal of meadow land, and the swamps along the river could be easily drained, and would then produce large quantities of hay.

TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

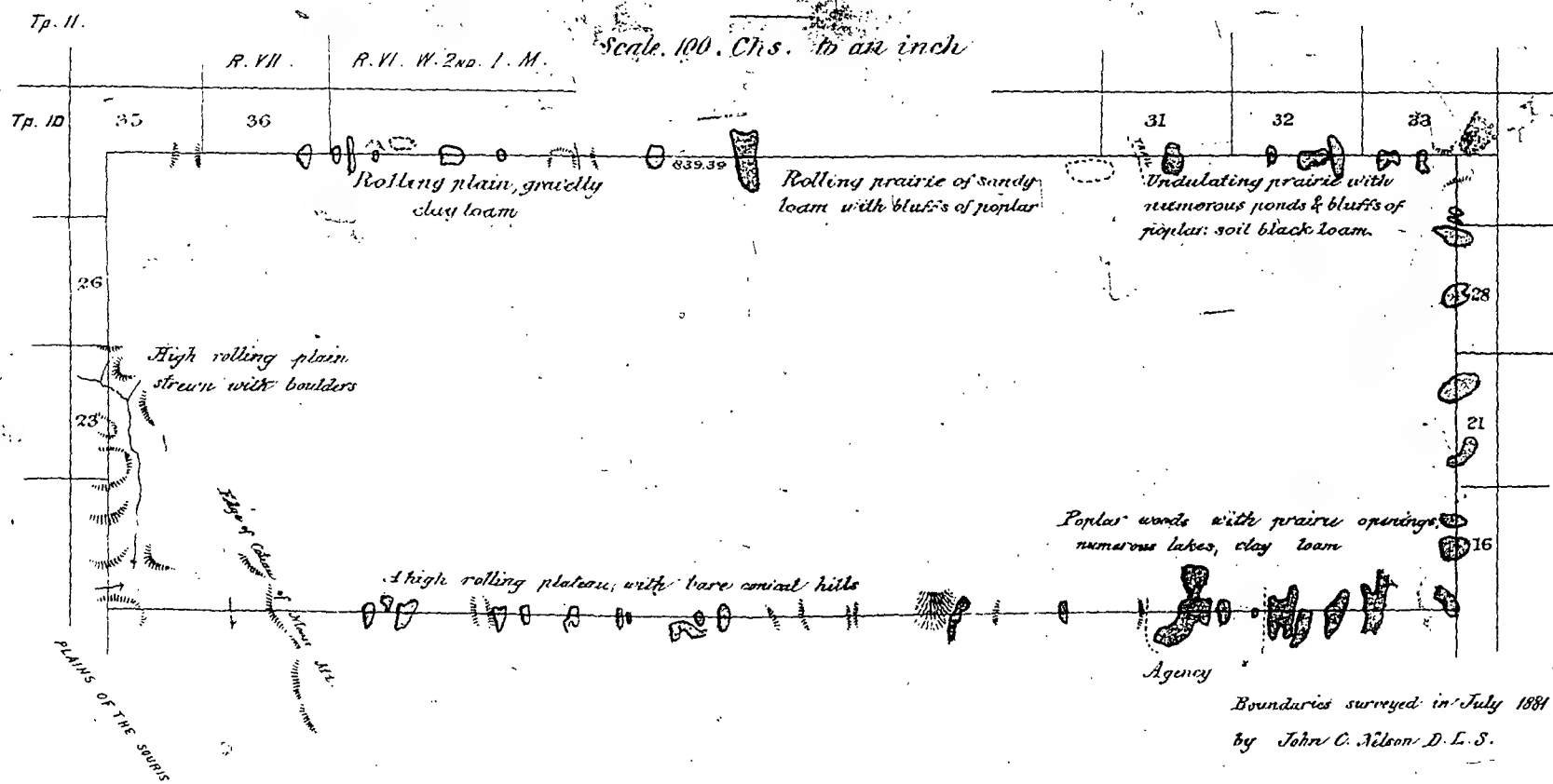
INDIAN RESERVE

N° 68

CHIEF "PHEASANTS RUMP"

AREA 36.6 SQ. MILES

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Southern Boundary surveyed in July 1886

by A.W. Ponton, D.I.S.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 68.

Area 36.6 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 26.

Name of Chief, "Pheasant's Rump."

Surveyed in July 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at the western end of Moose Mountain.

It is bounded by a line beginning at an iron bar and mound thirty-eight chains and seventy-five links, more or less, north, and nineteen chains and ninety-four links, more or less, east of the south-west corner of section thirty-five, township ten, range seven, west of the second initial meridian, and running south two hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to a post one chain due north of the north-west corner of Indian Reserve number sixty-nine for the band of Chief "Ocean Man," thence east eight hundred and forty-one chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post one chain due north of the north-east corner of said reserve number sixty-nine; thence north two hundred and seventy-eight chains and eighty links, more or less, to an iron bar and mound, and thence west eight hundred and thirty-nine chains and thirty-nine links, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of thirty-six and six-tenths square miles, more or less.

The western portion is a high rolling plain strewn with boulders. There are valleys containing good soil and rich pasturage. Lakes and ponds are numerous. In some of these the water is good, in others it is bad. The eastern part is partially wooded and interspersed with lakes and ponds. The soil is arich, sandy loam, seemingly well adapted for agricultural purposes.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 69.

Area 37 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 26.

Name of Chief, "Ocean Man."

Surveyed in July, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the west end of Moose Mountain.

It is bounded by a line beginning at an iron bar and mound, near the left bank of Moose Mountain Creek, and thirty-nine chains and thirty links, more or less, north, and sixty chains and twenty links, more or less, west of the south-east corner of section twenty-six, township nine, range seven, west of the second initial meridian; and running east eight hundred and forty-one chains and fifteen links, more or less, to an iron bar and mound, thirty-eight chains and seventy-three links, more or less, north, and twenty-seven chains and thirty links, more or less, west of the south-east corner of section twenty-eight, township nine, range five; thence north two hundred and eighty-two chains and thirty-eight links, more or less, to a post; thence west eight hundred and forty-one chains and fifteen links, more or less, to a post and mound on a line due north of the point of beginning; and thence due south two hundred and eighty chains and fifty-one links, more or less, to the said point of beginning, containing an area of thirty-seven square miles, more or less.

In the south-western part there is a level prairie of good clay loam soil. In the central portion the surface is rolling and hilly. The ridges are strewn with boulders. In the hollows the soil is generally good. Towards the north-east the country is partially wooded and interspersed with ponds and lakes, in some of which the water is good, and in others it is strongly alkaline. The land in many places is rich and well adapted for farming in the latter portion of the reserve, while in the former it is more suitable for stock-raising.

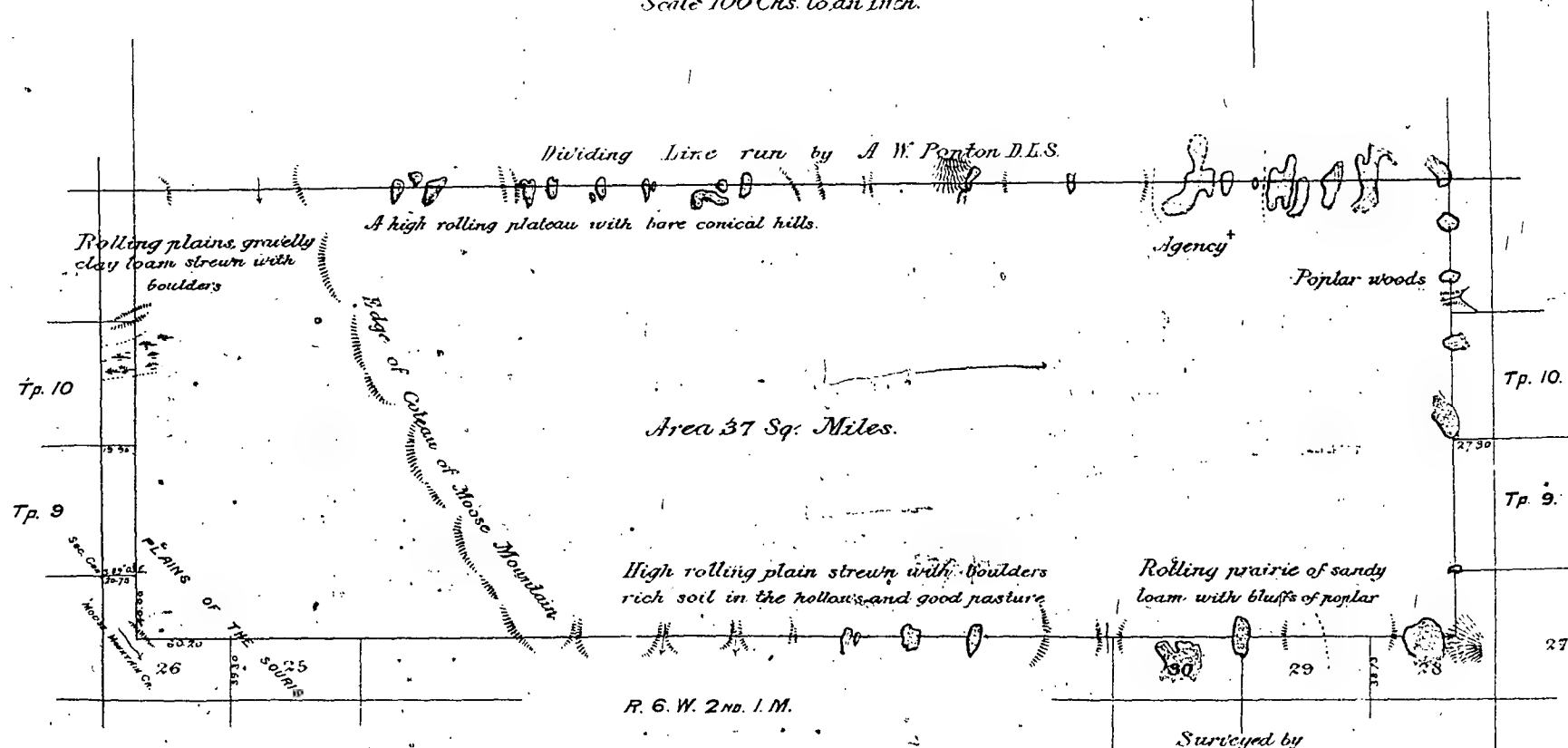
TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 69

CHIEF "THE OCEAN MAN"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 70.

Area, 45 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 24.

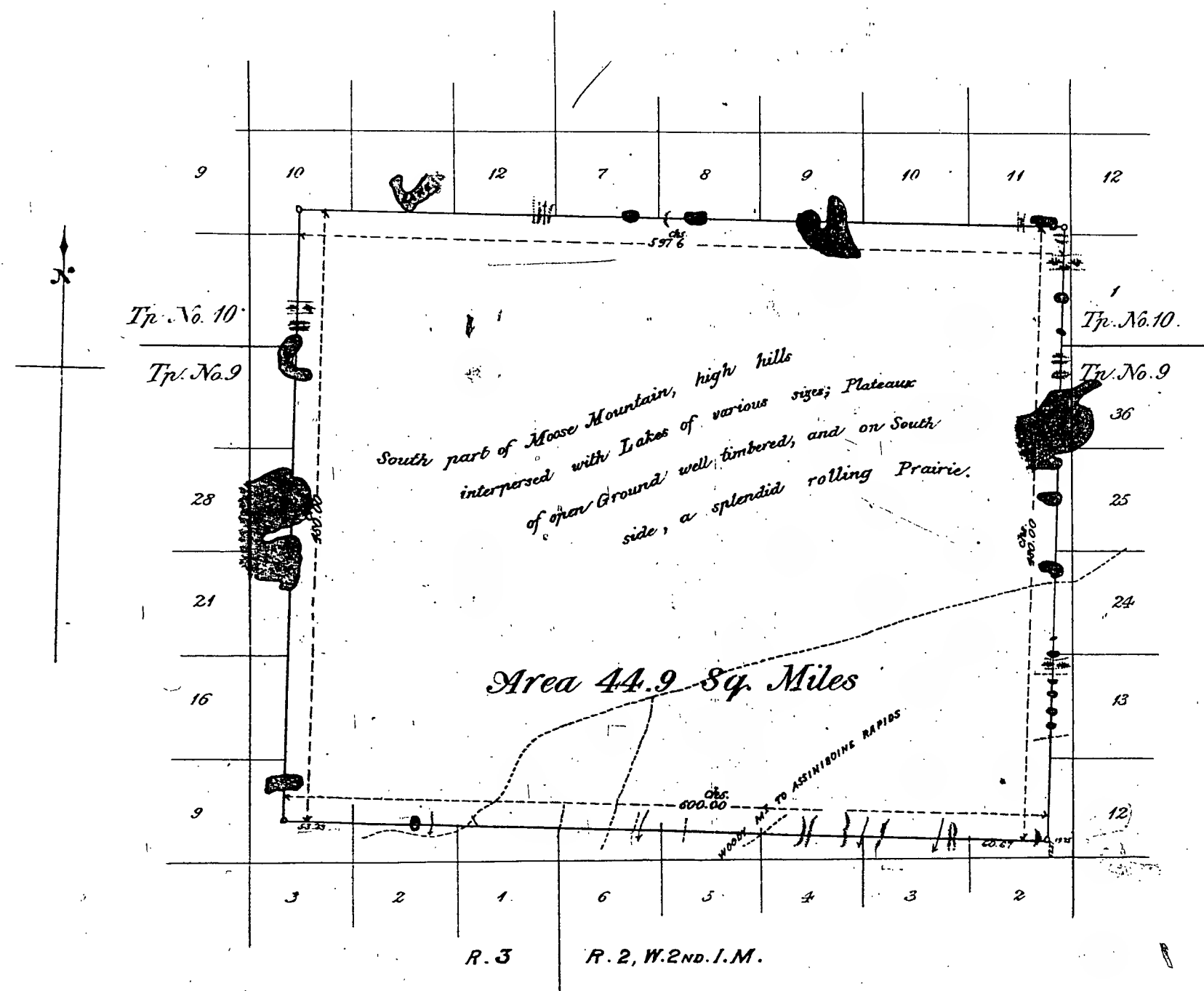
Name of chief, "White Bear."

Surveyed in November, 1877, by W. Wagner, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at the eastern end of Moose Mountain, about forty miles from Moosomin.

It is bounded by a line beginning at an iron bar, nineteen chains and twenty-five links, more or less, west, and twelve chains and thirty-seven links, more or less, north, of the south-east corner of section eleven, township nine, range two, west of the second initial meridian; and running north four hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to a post in a pond; thence west five hundred and ninety-seven chains and sixty links, more or less, to a post; then south four hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to an iron bar; and thence east six hundred chains, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of forty-five square miles, more or less.

The northern part of this reserve is a hilly country interspersed with lakes abounding in fish; hay swamps are numerous together with heavy poplar woods. The southern part is a broken rolling prairie strewn with boulders, and containing some bluffs of poplar and willow. There are large quantities of hay lands and the high grounds afford rich pasture which render it admirably adapted for stock-raising.



TREATY No. 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

No. 70

CHIEF "WHITE BEAR"

Scale 100 Chs. to an Inch.

Approved

Hubert Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys.

Ottawa, 24th. Jan. 1889

Surveyed by

William Wagner D.L.S.

November 1877.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 71.

Area, 82.6 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 69.

Name of Chiefs, "Kakesheway" or "Chacachase."

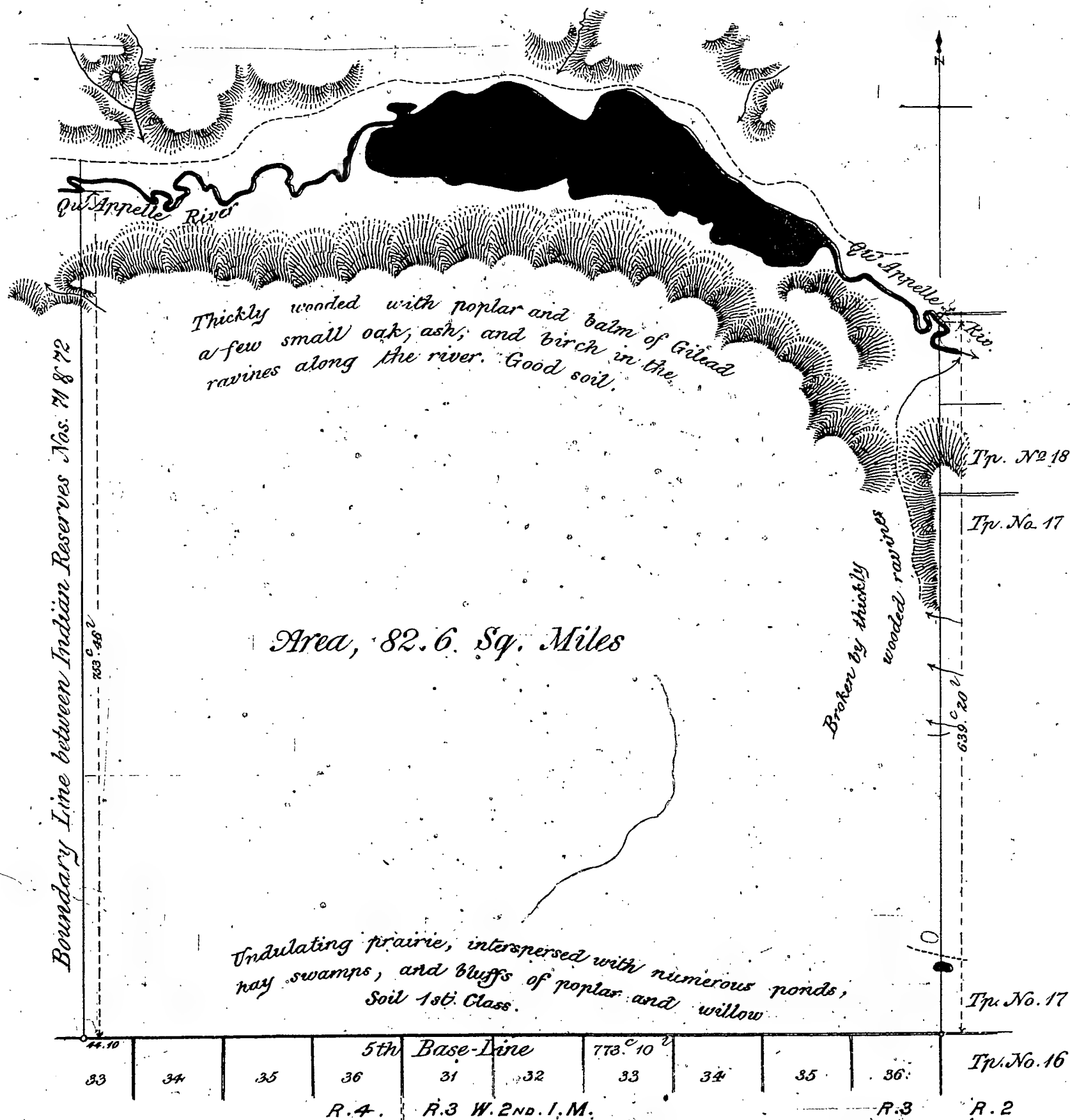
Surveyed in August, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated between the Canadian Pacific Railway and Round Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the south-east corner of section one, township seventeen, range three, west of the second initial meridian, and running north six hundred and thirty-nine chains and twenty links, more or less, to the most northerly point of intersection of the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River, by the eastern boundary of section twelve, township eighteen in the said range; thence north-westerly along the right bank of the said river to Round Lake; thence westerly along the southern shore of the said lake to the inlet of the said Qu'Appelle River; thence westerly along the right bank of the latter to its intersection with a line drawn due north from a point on the fifth base line, forty-four chains and ten links west of the north-east corner of section thirty-three, township sixteen, range four; thence south seven hundred and fifty-three chains and forty-six links, more or less, to a post and mound on the north limit of the road allowance on the said base line, and thence east along the said limit of road allowance, seven hundred and seventy-three chains and ten links, more or less, to a point of beginning, containing an area of eighty-two and six-tenths square miles, more or less.

The southern portion of the reserve is an undulating prairie with numerous ponds, hay swamps and scattering bluffs and poplar and clumps of willow. The northern part slopes gently towards the Qu'Appelle River, and is thickly wooded with poplar and balsam of Gilead. Along the valley of the Qu'Appelle and the eastern boundary, the land is much broken by immense ravines which extend back from the river, and are heavily wooded with poplar, willow, a few oaks, ash and birch. The soil is a rich sandy loam, with some gravelly spots and a few boulders.

The fishing in Round Lake is said to be good.



Approved
John C. Nelson
 In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

TREATY No 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

No 71

At Round Lake

CHIEFS "KAKEESHEWAY"

— and —

CHACACHAS

Scale, 100 Chains to 1 Inch

Surveyed in 1881, by
 John C. Nelson, D.L.S.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 72.

Area 73 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 49.

Name of Chief, "Ka-kee-wis-ta-haw."

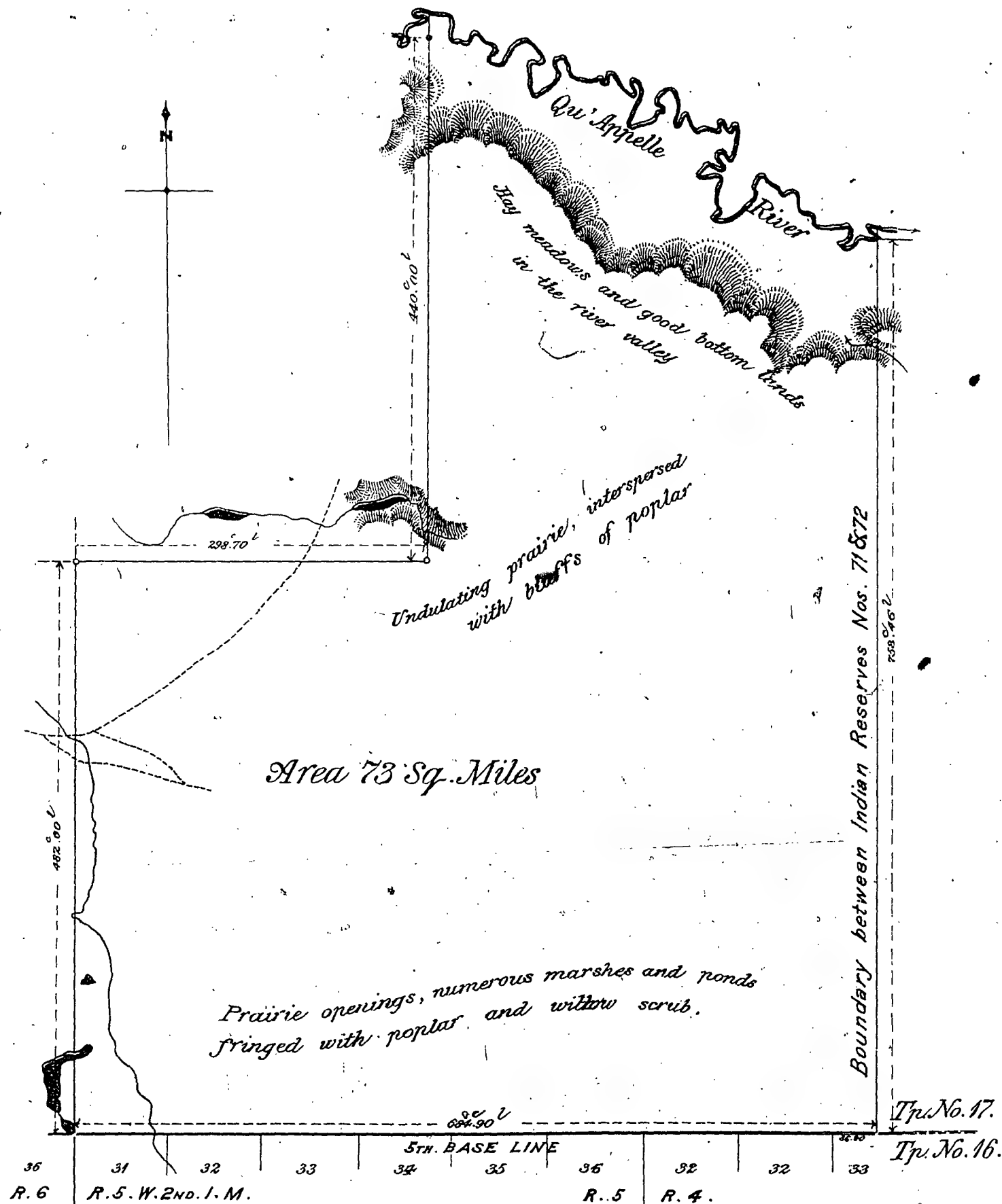
Surveyed in August, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated north of Broadview between the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Qu'Appelle River.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the south-east corner of section one, township seventeen, range six, west of the second initial meridian, and running north four hundred and eighty-two chains, more or less, to a post in mound; thence east two hundred and ninety-eight chains and seventy links, more or less, to a post in mound; thence north four hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River; thence south-easterly along the said bank of the said river to its intersection with a line drawn due north from a point on the fifth base line, forty-four chains, and ten links west of the north-east corner of section thirty-three, township sixteen, range four, west of the said initial meridian; thence south seven hundred and fifty-three chains and forty-six links, more or less, to a post in mound on the northern limit of the road allowance on the said fifth base line; and thence west along the said limit, six hundred and eighty-four chains and ninety links, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of seventy-three square miles, more or less.

The land is undulating prairie of excellent quality interspersed with numerous ponds and grass swamps, and a few scattered bluffs of poplar. The trail to Fort Qu'Appelle crosses the south-west corner. Along the valley of the Qu'Appelle River there are excellent hay meadows and farming lands of superior quality.

A small fishing station---Reserve 72 A. ---has been set aside for this band at the eastern end of Crooked Lake.



TREATY N^o 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE
N^o 72

CHIEF "KAKEEWISTAHAW"

Scale 100 Chains to an Inch

Approved

J. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.L.S.

August, 1881

Indian Reserve No. 72 A.

FISHING GROUNDS

—FOR—

THE BAND OF CHIEF "KA-KEE-WIS-TA-HAW."

— Area 96 acres.

Surveyed by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S., in February, 1884.

The grounds are situated at the east end of Crooked Lake.

They are bounded by a line beginning at the post and mound at the south-east corner of section five, township nineteen, range five, west of the second initial meridian, and running north forty chains, more or less, to a post at the quarter section corner on the east boundary of the said section five, thence west twenty-four chains and fifty links, more or less, along the northern boundary of the south-east quarter of the said section five, to Crooked Lake, thence southerly along its eastern shore to the outlet of the Qu'Appelle River; thence north-easterly along the left bank of said river to a post due south of the point of beginning, and thence north five chains, more or less, to the said point of beginning, containing an area of ninety-six acres, more or less.

The land is broken by *coulées* and is hardly fit for cultivation. There is a sufficient supply of firewood for camping purposes.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
TREATY N^o 8, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o. 77A

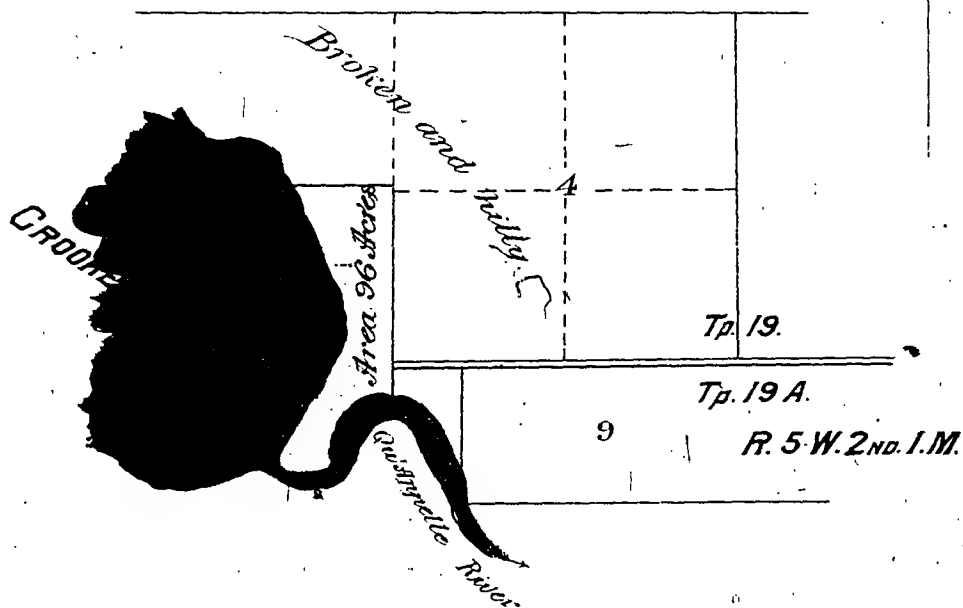
Fishing Ground.

at

CROOKED LAKE

CHIEF "KAKEEWISTAHAW"

Scale 40 Chs. to 1 Inch.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

Surveyed by
John C. Nelson, D.L.S.
1881.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 73.

Area 78 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 70.

Name of Chief, "Cowessess."

Surveyed in August, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated south of the Qu'Appelle River, between the Canadian Pacific Railway and Crooked Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the south-east corner of section one, township seventeen, range six, west of the second initial meridian, and running north four hundred and eighty-two chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east two hundred and ninety-eight chains and seventy links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north four hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River; thence north-westerly along the said bank of the said river to Crooked Lake; and thence westerly along the southern shore of the said lake to a post thereon four hundred and ninety-eight chains and forty-three links, more or less, due west of the meridian of the last mentioned boundary running north; thence south six hundred and two chains and twelve links, more or less, to post and mound on the southern limit of the road allowance between township seventeen and eighteen, range six; thence west along said limit two hundred and eighty-two chains and forty-seven links, more or less, to the north-west corner of section thirty-one, township seventeen, range six; thence south four hundred and two chains, more or less, to the north-west corner of section six, in the said township; thence east two hundred and forty-one chains and ninety-four links, more or less, to the north-west corner of section three; thence south eighty chains, more or less, to the south-west corner of said section three; and thence east two hundred and forty-two chains, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of seventy-eight square miles, more or less.

This reserve is well watered by "Ecapo" or Weed Creek, which flows through an immense wooded ravine and empties into the Qu'Appelle River. Along the creek it is heavily wooded with poplar, balsam

INDIAN RESERVE

CHIEF "COWESSES"

Great 78 Sq. Miles.



Myrtilax

James G. Muldore

*In Whymen Indian Reserve District
between 1887 and 1889*

Submitted by

John. C. Adams 11/6/51

of Gilead and some elm. The south-western part is undulating prairie with clumps of willow and poplar. The soil throughout is of choice quality. There are several mill sites on Weed Creek.

This reserve was originally allotted to the band of Chief "O'Soup," and contained an area of sixty-three square miles, which was considered sufficient to meet the requirements of the band at that time. An extension of fifteen square miles was subsequently added by special order of the Department, as it was thought "Cowessess" would bring many Indians with him from the plains, when he assumed the chieftainship.

TREATY N° 4 N.W.T.

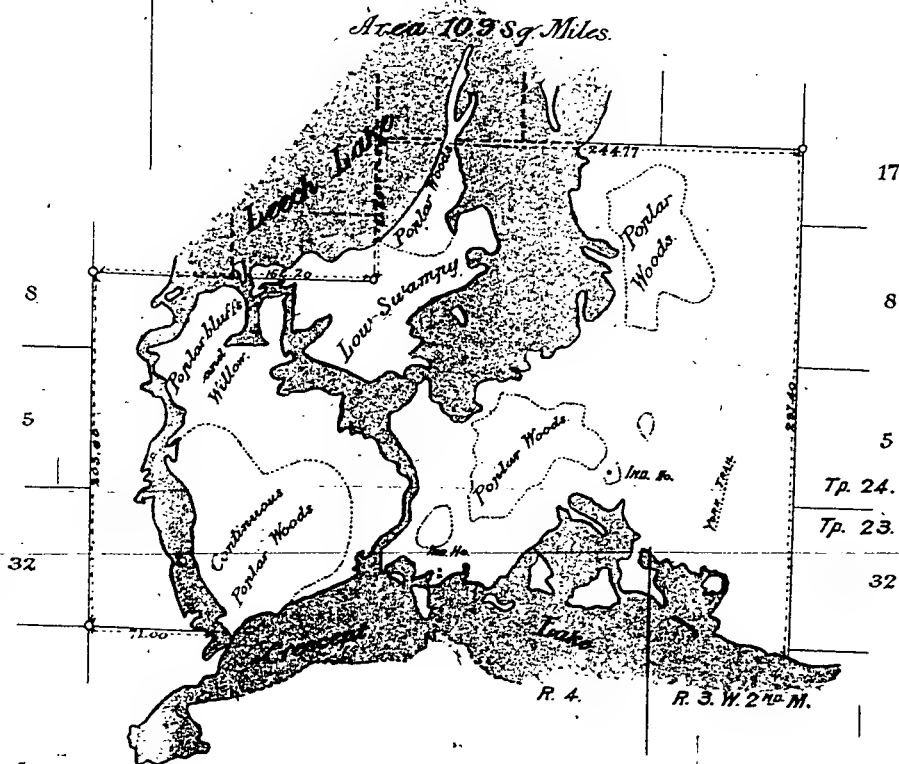
INDIAN RESERVE

N° 73^A

CHIEF 'LITTLE BONE'

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 Inch.

Area 10.9 Sq. Miles.



Approved

J.C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa, January 23rd 1889

Surveyed by

J.C. Nelson D.L.S.

January 1884

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 73 A.

Area 10.9 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 10.

Name of Chief, "The Little Bone."

Surveyed in 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at Leech Lake, near Crescent City.

It comprises section thirty-one, township twenty-three, range three, sections six, seven, and the south half of section eighteen, in township twenty-four, range three; sections one, two, three, four, eleven, twelve and the south halves of sections nine, ten, thirteen and fourteen in township twenty-four, range four, and those parts of sections thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, in township twenty-three, range four, lying north of Crescent Lake, and all the islands in Crescent Lake lying in said sections thirty-five and thirty-six, township twenty-three, range four, all the above ranges west of the second initial meridian; containing an area of ten and nine-tenths square miles, more or less.

The soil is of good quality and highly suitable for producing crops, but the greater part of the reserve is very low and swampy. There are large quantities of valuable poplar timber.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

 IN AN RESERVE NO. 74.

Area, 33.88 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 32.

Name of Chief "Sakimay" (Mosquito).

Surveyed in August, 1881, and February, 1884, by J. C. Nelson,
D.L.S.

This reserve is situated south of the Qu'Appelle River and of the western end of Crooked Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the north-west corner of section thirty-one, township seventeen, range six, west of the second initial meridian, and running north four hundred and eighty-four chains, more or less, to a post on the northern limit of the road allowance on the fifth correction line; thence west along said limit twenty-one chains and fifty-five links, more or less, to the south-west corner of section six, township nineteen A, in said range; thence north one hundred and twelve chains and thirty-three links, more or less, to a post on the northern limit of the road allowance on the old fifth correction line; thence west twenty chains and fourteen links, more or less, to the south-west corner of section six, township nineteen, in said range; thence north two hundred and fifty-five chains and fifty-six links, more or less, along the western boundaries of sections six, seven, eighteen and nineteen to the intersection of the said boundary of the said section nineteen with the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River; thence south-easterly along the said bank of the said river to Crooked Lake; thence south-easterly one hundred and fifty chains, more or less, along the southern shores of the said lake, to a post at the north-west corner of Indian Reserve number seventy-three, for the band of Chief "Cowessess"; thence south along the western boundary of said reserve, a distance of six hundred and two chains and twelve links, more or less, to a post and mound on the southern limit of the road allowance between townships seventeen and eighteen, range six, and thence west two hundred and eighty-two chains and forty-seven links, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of thirty-three and nine-tenths square miles, more or less.

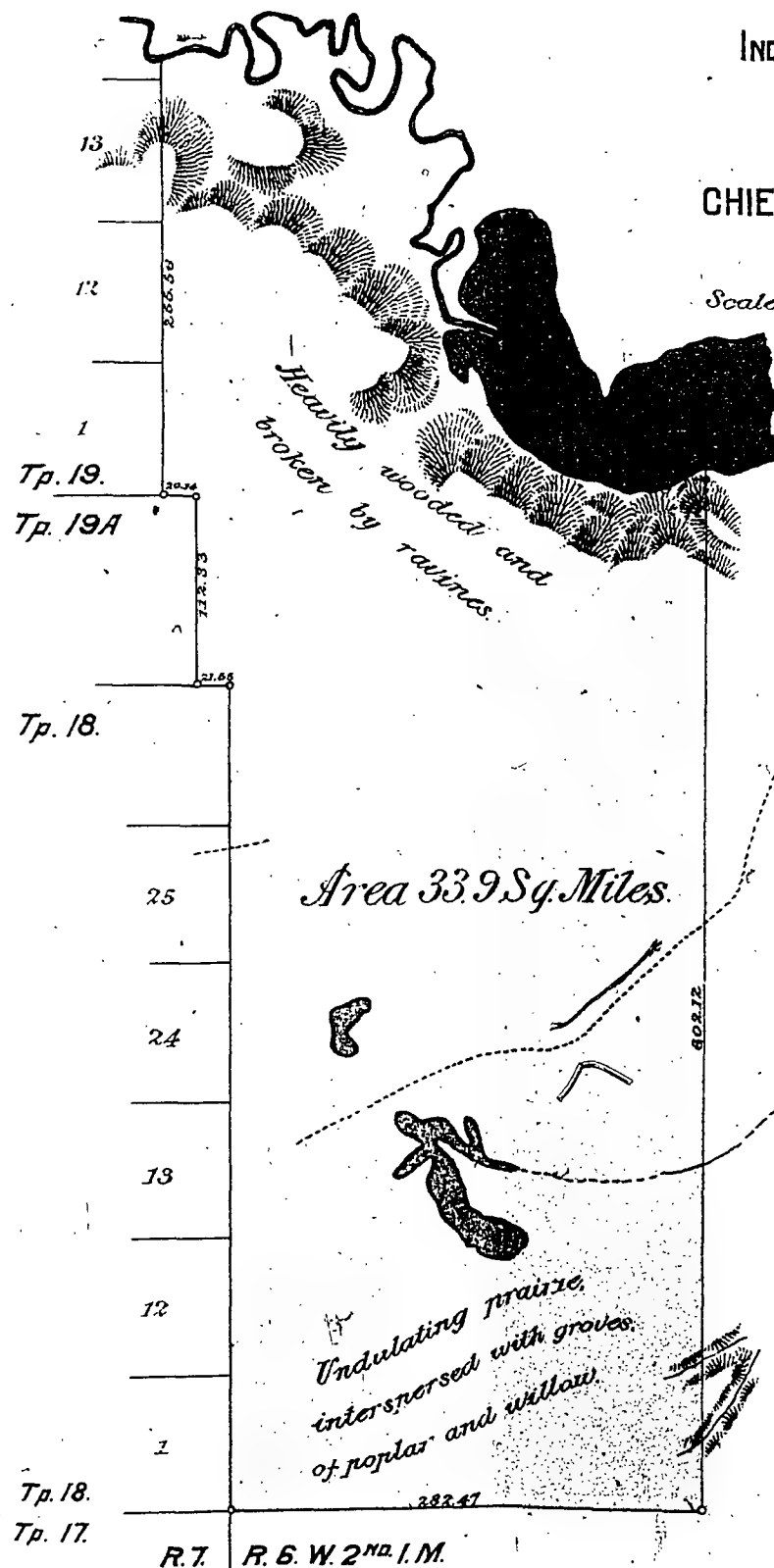
TREATY N^o 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 74

CHIEF "SAKIMAY"

Scale 100 Chs. to Inch



Reserve of Chief "Couteless"

Approved

J. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Surveyed by
J. C. Nelson, D. L. S.
1881 & 1884.

The reserve is undulating prairie interspersed with groves of poplar and clumps of willow, with the exception of the part along the Qu'Appelle Valley which is broken by ravines and heavily wooded with poplar and balsam of Gilead. Ponds frequently occur throughout the prairie portion. The land is of the choicest quality.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 74 A.

Area, 5.6 square miles.

Name of Chief, "Sheesheep."

(Part of "Sakimay's" Band No. 74 .

Surveyed in February, 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the left bank of the Qu'Appelle River at the west end of Crooked Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning on the northern shore of Crooked Lake at its intersection with the eastern boundary of section eleven, township nineteen, range six, west of the second initial meridian, and running north one hundred and twenty-six chains, more or less, to the north-east corner of section fourteen in said township; thence west two hundred and forty-nine chains, more or less, to the left bank of the Qu'Appelle River; thence southerly along the said river to Crooked Lake, and thence easterly along the northern shore of the said lake to the point of beginning, containing an area of five and six-tenths square miles, more or less.

This reserve is greatly cut up with *coulées* in which there is a considerable supply of poplar and maple. Along the Qu'Appelle River the land is swampy. On the high prairie the soil is a very good black loam with some boulders on the surface.

NOTE.—The above reserve as originally surveyed in February, 1884, contained an area of two and a half square miles. In 1889, section fourteen and fractional sections ten, eleven and fifteen were added.

TREATY N^o4, N.W.T.

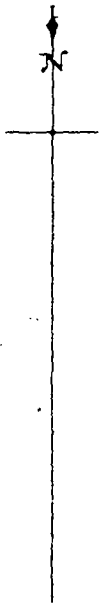
INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 74 A

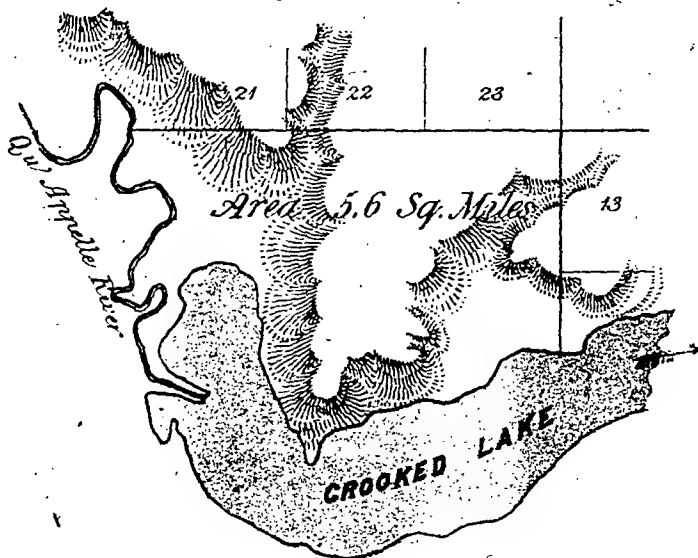
At Crooked Lake

"SHEESHEEP'S" BAND

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 Inch



Tp. No. 19, R. 6 W. 2nd. I.M.



Approved

J. C. Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd. Jan. 1889

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.E.S.

in 1884

Note:- In 1889, sec. 14, fractional secs. 10
11 & 15 were added to the above reserve

TREATY N°4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

Nº. 75

CHIEF "PI-A-POT'S" BAND

Scale 100 Chs. to Inch.

Area 53.98 Sq. Miles.

Undulating prairie of good soil with
clumps of poplar and scrub.

Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

Survived by

John C. Nelson. D.L.S.

June 1885.

Treaty No. 4

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 75.

Area, 54 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 65.

Name of Chief, "Pie-a-pot."

Surveyed in June, 1885, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve comprises township twenty, in range eighteen, and that part of township twenty-one lying south of Qu'Appelle River in range eighteen, west of the second initial meridian, containing an area of fifty-four square miles, more or less.

The soil is generally a clay or sandy loam of first class quality. There is but little timber on the high land fit for any useful purpose but firewood. But in the *coulees* opening into the valley of the Qu'Appelle some good bluffs of poplar timber occur. The bottom lands contain extensive hay meadows of the choicest quality.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 76.

Area, 73.2 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 65.

Name of Chief, "Jack" or "The Man-who-took-the-coat."

Surveyed in June, 1885, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about ten miles south-east of Indian Head.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the post and mound on the fifth base line, at the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township sixteen, range eleven, west of the second initial meridian, and running west along said base line, seven hundred and twenty-eight chains, more or less, to the north-west corner of section thirty-four, township sixteen, range twelve; thence south six hundred and forty-three chains, more or less, to a post in mound; thence east seven hundred and twenty-eight chains, more or less, to a post and mound on the eastern boundary of section twenty-five, township fifteen, range eleven, and thence north six hundred and forty-three chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of seventy-three and two-tenths square miles, more or less.

The north-eastern half of this reserve is partially wooded with poplar and willows, much of which, however, has been killed by fire. The soil is a black sandy loam, with some gravel and a few boulders on the surface. The south-western half is principally a high open undulating prairie, with some shallow ponds, and a soil of sandy clay loam, mixed with considerable gravel towards the south-west corner. The pasturage throughout is excellent.

TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°76

CHIEF THE MAN WHO TOOK THE COAT

Indian Head-Hills.

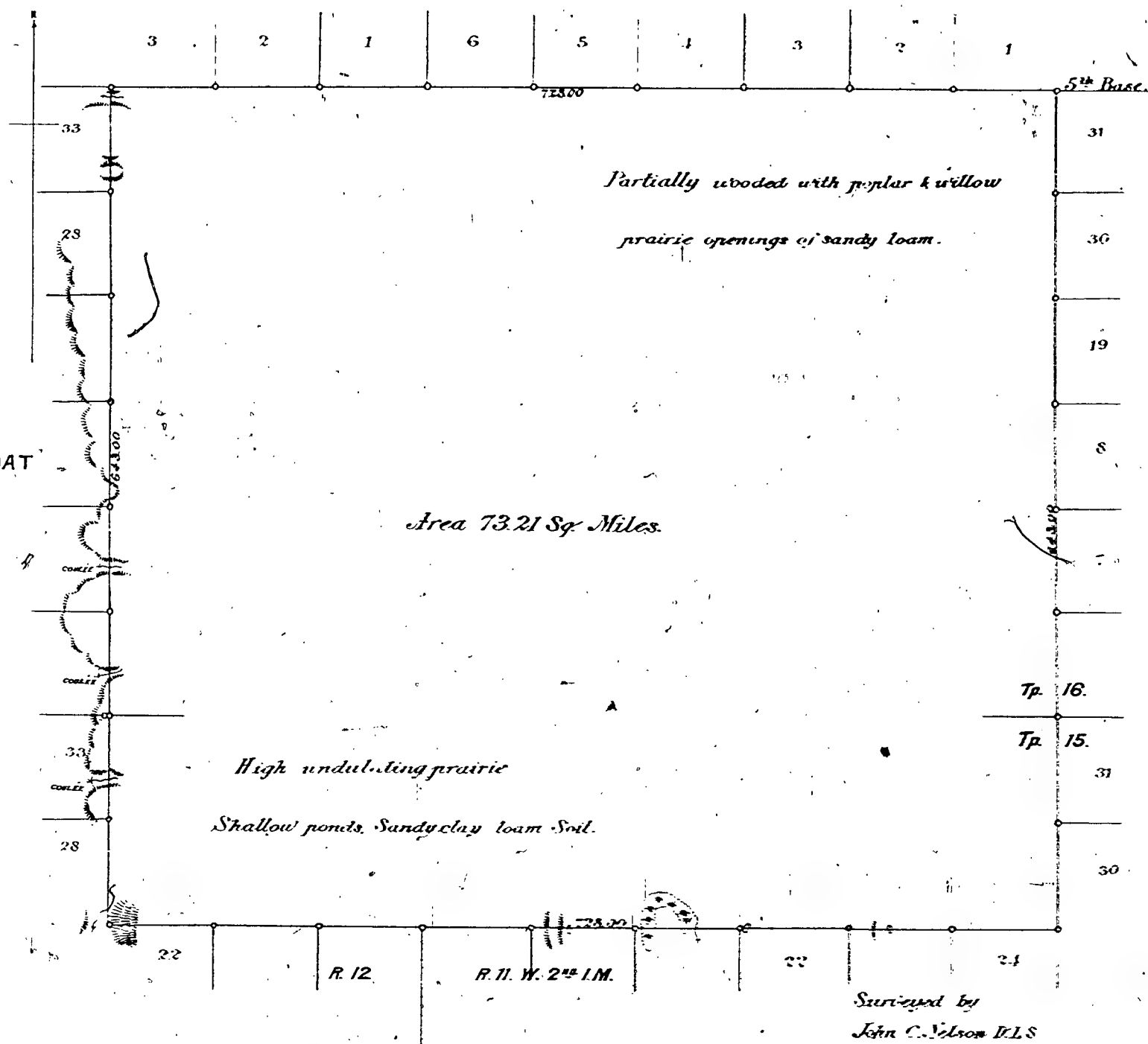
Scale 100 Chs to 1 Inch.

Approved by

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889



Surveyed by

John C. Nelson D.L.S.

June 1885

TREATY N^o 4 N.W.T.

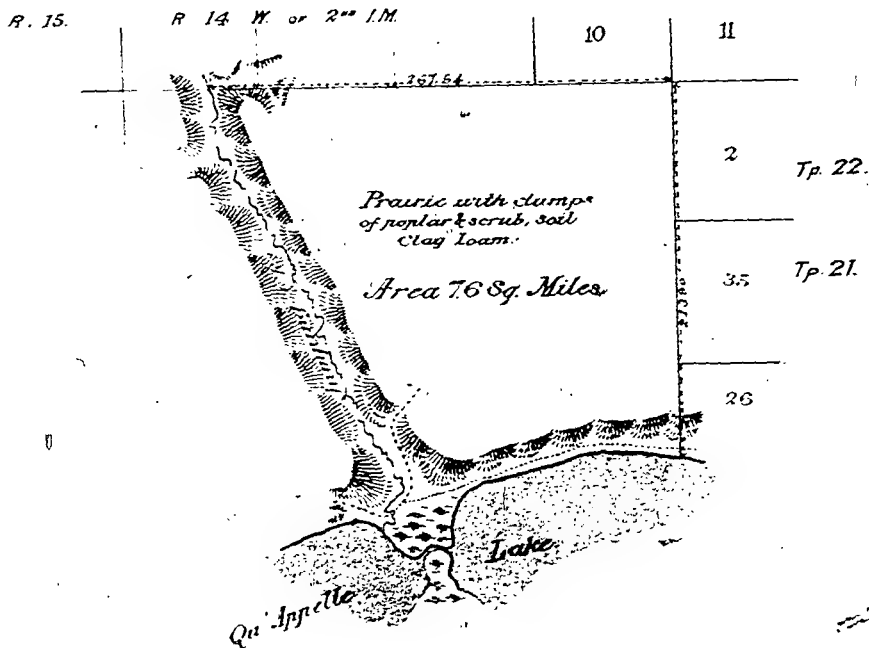
INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 78

— At Jumping Creek —

CHIEF STANDING BUFFALO

Scale 100 chs. to in.



Approved by

J. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Minwa 23rd Jan 1889

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.L.S.

November 1887

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 78.

Area, 7.6 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 50.

Name of Chief, "Standing Buffalo" (Sioux).

Surveyed in November, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the north side of the Qu'Appelle or Fishing Lakes on the east side of Jumping Creek, about four miles from Fort Qu'Appelle.

It is bounded by a line beginning on the northern shore of Fishing Lake at its intersection with the eastern boundary of section twenty-seven, township twenty-one, range fourteen, west of the second initial meridian ; and thence running north two hundred and thirteen chains and ninety links, more or less, to a post and mound one chain due south of the north-east corner of section three, township twenty-two, range fourteen ; thence west two hundred and sixty-seven chains and fifty-four links, more or less, to a post on the left bank of Jumping Creek ; thence south-easterly along the said bank of the said creek to the Qu'Appelle or Fishing Lakes ; and thence easterly along the northern shore of the Fishing Lakes and the narrows connecting them to the point of beginning ; containing an area of seven and six-tenths square miles, more or less.

This reserve has a remarkably beautiful situation. The soil is a clay loam of first class quality, and there is an abundance of poplar timber, chiefly of small size. Hay is scarce. Along Jumping Creek there is a strip of land much broken by *coulées*.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 79.

Area, 60.2 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 79.

Name of chief, "Pasquaw."

Surveyed in 1876, by Wm. Wagner, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River, about six miles west of Fort Qu'Appelle.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post in mound seventy-seven chains and sixty links, more or less, north, and eight chains and forty links, more or less, west of the south-east corner of section two, township twenty, range sixteen, west of the second initial meridian, and running east six hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to a post and mound, seventy chains, more or less, north, and six chains and thirty links, more or less, east, of the south-east corner of section six, township twenty, range fourteen; thence north six hundred and sixty-three chains, more or less, to the southern shore of Upper Fishing Lake; thence westerly along the said shore to the inlet of the Qu'Appelle River; thence westerly along the right bank of the latter to its intersection with the boundary line between the above reserve of Chief "Pasquaw" and that of Chief "Muscowpeetung," said intersection being ten chains, more or less, south, and eight chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, west of the south-east corner of section twenty-three, township twenty-one, range sixteen; and thence south six hundred and thirty-four chains, more or less, along the said line to the point of beginning, containing an area of sixty and two-tenths square miles, more or less.

The soil in this reserve is a clay loam of first quality. The surface is level and undulating and partially wooded with poplar and willow. Fish and wild-fowl abound in the lake and swamp in the valley of the Qu'Appelle.

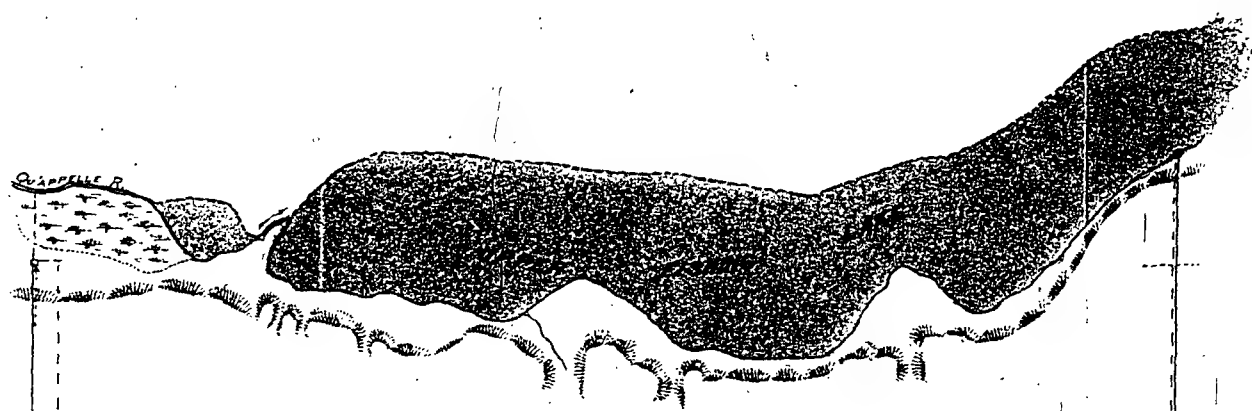
TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 79

CHIEF "PASQUAW"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch



Fine rolling prairie, north half covered with small poplar bluffs

Area 60.15 Sq. Miles.

MUSCOW PEE TUNG N° 80.

TRAIL

22 23
15 14

2

1

Tp. 20.

6

5

R. 16.

R. 15. W. 2ND. 1. M.

R. 15.

R. 14.

Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23RD Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

William Wagner D.L.S.

October 1876.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 80.

Area 58.8 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 44.

Name of Chief, "Muscowpeetung."

Surveyed in November, 1881, and May, 1882, by J. C. Nelson,
D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River, adjacent to and west of "Pasquaw's" reserve.

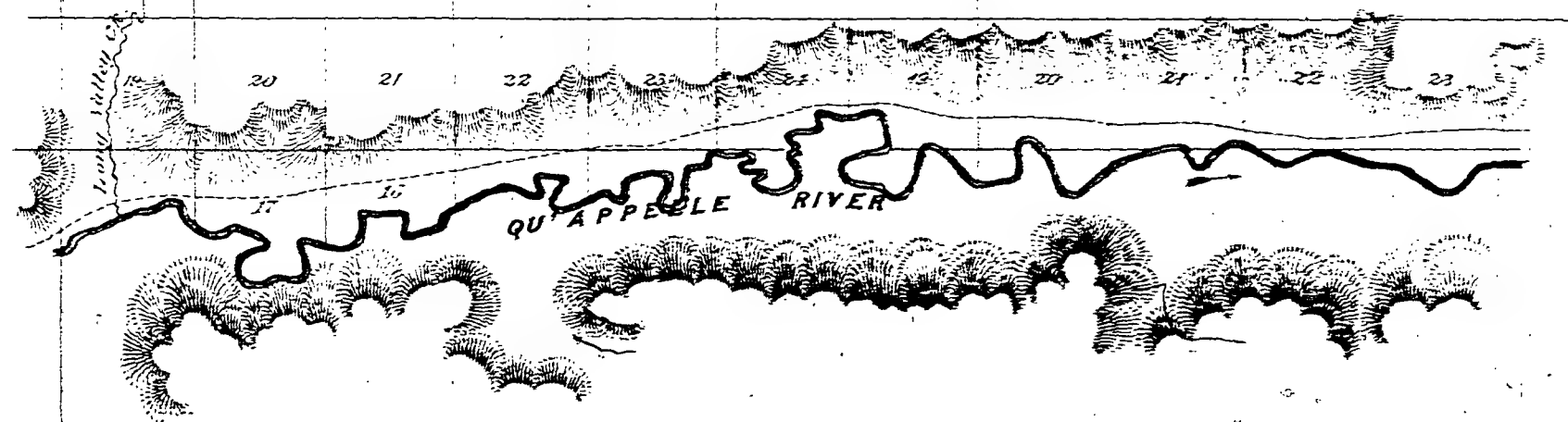
It is bounded by a line beginning on the right bank of the Qu'Appelle River at its intersection with the western boundary of section eighteen, township twenty-one, range seventeen, west of the second initial meridian, and running south three hundred and ninety chains and thirteen links, more or less, to a post; thence east eight hundred and eighty-five chains and forty-five links, more or less, to a post on the western boundary of Indian Reserve number seventy-nine for the band of Chief "Pasquaw;" thence north four hundred and thirty-six chains and sixty links, more or less, along said boundary of said reserve to the right bank of said river, and thence westerly along the said bank to the point of beginning; containing an area of fifty-eight and eight-tenths square miles more or less.

The soil of this reserve is nearly all first class. It is partially wooded with groves of small poplar and clumps of willows, and in the gullies leading to the Qu'Appelle Valley there is a small supply of fit poplar for building and fencing purposes. A few white birch, and maples occur in the gullies. The elevated parts of the rich alluvial bottom lands along the river, afford valuable quantities of hay.

PI-A-POT'S RESERVE

Tr. No. 21

Tr. No. 20



Area 59.5 Miles.

Tr. No. 21

Tr. No. 20

PASQUAN'S RESERVE

Approved

Wm. C. Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 6th. Feb. 1889.

TREATY NO. 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

NO. 8

CHIEF "MUSCOMPETUNG"

Scale 100 Feet = 1 Inch

Surveyed by

J. C. Velez, D. L. S.

Sept. 1881 to Jan. 1882

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 80 A.

Area 5.2 square miles.

Surveyed in June, 1885, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the Little Arm River, on the south side of Long or Last Mountain Lake.

It was set aside as a Fishing Station for the use of the Touchwood Hills and Qu'Appelle Valley Indians, and comprises fractional sections seventeen and eighteen, the north half of section sixteen, the south half of fractional section twenty-one, the south-west quarter of fractional section nineteen and the south-east quarter of fractional section twenty and twenty-one, range twenty-two, west of the second principal meridian, containing an area of two and two-tenths square miles, more or less.

The land along the lake is broken and rocky. There is good grazing and a sufficient supply of firewood in the *coulées* for camping purposes. White-fish and jack-fish abound, but the former variety is said to be getting scarce.

TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 80^A

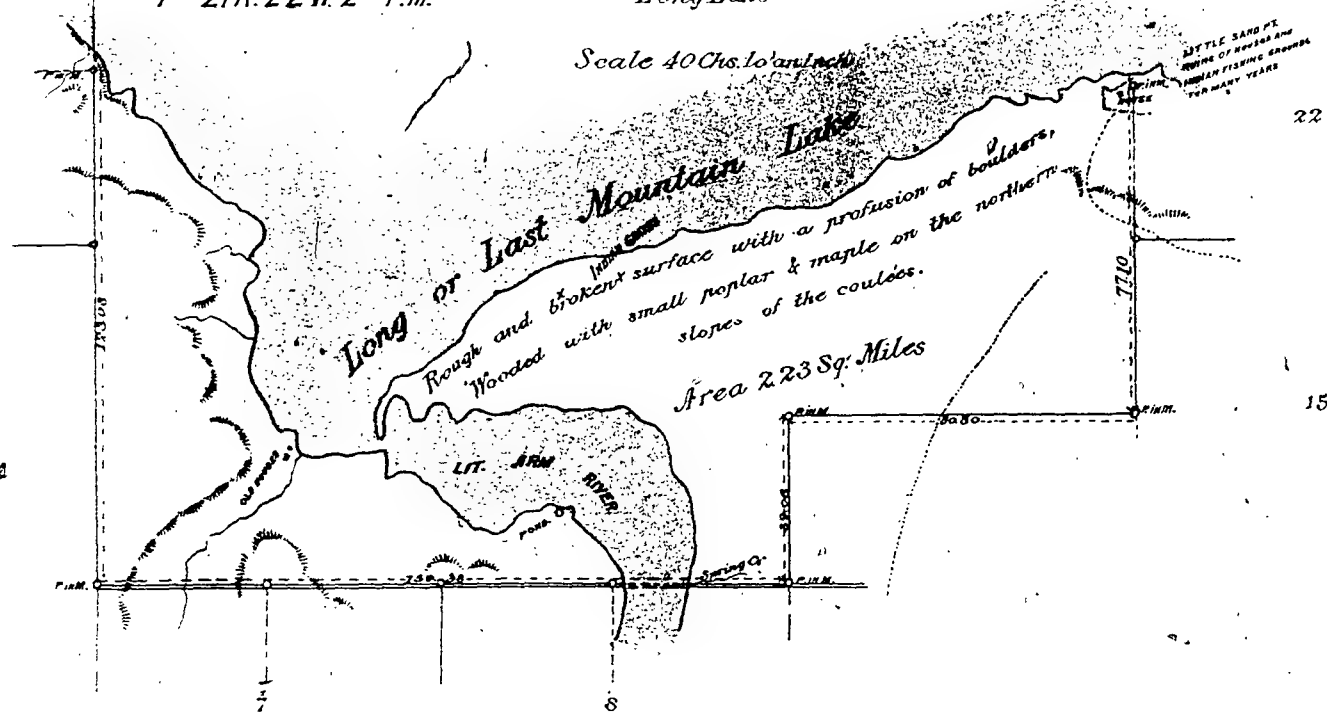
(FISHING GROUND)

at

Long Lake

T^P 21 R. 22 W. 2ND 1. M.

Scale 40 Chs. to an Inch



Approved

J.C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Calcutta, January 23rd 1889

Surveyed by

J.C. Nelson D.L.S.

June 1885.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 80 B.

Area, 463 acres.

Surveyed in 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the northern side of the Qu'Appelle River. It was set aside as "Hay Grounds" for the use of the Indians of the bands of Chief "Muscowpeetung" and others.

It comprises those portions of sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, in township twenty-one, range sixteen, west of the second initial meridian, and that portion of the easterly half of the north-east quarter of section thirteen, in township twenty-one, range seventeen, west of the said meridian, situated on the left bank of the Qu'Appelle River; containing an area of four hundred and sixty-three acres, more or less.

These hay lands are of the best quality.

TREATY N^o 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 80_B.

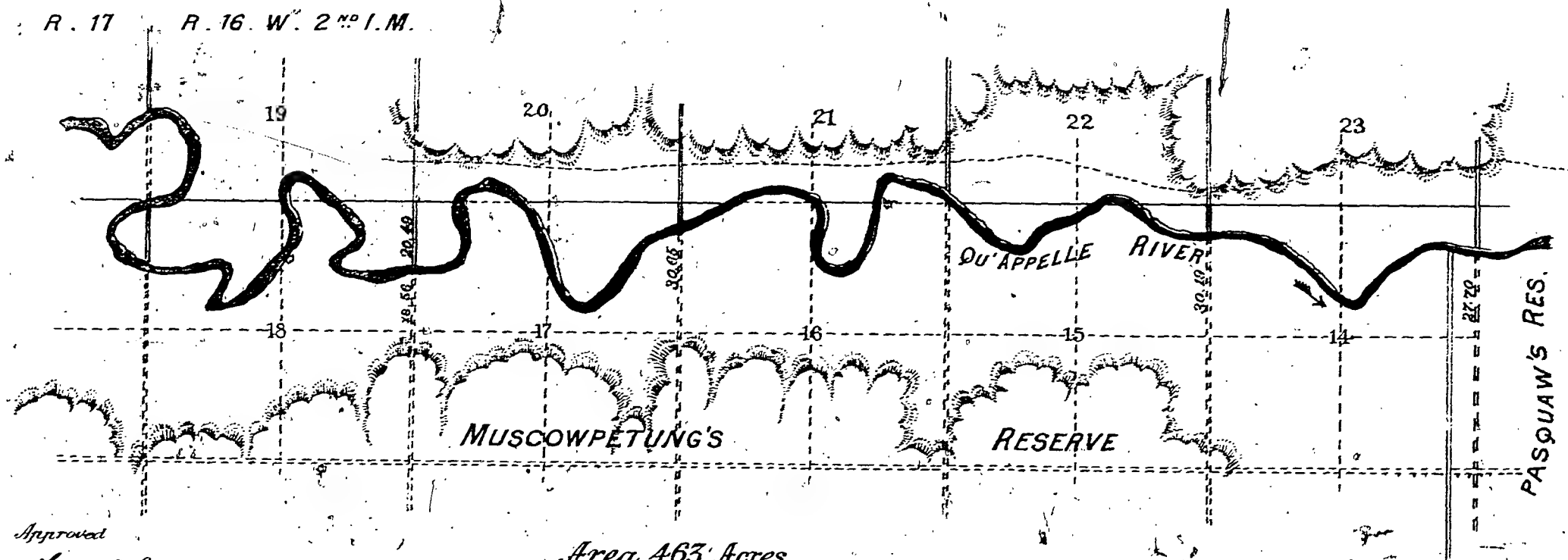
(Hay-Lands for the Bands of Muscowpetung & Others.)

IN QU'APPELLE VALLEY.

Scale 40 Chs. to an inch.

Twp. No. 21

R. 17 R. 16. W. 2nd 1. M.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

Area 463 Acres.

Surveyed by
John C. Nelson, D.I.S.
Nov. 1881

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 81.

Area, 41.6 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 31.

Name of Chief, "Pee-pe-ke-sis."

Survey commenced in 1880, by A. P. Patrick, D. L. S., and completed in 1887, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at the south end of the File Hills, about eighteen miles north-east of Fort Qu'Appelle.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound sixty-five chains and sixty-two links, more or less, west of the south-east corner of section thirty-three, township twenty-one, range eleven, ~~west of~~ the second initial meridian, and running east seven hundred and sixteen chains and sixty-six links, more or less, to the south-east corner of section thirty-five, township twenty-one, range ten; thence north three hundred and seventy chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post, on the eastern boundary of section twenty-three, township twenty-two; thence west seven hundred and twenty-one chains and twenty-one links, more or less, to the post and mound at the south-west corner of Indian Reserve number eighty-two of the band of Chief "Okanesse;" and thence south three hundred and seventy chains and fifty links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of forty-one and six-tenths square miles, more or less.

The southern part is undulating prairie of rich black sandy loam with bluffs of poplar and willow. The north-eastern ~~part~~ is rolling and broken by the File Hills, and partially wooded with poplar and willow. There are numerous lakes and small creeks.

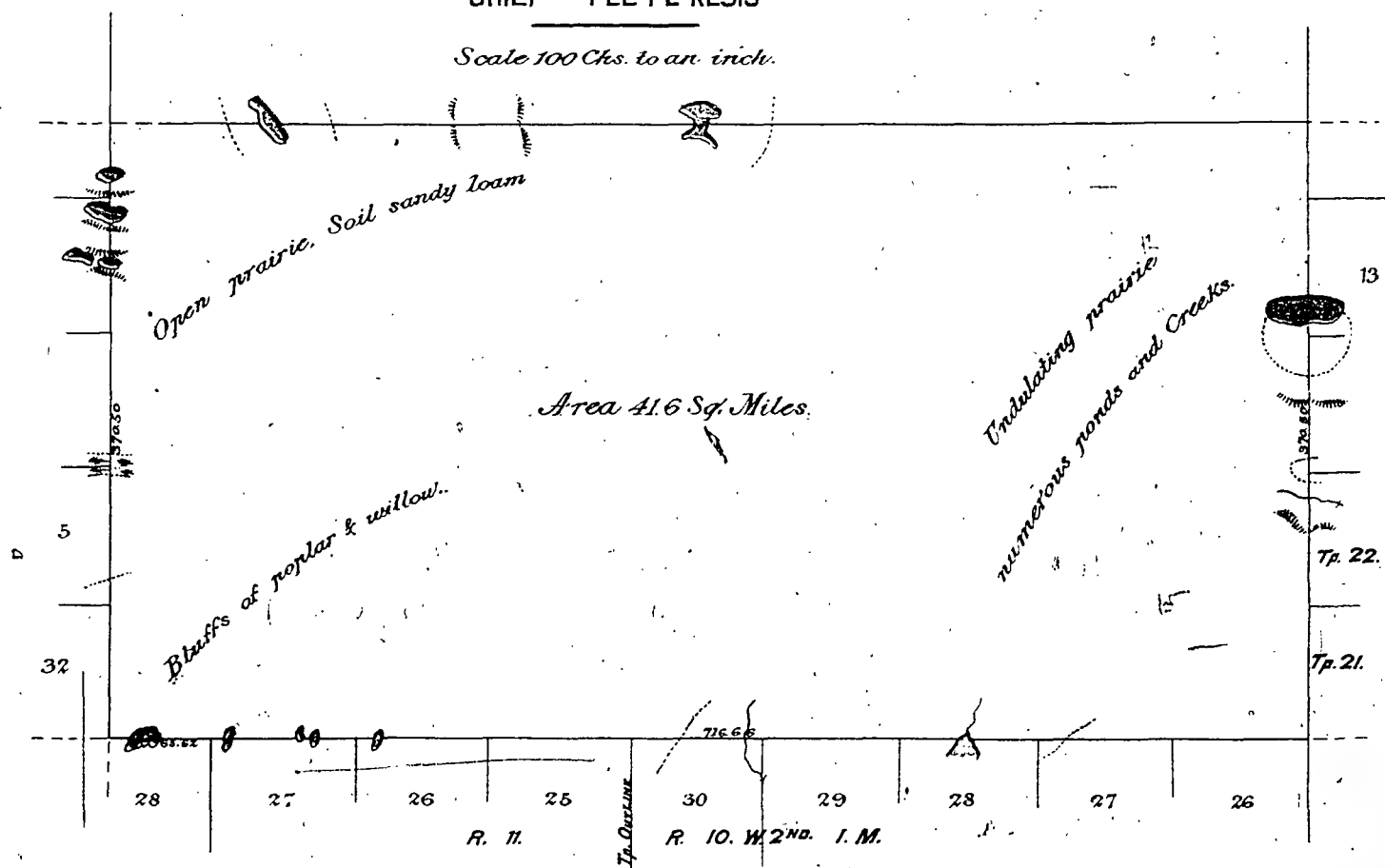
TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 81

CHIEF "PEE-PE-KESIS"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889

Surveyed by

A. P. Patrick D.L.S.

1880

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 82.

Area, 22.36 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 21.

Name of Chief, "Okanesse."

Surveyed in 1880, by A. P. Patrick, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the File Hills, eighteen miles from Fort Qu'Appelle on the trail to Fort Pelly.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the north-east corner of section thirty-five, township twenty-two, range ten, west of the second initial meridian, and running west seven hundred and twenty chains and sixty-seven links, more or less, along the southern limit of the road allowance between townships twenty-two and twenty-three, to a post and mound on the six correction line, fifteen chains and seventy-nine links, more or less, east of the north-east corner of section thirty-two, township twenty-two, range eleven; thence south one hundred and ninety-eight chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post and mound, at the north-west corner of Indian Reserve number eighty-one; thence east seven hundred and twenty-one chains and twenty-one links, more or less, to a post on the eastern boundary of section twenty-three in the first mentioned township and range; and thence north one hundred and ninety-eight chains and fifty links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-two and four-tenths square miles, more or less.

The surface is undulating and broken by ponds, lakes and hay swamps, it is well wooded with poplar and balsam of Gilead. The soil is a rich sandy loam.

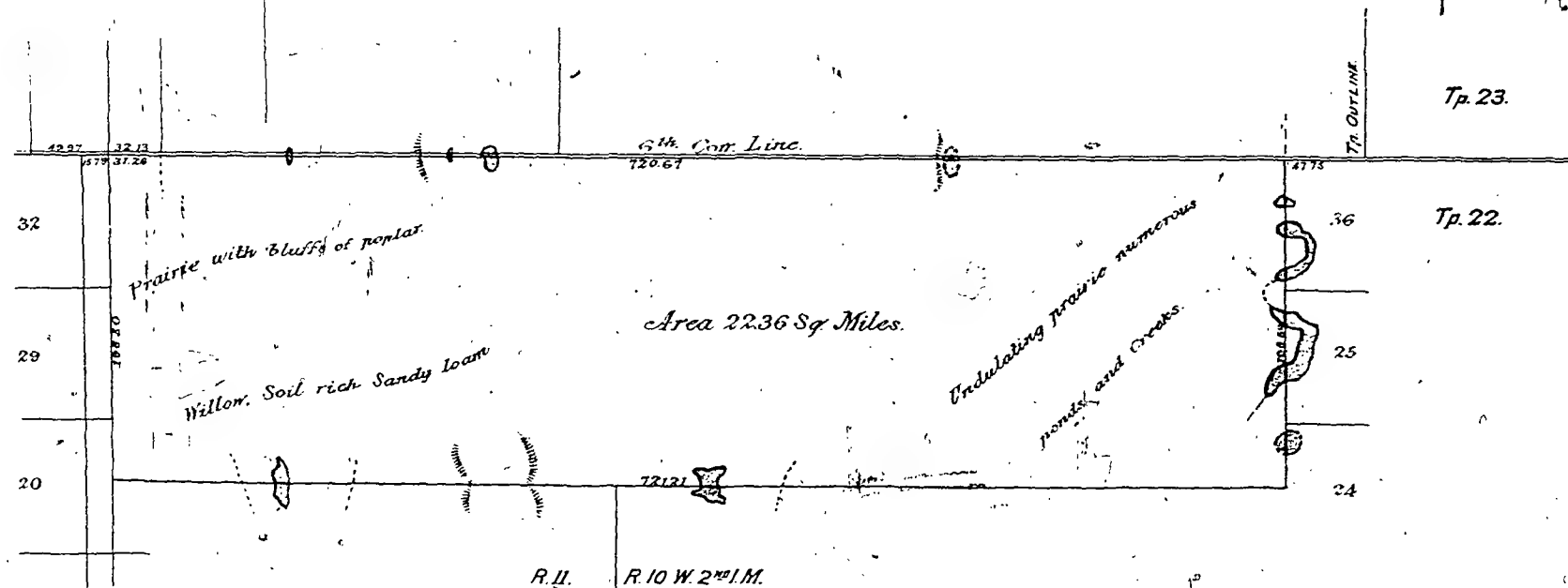
TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 82

CHIEF "OKANESSE"

Scale 100 Chs to inch



Approved

Wm. B. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889.

Surveyed by
A. P. Patrick D.L.S.
1880.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 83.

Area, 21.5 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 23.

Name of Chief, "Star Blanket."

Surveyed in 1880, by A. P. Patrick, D. L. S.

This reserve is situated in the File Hills, about eighteen miles north-east of Fort Qu'Appelle.

It is bounded by a line, beginning at the south-east corner of section one, township twenty-three, range ten, west of the second initial meridian; thence running north one hundred and seventy-nine chains and fifty-six links more or less, to the post and mound on the eastern boundary of section thirteen, in said township, marking the south-east corner of the reserve of Chief "Little Black Bear;" thence west along the southern boundary of said reserve of Chief "Little Black Bear" seven hundred and sixty-seven chains and twenty-three links more or less, to the post at the south-west corner thereof; thence south one hundred and seventy-nine chains and fifty-six links, more or less, to a post on the northern limit of the road allowance on the sixth correction line; and thence along the said limit, seven hundred and sixty-eight chains and forty-two links, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of twenty-one and a half square miles, more or less.

The surface of the country is undulating and partially wooded with poplar, scrub and balsam of Gilead. Lakes and hay swamps are numerous. The soil is generally a black sandy loam of good quality. The File Hills extend in a north-westerly direction across this reserve.

TREATY N^o 4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 83

CHIEF STAR BLANKET

Section 33, Act of 1871

R. I. F. 10 N. 2nd W. M.

Area 21 & 22 Miles

Tr 23

Tr 22

Approved

Wm. H. H. H.

In charge, Indian Reservation

March 23rd 1893

Received by

J. P. H. H. H.

Tr 21

Nº 84

CHIEF 'LITTLE BLACK BEAR'

Scale 100 Chs. to Inch.

R. II.

R. IO. W. 2ND. I. M.

Тр. 24.

Tr. 23.

Area 46.5 Sq. Miles.

Prairie with bluffs of poplar and willow.

Open undulating prairie Soil sandy loam

Approved

Edw. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd. Jan 1889.

Surveyed by

A.P. Patrick D.L.S.

1880.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 84.

Area, 46.5 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 29.

Name of Chief, "Little Black Bear."

Survey commenced in 1880 by A. P. Patrick, D.L.S., and completed in March, 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the File Hills, about nineteen miles north-east of Fort Qu'Appelle.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the north-east corner of section one, township twenty-four, range ten, west of the second initial meridian, and running west seven hundred and sixty one chains and seventy-five links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south three hundred and eighty-nine chains and forty-four links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east seven hundred and sixty-seven chains and twenty-three links, more or less, to a post on the eastern boundary of section thirteen, township twenty-three, range ten; and thence north three hundred and eighty-nine chains and forty-four links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of forty-six and a half square miles, more or less.

The surface is undulating, and parts are heavily timbered with poplar and balsam of Gilead. Swamps, ponds and lakes are numerous. The land generally is a rich black loam, but much of it is broken by ponds and hay swamps; these, however, are of less frequent occurrence on the eastern side of File Hills, which extend in a north-easterly direction across the reserve.

Treaty No. 4.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 85.

Area, 36 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 45.

Name of Chief "Nuskow-ekwun."

Surveyed in March, 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at Little Touchwood Hills.

It comprises sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen and twenty-four, in township twenty-seven, range fifteen, and sections four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, in township twenty-seven, range fourteen, also fractional section one, sections ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, in township twenty-seven, range sixteen, all west of the second initial meridian; comprising an area of thirty-six square miles, more or less.

The soil is of fair quality. There are considerable tracts of broken, swampy land, yielding large quantities of hay. The timber on the north-west end of the reserve is of large size and superior quality, and if not destroyed by fire may ultimately prove valuable.

TREATY N°4 N.W.T.

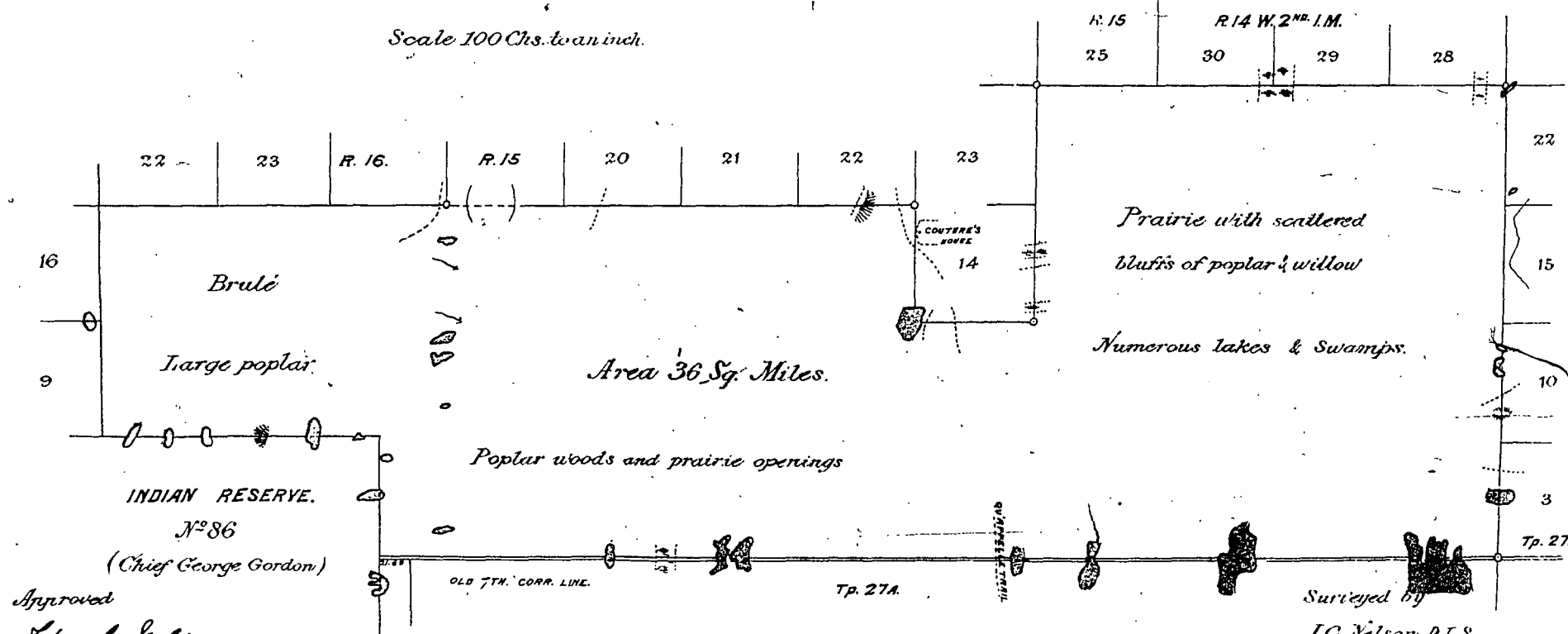
INDIAN RESERVE

N° 85

At Little Touchwood Hills

CHIEF "MUSKOWEKWUN"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



Approved
J.C. Nelson
 In charge Indian Reserve Surveys
 Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

TREATY N°6 N.W.T.

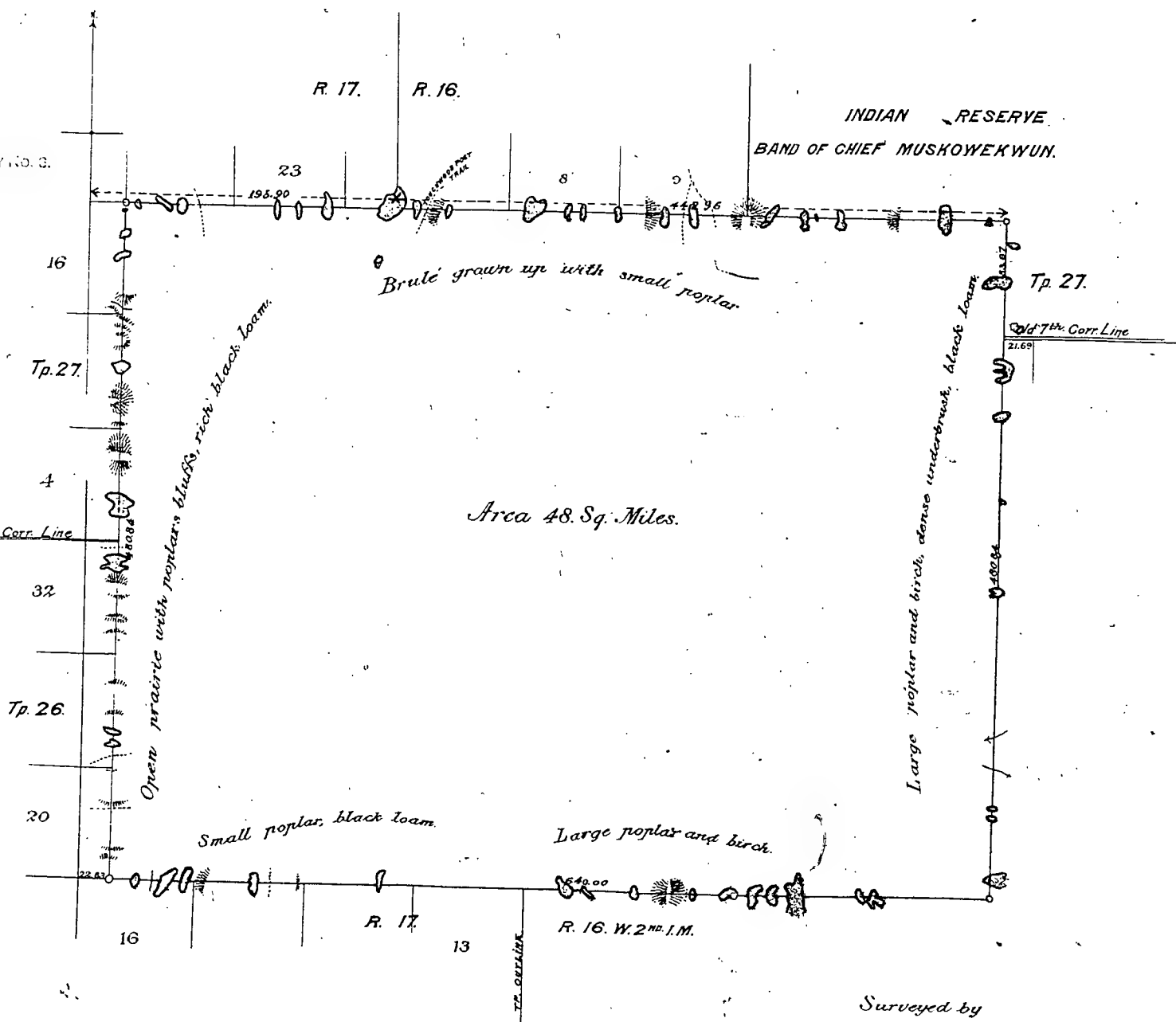
INDIAN RESERVE

N° 86

GEORGE GORDON

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.

INDIAN RESERVE
BAND OF CHIEF MUSKOWEKWUN.



Approved

Edmund Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 29th Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

A.W. Ponton D.L.S.

October 1883.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 86.

Area, 48 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 44.

Name of Chief, "George Gordon."

Surveyed in 1883, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the Little Touchwood Hills, about six miles south-west of the Hudson's Bay Company's Post.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound twenty-two chains and eighty-three links, more or less, east of the south-east corner of section twenty, township twenty-six, range seventeen, west of the second initial meridian; and running north four hundred and eighty chains and eighty-four links, more or less, to the north-west corner of section fifteen, township twenty-seven, range seventeen; thence east along the northern boundaries of sections fifteen, fourteen and thirteen, one hundred and ninety-five chains and ninety links, more or less, to the eastern boundary of the said section thirteen; thence south along said boundary of said section, sixty links, more or less, to the northern boundary of section six, township twenty-seven, range sixteen; thence east four hundred and forty-two chains and ninety-six links, more or less, along the northern boundaries of sections six, five, four, three, two and one, in the last mentioned township and range, to an iron post marking the north-east corner of said reserve; thence south four hundred and eighty chains and eighty-four links, more or less, to a post; and thence west six hundred and forty chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of forty-eight square miles, more or less.

The surface is generally rolling and covered, for the most part, with poplar timber, generally of small size. A valuable tract, however, of large poplar and birch, lies in the north-east corner. The country for about two miles in width on the western side, is more open, being prairie with poplar bluffs; and prairie openings of considerable extent seem to penetrate the reserve for some miles from the west. There are numerous good sized lakes and sloughs. The soil is generally black loam with clay sub-soil, but a small portion at the north-west corner is of a more sandy nature.

Treaty No 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 87.

Area, 24 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 22.

Name of Chief, "Day-Star."

Surveyed in September, 1876, by Wm. Wagner, D.L.S.

Alterations effected in the boundaries in 1881 and 1888 by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the Big Touchwood Hills, about five miles north of the Touchwood Hills Indian Agency.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound at the north-east corner of Indian Reserve number eighty-eight of the band of Chief "Kawakatoose, *alias* "The Poor man," said point being situated forty-six chains and seventy-three links, more or less, due east and forty-eight chains, more or less, due south of the north-west corner of section four, township thirty, range seventeen, west of the second initial meridian; thence running north two hundred and eighty-nine chains, more or less, to the northern boundary of section twenty-one in the said township and range; thence east two hundred and twenty-nine chains and seventy-four links, more or less, to the north-east corner of fractional section twenty-four, in the said township and range; thence south two hundred and eighty-nine chains, more or less, to a post; thence east three hundred and twenty-eight chains and seventy-three links, more or less, to a post and mound on the eastern boundary of section twenty-seven, in township twenty-nine, range sixteen; thence south two hundred and twenty-one chains and ninety links, more or less, to a post on the eastern boundary of section ten, in said township; thence west four hundred and six chains and eighteen links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north two hundred and twenty-one chains and ninety-three links, more or less, to a post, and thence west one hundred and forty-six chains, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of twenty-four square miles, more or less.

The north-western part of this reserve is very hilly and broken. It is wooded with poplar, birch and elm. Lakes and meadows are numerous as well as areas which are flooded in high water and many

TREATY N^o 4, N.W.T.

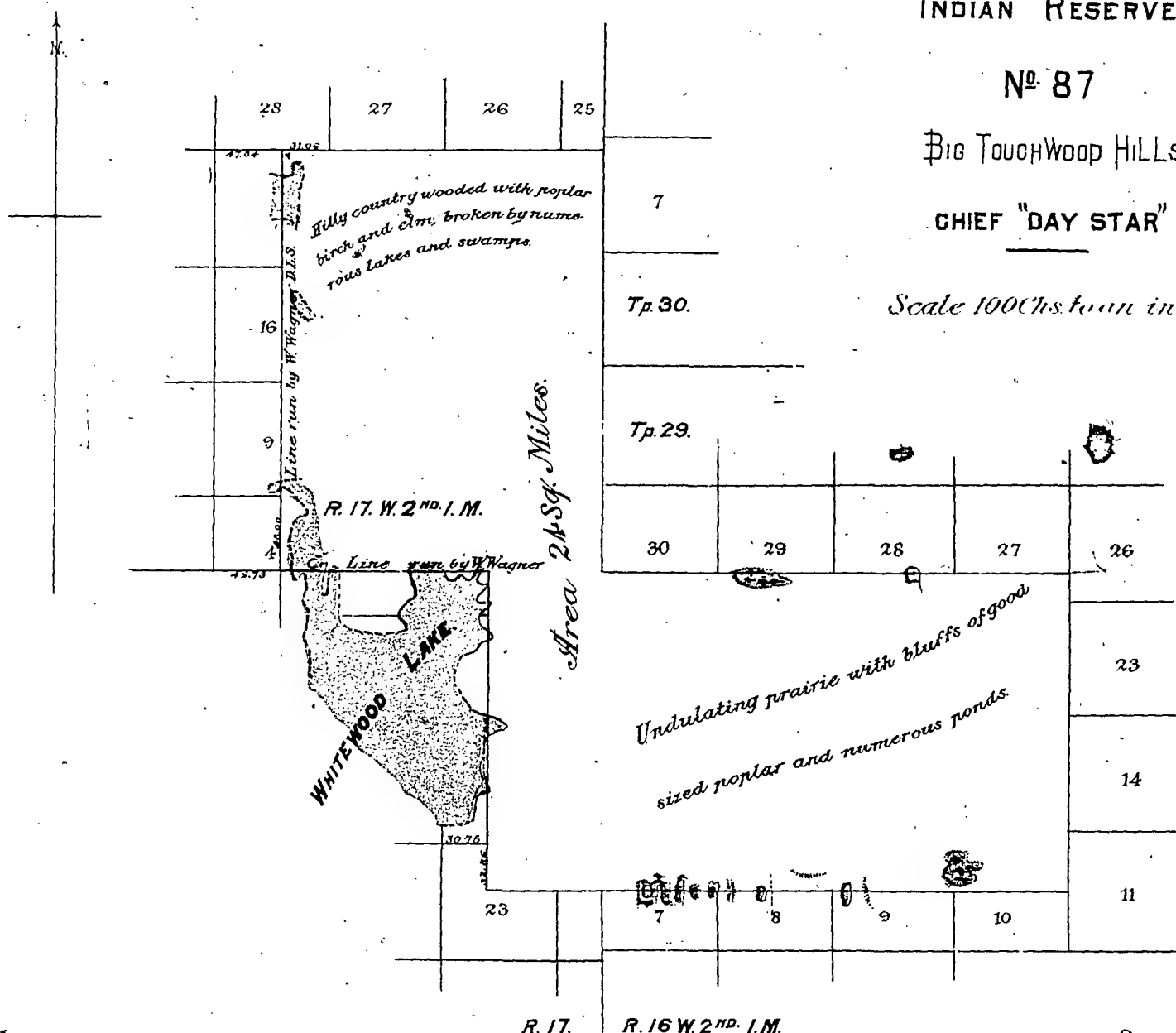
INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 87

Big Touchwood Hills.

CHIEF "DAY STAR"

Scale 100 Chs to an inch.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

R. 17.

R. 16 W. 2nd. 1. M.

Surveyed by

John C. Nelson D.L.S.

Oct. 1881 & June 1888.

of the lakes are salt or brackish. The south-eastern part is undulating prairie with bluffs of good sized poplar, the Indians are all settled on this part of the reserve. The lands are fertile and well adapted for cultivation and stock raising.

The boundaries of this reserve as laid out by Mr. Wagner did not include the houses and farms of "Day-Star" and his band, therefore, an extension was made and a part cut off in 1881 and 1882, at the request of the Indians.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 88.

Area, 42.5 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 27.

Name of Chief, "Kawakatoose," *alias* "The Poor Man."

Surveyed in September, 1876, by W. Wagner, D.L.S.

Alterations in the boundaries effected in 1889 by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the Big Touchwood Hills, on the Saskatchewan cart trail, about nine miles north-westerly from the Indian Agency.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound forty-six chains and seventy-three links, more or less, due east, and forty-eight chains, more or less, south of the north-west corner of section four, township thirty, range seventeen, west of the second initial meridian; and running south five hundred and fourteen chains, more or less, to a post on the northerly limit of the road allowance on the eighth base line; thence west along the said limit five hundred and thirty-two chains and fifty-nine links, more or less, to a post at the south-west corner of section four, township twenty-nine, range eighteen; thence north five hundred and ten chains and seventy-three links, more or less, to a post on the western boundary of section four, in township thirty, in said range eighteen; and thence east five hundred and thirty chains and seventy-seven links, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of forty-two and a half square miles, more or less.

The country is an undulating prairie of good soil interspersed with bluffs of poplar and willow. The surface is broken by lakes and hay swamps.

NOTE:—The alterations in the boundaries of this reserve were effected on account of a serious error in the original survey—the northern and southern boundaries were found to be nearly forty chains shorter than they are certified to be by the plan and field-notes.

Tr. No. 34

Tr. No. 33

26

25

23

24

14

13

12

7

8

9

10

11

12

R. 13

R. 12, W. 2ND. 1. M.

OLD

BASE

LINE

31.35

Undulating country with poplar bluffs
and thickets of scrub, good farming
land; numerous small ponds and
hay swamps

Rolling prairie, good soil
interspersed with poplar bluffs
ponds and hay swamps

Gravel & windfall
numerous swamps

Area, 34.5 Sq. Miles

Low level prairie

Good poplar

Poplar woods

INDIAN RESERVE
No. 89

TREATY No. 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

No. 89

At Fishing Lake.

For part of the Band of
CHIEF "YELLOW QUILL"

Scale, 100 Chains to 1 Inch

N

Surveyed in 1881, by

John C. Nelson D.L.S.

Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 89.

Area, 34.5 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 57.

Name of Chief, "Yellow Quill."

Surveyed in September, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the north-western side of Fishing Lake, on the trail to Nut Lake, about thirty-five miles north-easterly from the Hudson's Bay Company's post at Touchwood Hills.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound at the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township thirty-two, range thirteen, west of the second initial meridian (first system of survey); said corner being situated thirty-seven chains and seven links, more or less, west, and twenty-two chains and fifty links, more or less, north of the south-east corner of section thirteen, township thirty-three, range thirteen, west of the said initial meridian, and running north four hundred and eighty-nine chains, more or less, to a post in mound; thence east four hundred and eighty-six chains, more or less, to a post in mound; thence south three hundred and nine chains, more or less, to Fishing Lake; thence south-westerly along the shore of said lake to its intersection with the old ninth base line; and thence west four hundred and eleven chains and fifty-six links, more or less, along the said base line to the point of beginning, containing an area of thirty-four and a half square miles, more or less; saving and excepting from out of the said reserve a road allowance of ninety-nine feet wide along the southern and western boundaries in accordance with the first system of survey.

The northern part is an undulating country with a warm sandy loam soil covered with dense windfall and scrub. Towards the centre dry poplar ridges alternate with patches of low prairie. Good poplar for building purposes occur at Fishing Lake. The south-western part is a low level prairie slightly alkaline. There are some good hay meadows and the lake abounds in fish and wild-fowl. Another reserve has been allotted to this band at Nut Lake, containing an area of sixteen and a sixth square miles.

Treaty No. 4.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 90.

Area, 16.6 square miles.

(Part of "Yellow Quill's" Band).

Name of chief, "Yellow Quill."

Surveyed in September, 1881, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the eastern side of Nut Lake, about sixty-four miles in northerly direction from Touchwood Hills.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post on the eastern shore of Nut Lake, near the Government farm; and running east one hundred and eighty-four chains and thirty-six links, more or less, to a post; thence south three hundred and seventy-five chains and ten links, more or less, to a post on the left bank of Prairie Butte Creek; thence south-easterly along the left bank of said creek a due east distance of sixty chains, more or less, to a post; thence south sixty-seven chains and seven links, more or less, to a post in mound; thence west two hundred and thirty-five chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post on the right bank of Pipe or Qu'Appelle Creek; thence north-westerly down the right bank of said creek to Nut Lake; and thence northerly along the eastern shore of said lake to the point of beginning; containing an area of sixteen and one-sixth square miles, more or less.

The reserve is thickly wooded with poplar and some spruce. The soil is a sandy loam with a clay sub-soil, and the vegetation is luxuriant. Large quantities of hay can be obtained. Wildfowl are numerous, and the fish are said to be plentiful in the lake.

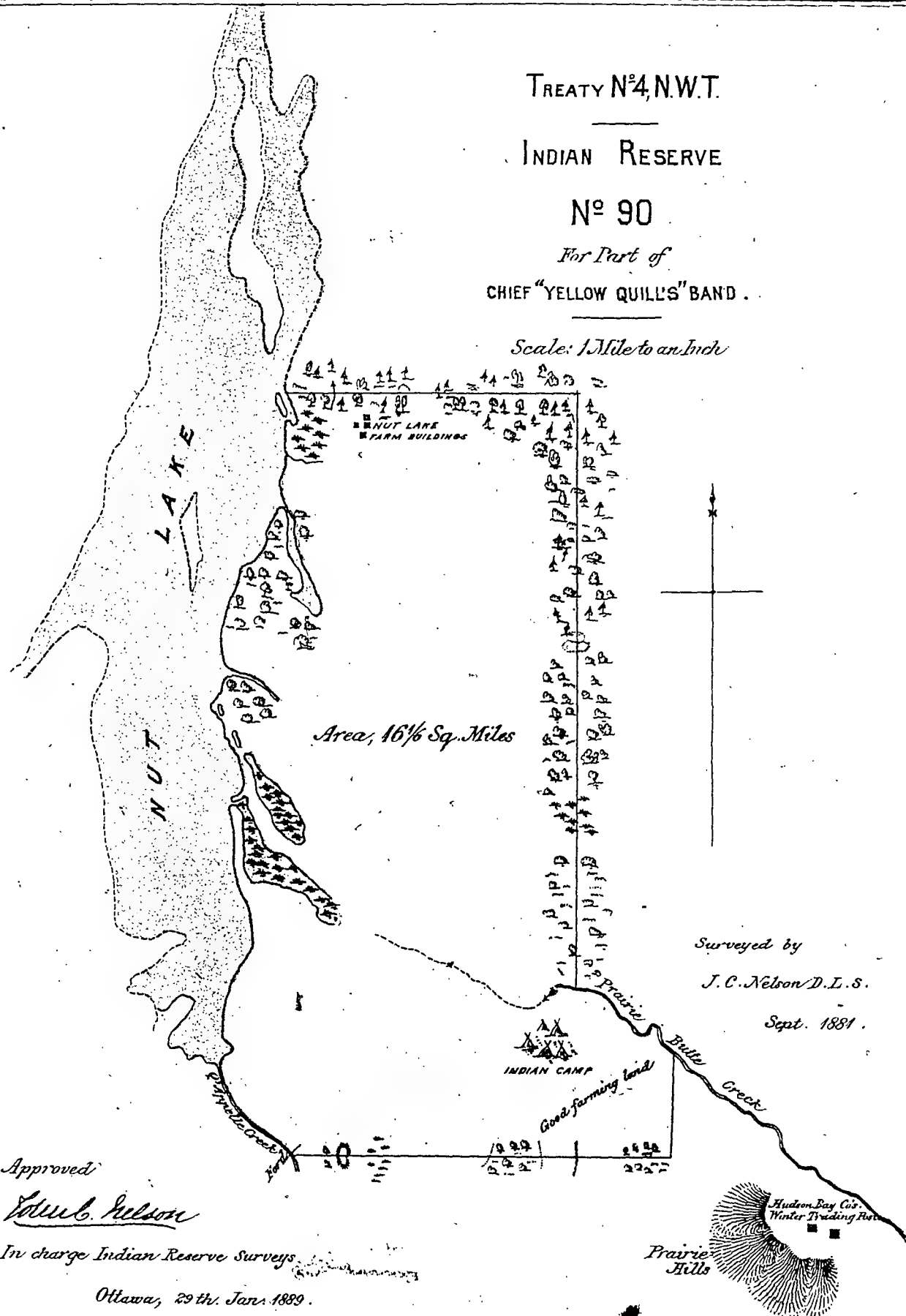
TREATY N^o 4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 90

For Part of
CHIEF "YELLOW QUILL'S" BAND.

Scale: 1 Mile to an Inch



Area, 16 1/2 Sq. Miles

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.L.S.

Sept. 1881.

Approved

J. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa, 29th Jan. 1889.

Boundary Lines run by Mr. Simpson D.L.S. in 1881. Shown thus

READ TREATY NO. 6 IN PLACE OF TREATY NO. 4

TREATY N° 4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 94

WHITE GAP (SIOUX)

At Moose Woods

Scale 40 Chs to an inch.

Area 2.3 Sq. Miles.

R. VI. W. 3RD I.M.

Approved
John C. Nelson
 In charge Indian Reserve Surveys
 Ottawa, Jan'y. 23rd 1889

Resurveyed by
 John C. Nelson D.L.S.
 May 1888.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 94.

- Area, 2.3 square miles.
- Number of families in Band, 22.
- Name of Chief, "White Cap."
- Surveyed in June, 1888, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at the Moose Woods, on the eastern side of the South Saskatchewan River, about eighteen miles above Saskatoon.

It comprises section one, the westerly half of section twelve, the south-east quarter of section fourteen, and those portions of the easterly halves of sections eleven and two, lying east of the right bank of the Saskatchewan River, in township thirty-four, range six, west of the third initial meridian; containing an area of two and three-tenths square miles, more or less.

The soil is a good light marly loam on the bottom lands, which are elevated about fifteen feet above the river. There is an abundance of wood, a considerable area of hay land, and good fishing, it is said, in the river.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 95.

Area, 16 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 23.

Name of Chief, "One Arrow."

Surveyed in 1881 by Geo. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

Alterations effected in the southern and western boundaries in 1884, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S., and in 1883, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the eastern side of the South Saskatchewan River, about four miles north-easterly from Batoche.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the north-west corner of section twenty-two, township forty-three, range one, west of the third initial meridian, and running east three hundred and twenty-five chains and thirty-two links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south three hundred and twenty-four chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post in a swamp; thence west eighty chains, more or less, to a post on the third initial meridian, one chain and fifty links due north of the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township forty-two in said range; thence south forty chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west two hundred and three chains and nine links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north two hundred and forty-two chains and fifty-two links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west forty chains, more or less, to a post, and thence north one hundred and twenty-one chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of sixteen square miles, more or less.

The lands are thickly covered with scrub and bluffs of poplar, some of which are of considerable extent; small sheltered prairie openings, and ponds and sloughs varying in size from five acres downwards are numerous. The soil is a rich sandy loam with a sandy sub-soil.

TREATY N°6 N.W.T.

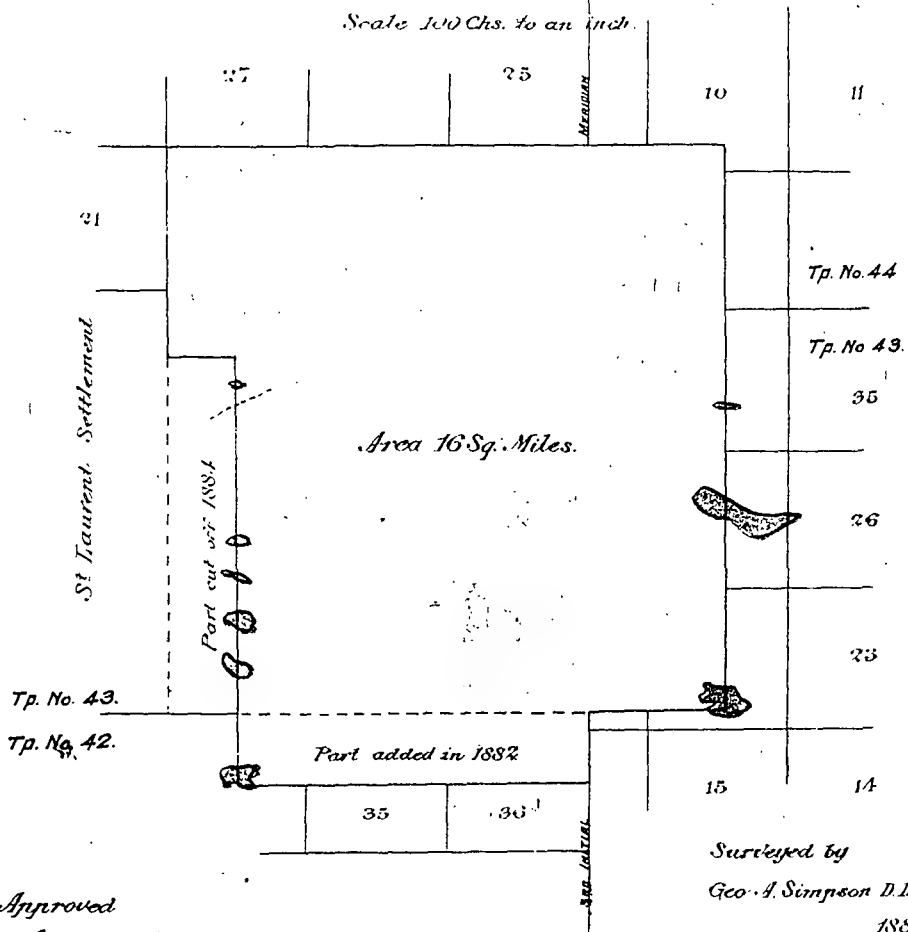
INDIAN RESERVE

N° 95

NEAR BATOCHE

CHIEF "ONE ARROW"

Scale 100 Chs. to an Inch.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

R. I.

R. 28 W. 2nd I. M.

READ TREATY NO. 6 IN PLACE OF TREATY NO. 4

TREATY N°4, N.W.T.

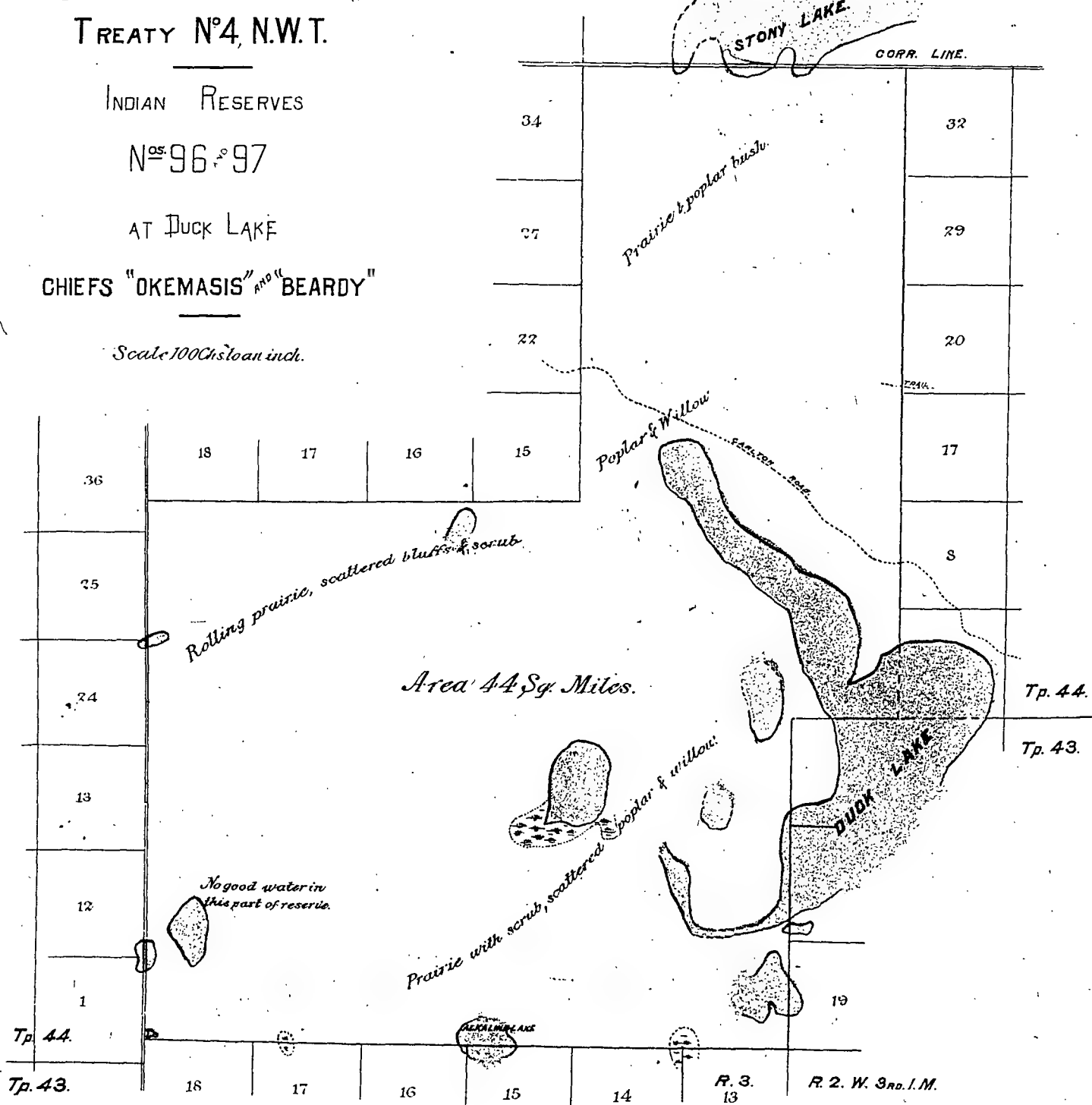
INDIAN RESERVES

N^{OS} 96 & 97

AT DUCK LAKE

CHIEFS "OKEMASIS" AND "BEARDY"

Scale 100 Chs to an inch.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889.

Surveyed by

John C. Nelson D.L.S.

Aug. 1887 July 1888.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVES Nos. 96 AND 97 (UNDIVIDED).

Area, 44 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 56.

Name of Chiefs, "Beardy" and "Okemasis."

Surveyed in 1879, by J. Lestock Reid, D. L. S.

Resurveyed in 1887, by J. C. Nelson, D. L. S.

These reserves are situated at Duck Lake, on the trail between Batoche and Carlton House.

They comprise sections six, seven, eighteen, nineteen, thirty and thirty-one, in township forty-four, range two, and sections nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, in township forty-three, range three, and sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, thirty-five and thirty-six, in township forty-four, range three, all the above ranges west of the third initial meridian ; containing an area of forty-four square miles, more or less.

The country is a rolling prairie, with scattered bluffs of poplar, willow and scrub. Excepting in small tracts, the soil is very light and sandy. There is a considerable area of hay land at Duck Lake, and some small meadows are found throughout the reserve.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 98.

Area, 24 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 12.

Name of Chief, "Chacastapasin."

Surveyed in October, 1878, by E. Stewart, D.L.S., and the boundary lines proposed by him for the north-eastern part of this reserve were established by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S., in 1884.

This reserve is situated about fifteen miles south of Prince Albert, on the right bank of the South Saskatchewan River.

It is bounded by a line beginning on the right bank of the South Saskatchewan River at its intersection with the northern boundary of section thirty-five, township forty-six A, range twenty-five, west of the second initial meridian; and running east seventy chains, more or less, along the southern limit of the road allowance on the twelfth correction line, to a meridian run by A. L. Russell, D.L.S.; thence south along said meridian, one hundred and four chains and fifty-five links, more or less, to a post; thence west thirty-six chains and ninety-nine links, more or less, to a post; thence south one hundred and eighteen chains, more or less, to a post; thence west seven hundred and thirty-seven chains and seventy-six links, more or less, to a post; thence north six chains and fifty-one links, more or less, to the right bank of the South Saskatchewan River; thence along the said bank of the said river in a north-easterly direction to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-four square miles, more or less; and containing moreover, Sugar Island at the south-western corner of this reserve.

The country is high and rolling and the soil a rich black sandy loam. About half the reserve is covered with poplar, generally running in ridges with open glades between.

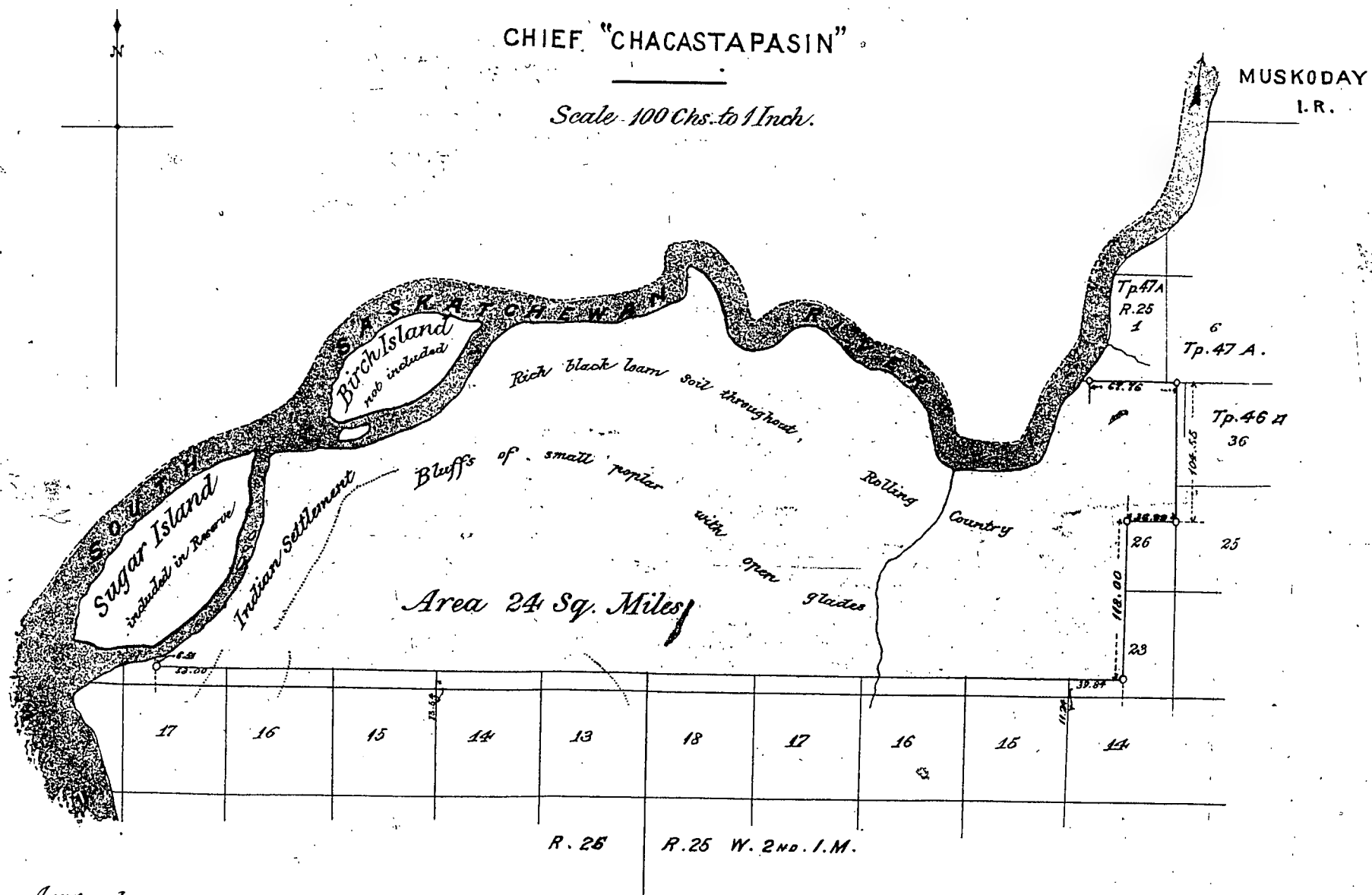
TREATY N° 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 98

CHIEF "CHACASTAPASIN"

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 Inch.



Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 31st. January 1889

Surveyed by

E. Stewart D.L.S.

October 1878

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 99.

Area, 37.4 acres.

Number of families in Band, 49.

Name of Chief, "John Smith."

Surveyed in September, 1876, by E. Stewart, D.L.S.

Re-surveyed in June and July, 1884, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated twelve miles south-east of Prince Albert, and is intersected by the South Saskatchewan River.

It comprises that portion of section thirty-one, lying east of the South Saskatchewan River, sections thirty-two and thirty-three, in township forty-six, range twenty-four, section thirty-four and the north halves of sections thirty-five and thirty-six in township forty-six, range twenty-five; sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, and those portions of sections twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-six and twenty-seven, lying south and east of the Saskatchewan River, in township forty-seven, range twenty-four, sections one, two, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, twenty-three and twenty-four in township forty-seven, range twenty-five; all the above ranges west of the second initial meridian (and surveyed according to the first system of survey); containing an area of thirty-seven and four-tenths square miles, more or less.

The portion of the reserve situated north and west of the river is generally a rolling prairie of rich black loam, interspersed with poplar bluffs and numerous ponds and small lakes. South and east of the river the country is generally level. The soil is a rich black loam, and being of a more sandy quality in the north-eastern corner. This portion is grown up with small poplar, scrub and willow. Ponds and lakes abound. The large island in the river, containing an area of three hundred and four and a half acres, more or less, and which is included in the reserve, contains large balm of Gilead and birch.

A majority of the Indians of this band are settled along the river on a level bottom, or flat, about a mile wide.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 100.

Area, 27·8 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 32.

Name of Chief "James Smith."

Surveyed in August, 1884, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated ten miles below the forks of the north and south branches of the Saskatchewan River near Fort à la Corne.

It is bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of the western boundary of section thirty, township forty-eight, range twenty, west of the second initial meridian, with the right bank of the Saskatchewan River; and running south two hundred and ninety-eight chains and twenty five links, more or less, to the north-west corner of section six, in the said township; thence east forty chains and fifty-four links, more or less, to a post; thence south thirty-nine chains and fourteen links, more or less, to a post; thence west forty chains, more or less, to a post on the western boundary of said section six; thence south one hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to a post on the western boundary of section thirty, in township forty-seven, range twenty; thence east three hundred and sixty-nine chains and sixty-five links, more or less, to a post; thence north four hundred and ninety-one chains and ten links, more or less, to a post and mound established by Lindsay Russell, Surveyor-General, in 1878, to mark the north-east corner of this reserve; thence west along a line of posts, a distance of three hundred and five chains, more or less, crossing the Saskatchewan River twice to its right bank in said section thirty, township forty-eight, range twenty, and thence along the said bank north-westerly eighty-two chains, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing an area of twenty-seven and eight-tenths square miles, more or less.

The country within the boundaries of this reserve is generally level. The soil of the most southerly portion is composed of a rich black loam, but being low, wet and thickly interspersed with large

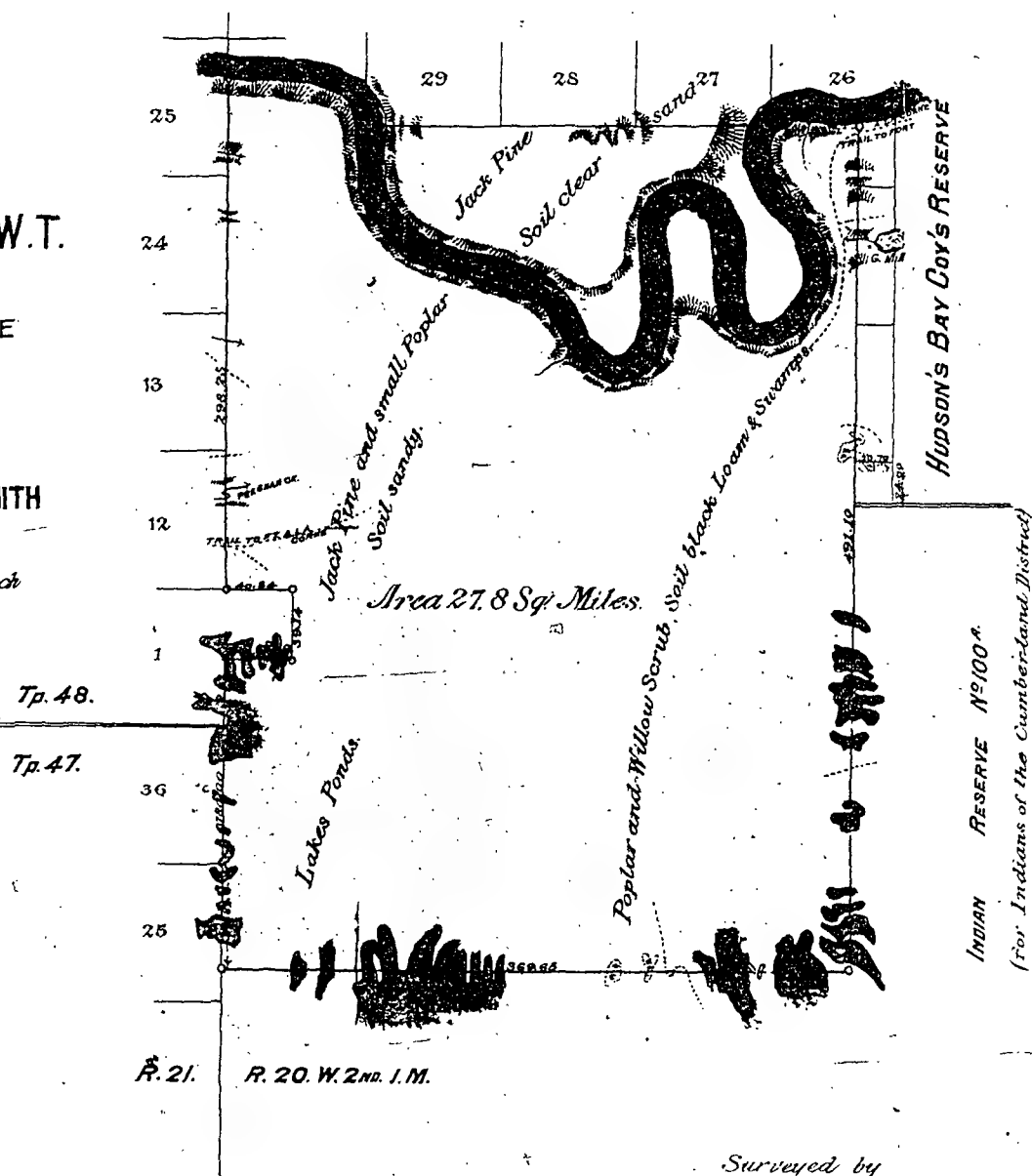
TREATY N°6 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°100

CHIEF JAMES SMITH

Scale 100 Chs to an inch



Surveyed by

A. W. Pimbley D.L.S.

July & August 1884

Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

shallow ponds of brackish water, is, in its present condition, of little value for agricultural purposes. The land immediately adjoining the right bank of the river, varies from arid sand, at the western, to sandy loam at the eastern boundary the country is wooded with jack-pine and small poplar. North of the river the soil is sandy. It is covered with a growth of jack-pine, from four to ten inches in diameter, insuring a supply of excellent and valuable firewood, some good spruce is distributed along the southern side of the river, and poplar of sufficient size for building purposes can be cut at many points on the reserve.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 100 A.

Area, 65 square miles.

For the Indians of Cumberland District (of Treaty No. 5).

Surveyed in August, 1887, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on Carrot River, near Fort à la Corne.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post twenty-one chains and eighteen links, more or less, due north of the south-west corner of section thirty, township forty-seven, range twenty, west of the second initial meridian; and running south three hundred and forty-two chains and eighteen links, more or less, to the south-west corner of section six, in the said township; thence east seventy-eight chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post and mound one chain due north of the north-west corner of section thirty-one, township forty-six, in the said range; thence south four hundred and eighty-one chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east four hundred and eighty-four chains and two links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north four hundred and seventy-nine chains and eighty-two links, more or less, to a post and mound on the southern limit of the road allowance on the twelfth correction line; thence west along the said limit seventy-four chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, to a post and mound one chain due south of the south-east corner of section one, township forty-seven, in the said range; thence north three hundred and sixty-three chains, more or less, to a post at the quarter section corner on the eastern boundary of section twenty-five, in the said township; thence east sixty-one chains and eighteen links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north two hundred and fifty-six chains and sixty-five links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west twenty-six chains and seventy-three links, more or less, to a post one chain due south of the south-east corner of the Hudson's Bay Company's Fort à la Corne Reserve; thence west parallel to the southern boundary of the said reserve, one hundred and twenty-two chains, more or less, to a post one chain due south of its south-west corner; thence west twenty-three chains and seventeen links, more or less, to a post on the eastern boundary of Indian reserve number one hundred

108

TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°100A

ON

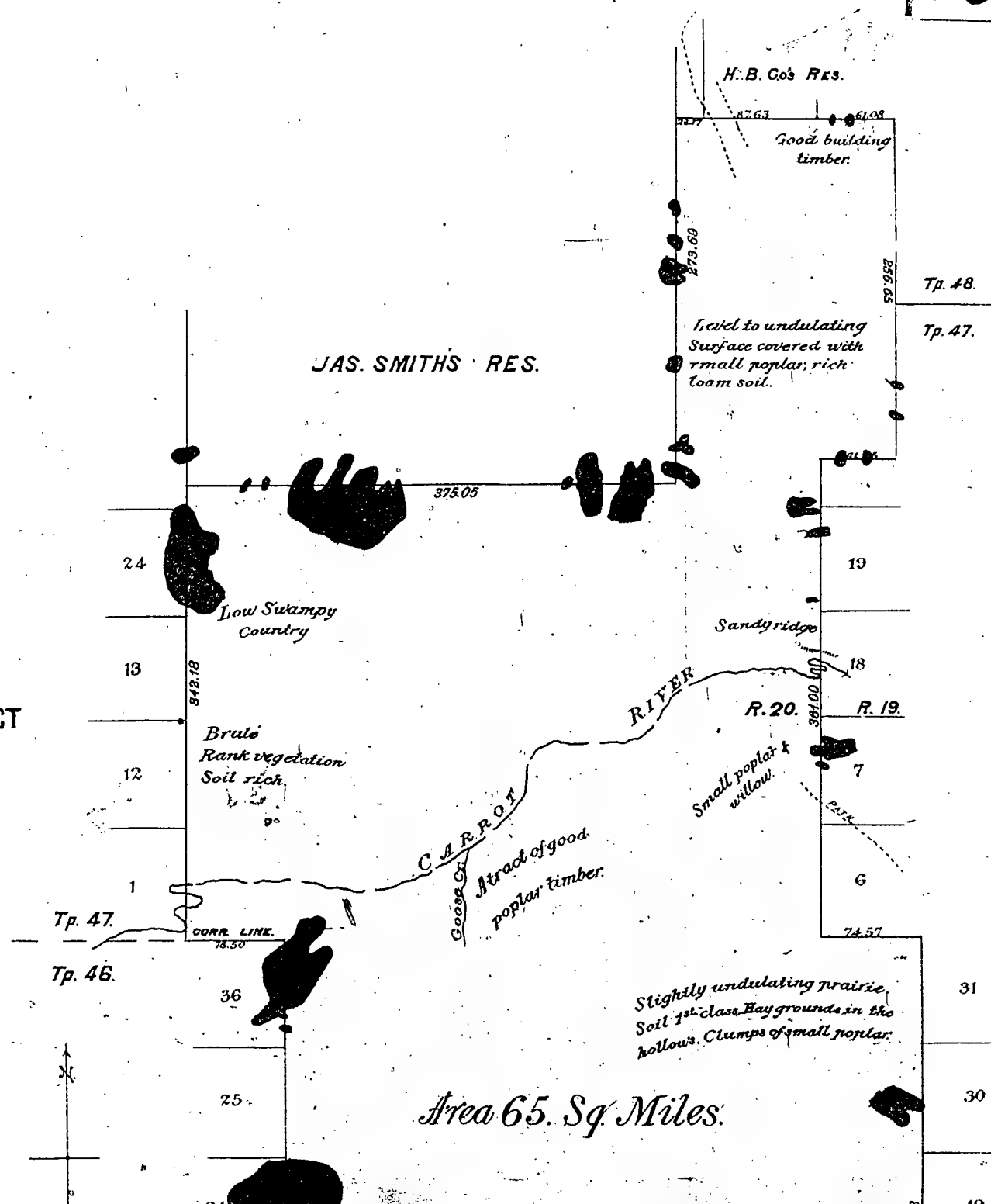
CARROT RIVER

FOR

INDIANS OF CUMBERLAND DISTRICT

(OF TREATY NO. 5.)

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°100A

ON

CARROT RIVER

FOR

INDIANS OF CUMBERLAND DISTRICT

(OF TREATY NO. 5.)

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.

JAS. SMITHS RES.

Surface covered with
small poplar; rich
loam soil.

TP. 47.

24

575.05

19

13

Low Swampy
Country

Sandy ridge

18

12

Brule
Rank vegetation
Soil rich.

R. 20.

R. 19.

Small poplar &
willow.

7

CARROT
RIVER
Attract of good
poplar timber.

6

TP. 47.

CORR. LINE.
78.50

74.57

TP. 46.

36

Slightly undulating prairie.
Soil 1st class. Hay grounds in the
hollows. Clumps of small poplar.

31

25

Area 65 Sq. Miles.

30

24

19

17

18

12

Level to undulating, soil heavy black
loam rich in herbage, large hay swamps,
a few clumps of large poplar & much scrub.
Country well adapted for stock raising.

7

6

R. 21. R. 20 W. 2ND. I.M.

Surveyed by
John C. Nelson D.L.S.
Aug. 1887.

Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889.

2 of 2

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 101.

Area, 34.4 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 29.

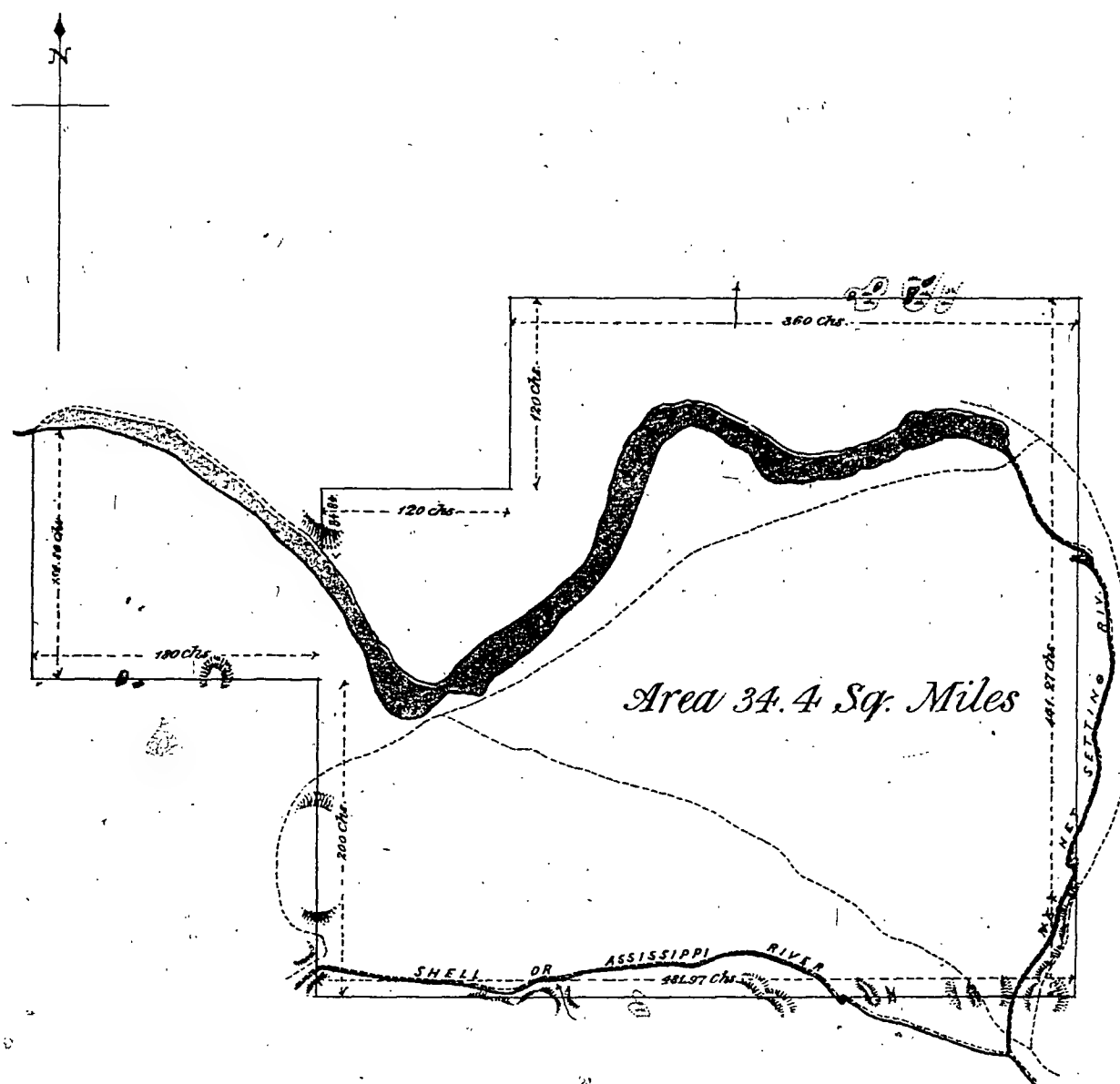
Name of Chief, "Ayoptus Cumicamin" *alias* William Twatt.

Surveyed in August and September, 1878, by E. Stewart, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at Sturgeon Lake, about twenty-two miles north-west of Prince Albert.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post at the western end of Sturgeon Lake, and running south one hundred and fifty-four chains and eighty links, more or less, to a post; thence east one hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to a post; thence south two hundred chains, more or less, to a post; thence east four hundred and eighty-one chains and ninety-seven links, more or less, to a post; thence north four hundred and forty-one chains and twenty-seven links, more or less, to a post; thence west three hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to a post; thence south one hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to a post; thence west one hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to a post; thence south fifty-five chains, more or less, crossing Sturgeon Lake to a post on its southern shore; and thence north-westerly along said shore of said lake to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty-four and four-tenths square miles, more or less.

In the south-eastern part the surface is chiefly rolling and covered with poplar, most of which is small and scrubby, and jack-pine. There is little open ground, some tamarac muskegs occur. The soil is a sandy loam containing much vegetable fibre. North of the lake there are stretches of open land well adapted for farming. The western extremity is heavily timbered with spruce of superior quality. Sturgeon Lake is a long narrow expansion of Sturgeon or Net-Setting River, and runs easterly, across the reserve. This stretch of water has high bold shores, and abounds in fish and fowl. It is used by lumbermen to get out timber. Shell River, which also flows through "Ahtahkahoop's" Reserve, further west, is used for a similar purpose.



TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 101

at Sturgeon Lake.

CHIEF W^m TWATT

Scale 100 Chs. to an Inch

Approved

Hub. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889.

Surveyed by

E. Stewart D.L.S.

Aug. & Sept. 187

TREATY N°6 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 102

CARLTON DISTRICT

CHIEF "PET-TY-QUAW-KY"

Scale 100 Chs. to an Inch

Area 42 Sq. Miles.

Paddling or Muskeg Lake

MISTOWASIS
I. R. No. 103.

Approved
Wm. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa Jan'y. 23rd. 1882.

Surveyed by

Geo. A. Simpson D.L.S.

July 1880.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 102.

Area, 42 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 33.

Name of Chief, "Pettyquaky."

Surveyed in July, 1881, by Geo. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about twenty miles west of Carlton on Muskeg or Paddling Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post on the southern boundary of Indian Reserve number one hundred and three, for the band of Chief "Mistowasis," at a distance of two hundred chains, more or less, east of the south-west corner thereof and running west four hundred and eighty chains and forty links, more or less, to a post; thence south five hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to a post; thence east four hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to a post; and thence north five hundred and sixty-two chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of forty-two square miles, more or less.

About fourteen square miles of the reserve, on its west side, is wooded with poplar and pine, which will produce large quantities of building and fencing timber. The soil is a rich sandy loam, of considerable depth, with sand sub-soil. There are numerous large hay marshes and extensive areas of bottom lands. The water is principally alkaline.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 103.

Area, 77 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 53.

Name of Chief, "Mistowasis."

Surveyed in 1878, by Edgar Bray, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated at Snake Plain, about twenty miles north-west of Fort Carlton, on the trail to Green Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post twenty-two chains and thirty-six links, more or less, north, and thirty-six chains and seventy-six links, more or less, east of the south-west corner of section seven, township forty-seven, range five, west of the third initial meridian; and running west four hundred and eighty-one chains and six links, more or less, to a post; thence north one thousand and twenty-seven chains and twenty-seven links, more or less, to a post; thence east four hundred and seventy-nine chains, more or less, to a post; and thence south one thousand and twenty-six chains and sixty-seven links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of seventy-seven square miles, more or less.

The north-western part of this reserve is well wooded with poplar, jack-pine, spruce, birch, and tamarac. The south-eastern part is a bushy prairie interspersed with bluffs of poplar and willow. There are numerous swamps affording hay of excellent quality. In the flats the sub-soil is a rich loam covered by a considerable thickness of vegetable mould, and on the high grounds the soil is generally sandy. The reserve is well watered and the pasture magnificent.

READ TREATY NO. 6 IN PLACE OF TREATY NO. 4.

TREATY N^o 4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 103

SNAKE PLAIN

CHIEF "MISTOWASIS"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch

Tp. 49.

Tp. 48.

Tp. 48.

Tp. 47.

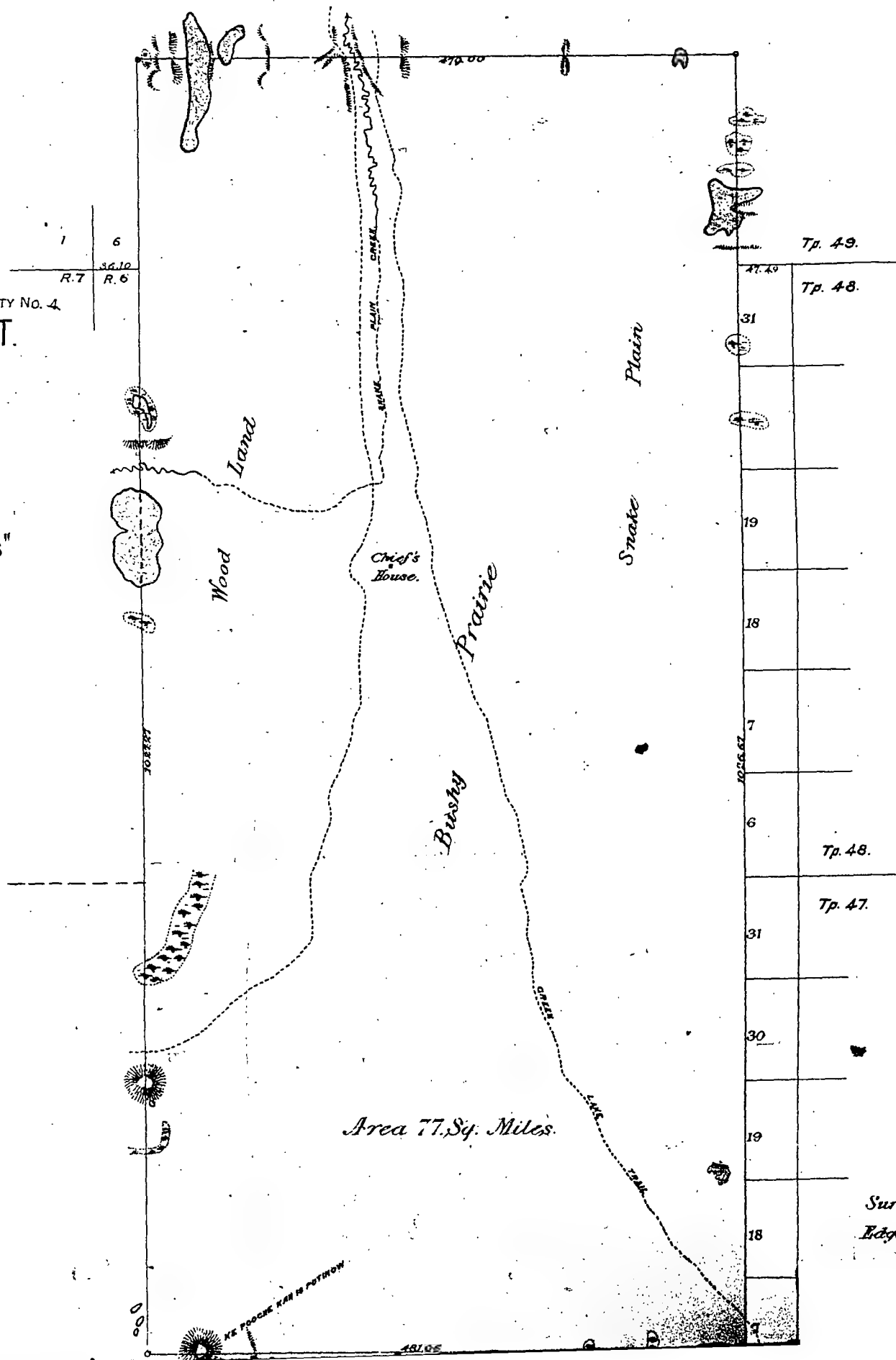
Area 77.54 Miles.

Surveyed by
Edgar Bray, D.L.S.

Approved

Edw. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys



Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 104.

Area, 67.2 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 46.

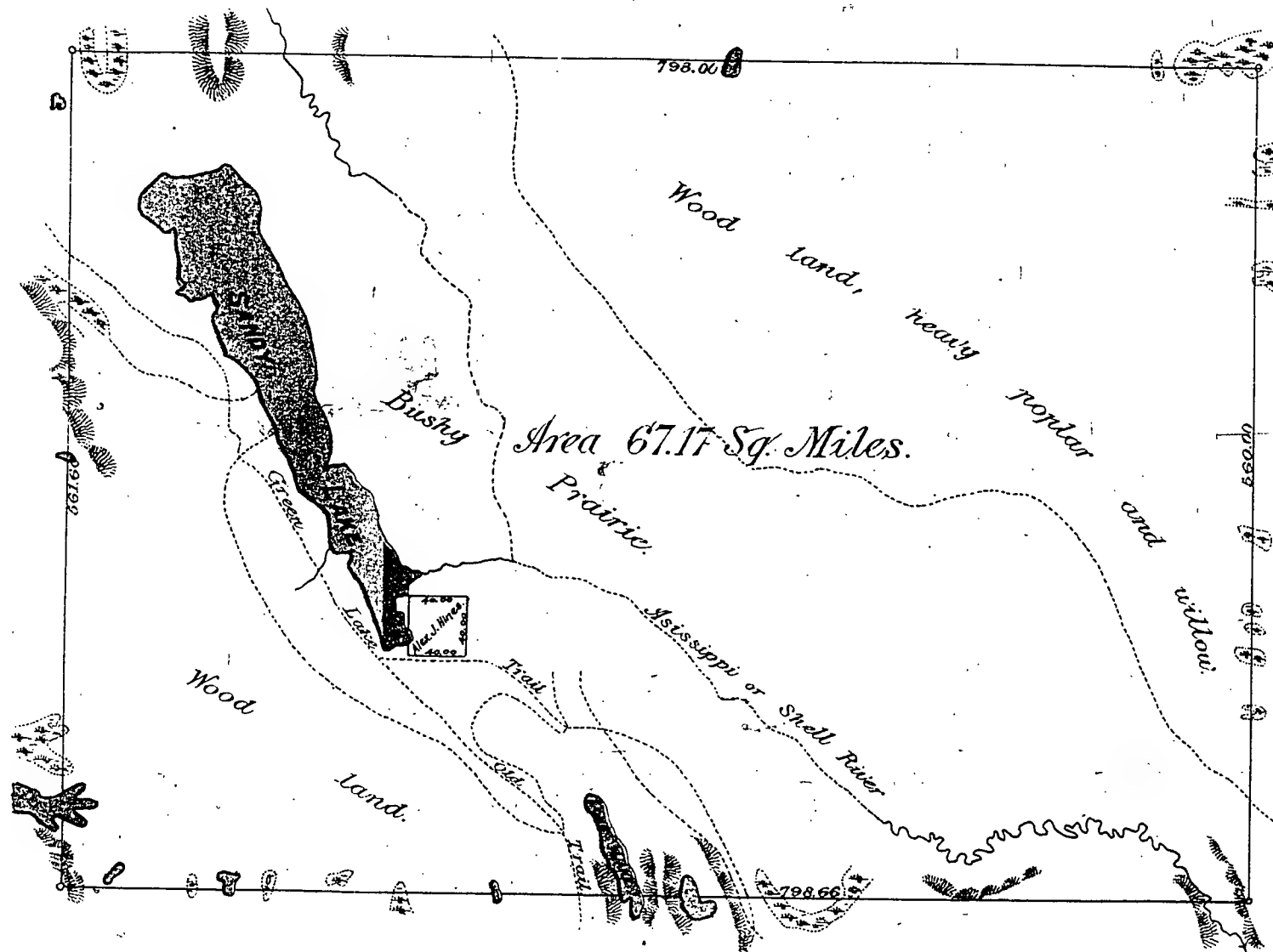
Name of Chief, "Ahtahkahkoop."

Surveyed in 1878, by Edgar Bray, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about thirty-four miles north-west of Carlton House on the Assissippi or Shell River, and on the trail to Green Lake

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound at its south-east corner, and running north five hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to a post; thence west seven hundred and ninety-eight chains, more or less, to a post; thence south five hundred and sixty-one chains and sixty links, more or less, to a post; and thence east seven hundred and ninety-eight chains and sixty-six links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of sixty-seven and two-tenths square miles, more or less.

The north-eastern part is heavily wooded with poplar and willow. At the south-west corner there is a considerable tract of wooded land containing poplar, heavy spruce and tamarac. Along the valley of the Assissippi which flows south-easterly across the reserve every kind of soil may be found; light sandy soil on the ridges; rich loam on the flats, and extensive meadow-lands. The surface is generally rolling and broken.



TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°104

MISSISSIPPI or SHELL RIVER

CHIEF "AHTAHKAHKOOP."

Scale 100 Chs. to Inch.

Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

Edgar Bray D.L.S.

1878.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 105.

Area, 14 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 13.

Name of Chief, "Flying Dust."

Surveyed in August, 1881, by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the northern shore of Meadow Lake, about one hundred and eight miles north of Battleford.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post on the northerly shore of Meadow Lake, and running north two hundred and eighty-four chains and eighty-five links, more or less, to a post; thence west two hundred and eighty-seven chains and twenty links, more or less, to a post; thence south three hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to a post; thence east two hundred and ten chains, more or less, to a post on the northern shore of the said lake; and thence north-easterly along the said shore, eighty chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of fourteen square miles, more or less.

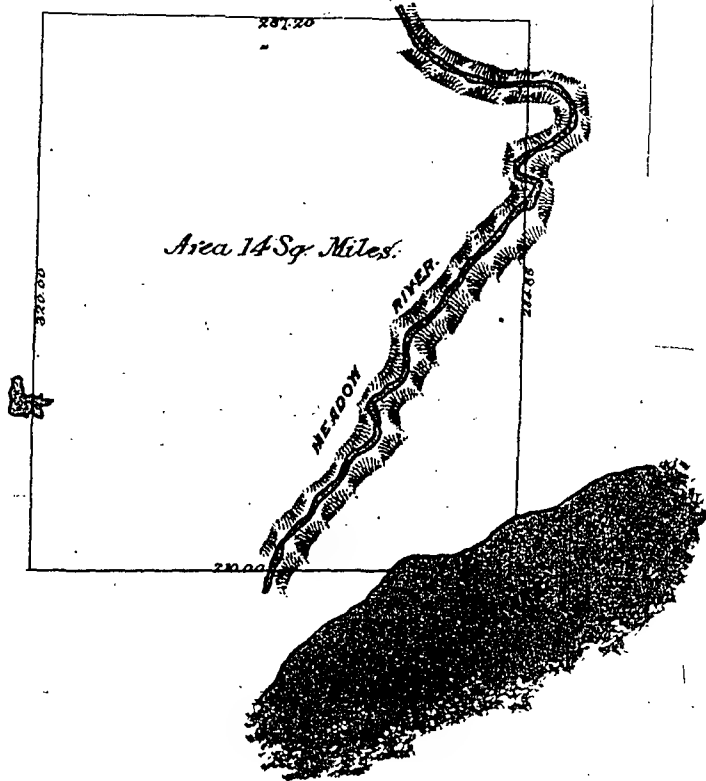
Meadow River, along which there is some fine timber, flows through the reserve, crossing the eastern boundary four times; Meadow Lake is said to be seven miles long by two and a half wide.

This reserve, which is one of the most northern in treaty six, is a very exceptional one, there being an abundance of fish, excellent soil, plenty of timber and good water. The country around Meadow Lake is principally prairie with poplar bluffs. The soil is deep and heavy, and the herbage luxuriant.

READ TREATY NO. 6 IN PLACE OF TREATY NO. 4.
TREATY N^o 4 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE
N^o 105
AT MEADOW LAKE
CHIEF "FLYING DUST"

Scale 100 Chis to an inch.



Approved

Edw. C. Nelson.

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

Geo. A. Simpson D.L.S.

August 1881.

TREATY N°6 N.W.T

INDIAN RESERVE

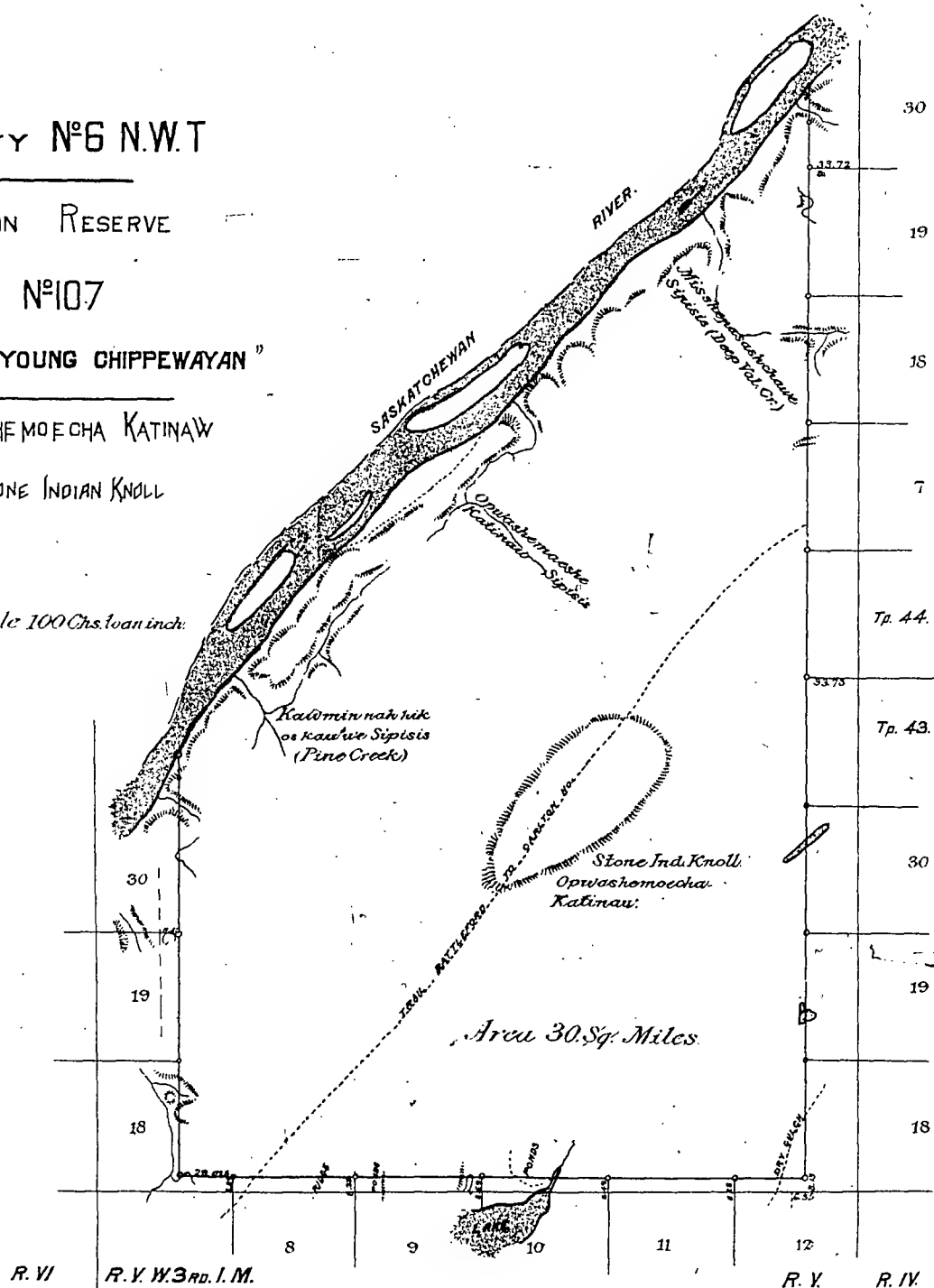
N°107

CHIEF "YOUNG CHIPPEWAYAN"

OPWASHMOECHA KATINAW

STONE INDIAN KNOLL

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



Approved

John C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

John C. Nelson D.L.S.

July 1888.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 107.

Area, 30 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 30.

Name of Chief, "Young Chippewayan."

Surveyed in 1888, by J. C. Nelson, D L.S.

This reserve is situated on the southern side of the Saskatchewan River at Stony Knoll, about eighteen miles south-west of Carlton House.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post on the right bank of the Saskatchewan River, fifty chains and eighty-five links, more or less, north, and thirty-three chains and seventy-two links, more or less, west of the north-east corner of section twenty-four, township forty-four, range five, west of the third initial meridian; and thence running south six hundred and eighty-six chains and sixty-six links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west four hundred chains and twenty-nine links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north two hundred and sixty-five chains and sixty-four links, more or less, to the right bank of the Saskatchewan River; and thence north-easterly along the said bank of the said river to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty square miles, more or less.

The surface is level and undulating, and slopes slightly to the north-west. The land is prairie, of superior quality for agricultural purposes, interspersed with bluffs of young poplar. There are no large hay meadows, but on the uplands the herbage is very luxuriant. Along the Saskatchewan River, there are steep acclivities and ravines thickly wooded with good sized poplar, and occasional hummocks of spruce. The principal topographical feature is Stony Knoll, a prairie elevation wooded on the northern slope, situated near the centre of the reserve.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 108.

Area, 38 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 38.

Name of Chief, "Red Pheasant."

Surveyed in August, 1878, by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the Eagle Hills, twenty miles south-easterly of Battleford.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound, seventy-five chains and forty-six links, more or less, south, and one hundred and twenty-eight chains and fifty-four links, more or less, west of the north-east corner of section thirteen, township forty-one, range sixteen, west of the third initial meridian, and running east four hundred chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south eighty chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east eighty chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south four hundred and forty chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west four hundred and eighty-one chains and thirty-six links, more or less, to a post and mound; and thence north five hundred and twenty-one chains and sixty-nine links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty-eight square miles, more or less; excepting and reserving from out the same, the tract of land set aside for the Church Missionary Society; containing an area of one hundred and fifty acres, more or less.

The northern part of this reserve is rolling and broken and partially covered with poplar, birch, cherry and willow, interspersed with ponds and hay marshes. Tracts of brulé and windfall grown up with young poplar occur. In many places the land is good. The southern part, is a rough open rolling plain containing numerous swamps abounding in wild fowl. The pasture is rich throughout. Owing to the broken surface of the country it is probably better adapted for stock-raising than farming. However, some very fine stretches of land occur.

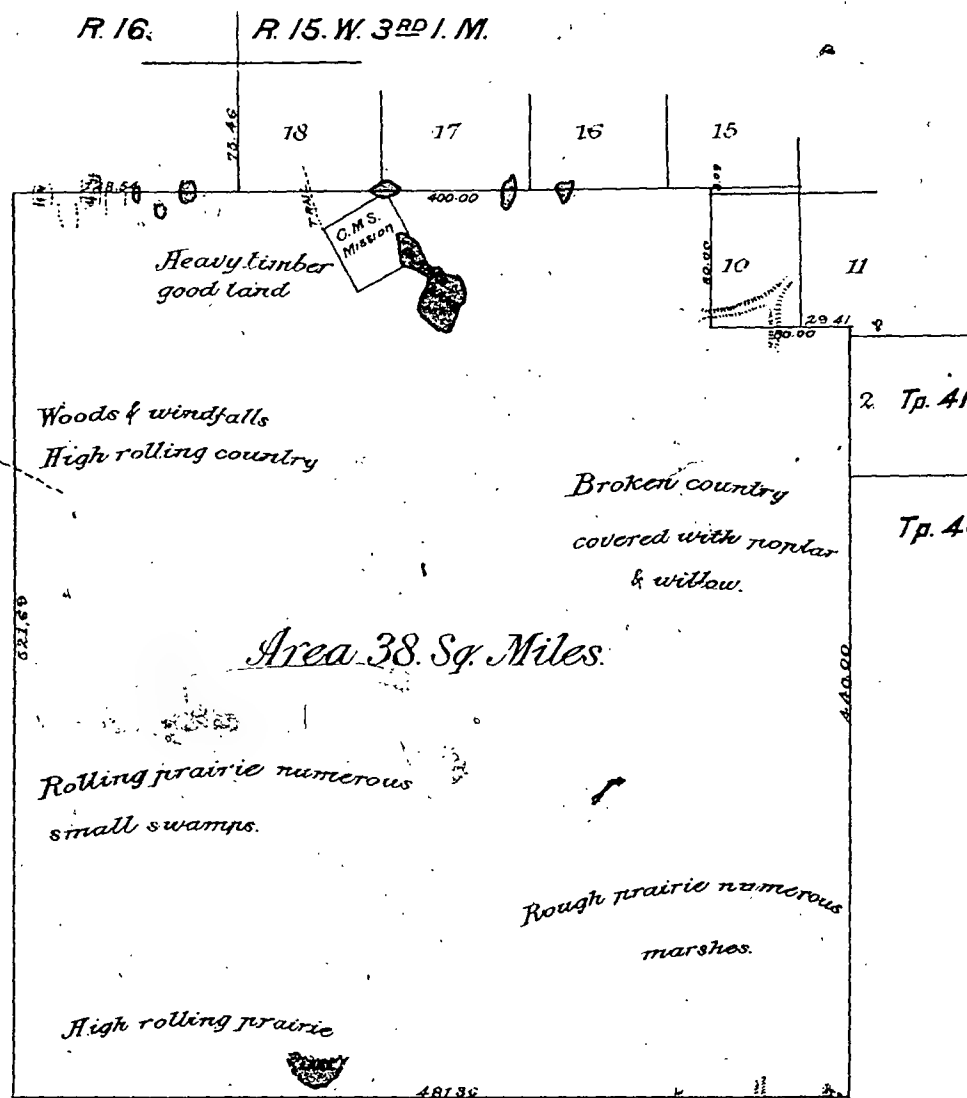
TREATY N^o 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 108

CHIEF "RED PHEASANT"

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 inch.



Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

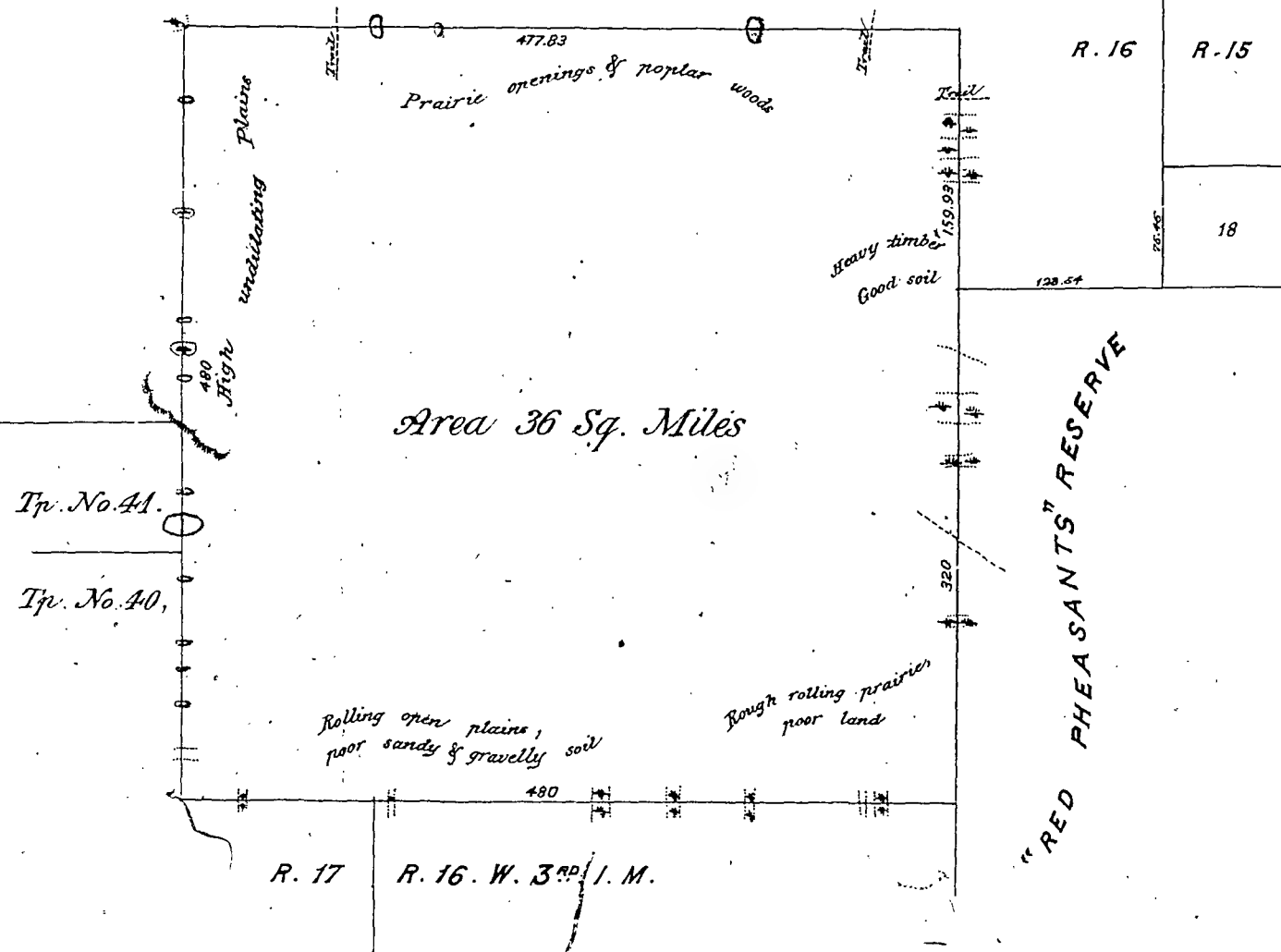
Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

Geo. A. Simpson D.I.S.

August 1878.

"GRIZZLY BEAR'S HEAD" & "LEAN MAN" RESERVES



TREATY N^o 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 109

CHIEF "MOSQUITO"

Scale 100 Chains to 1 Inch

Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

Geo. A. Simpson D.L.S.

August 1878

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES. .

INDIAN RESERVE No. 109.

Area, 36 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 49.

Name of Chief, "Mosquito."

Surveyed in August, 1878, by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated in the Eagle Hills about thirteen miles south of Battleford on the trail to Swift Current.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound at the north-west corner of reserve number one hundred and eight for the band of Chief "Red Pheasant," seventy-five chains and forty-six links, more or less, south, and one hundred and twenty-eight chains and fifty-four links, more or less, west of the north-east corner of section thirteen, township forty-one, range sixteen, west of the third initial meridian, and running south three hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west four hundred and eighty chains, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north four hundred and eighty chains, more or less, along a line of posts to the intersection in a pond of the said line of posts by the line of the posts forming the northern boundary of the reserve; thence east along the said northern boundary four hundred and seventy-seven chains and eighty-three links, more or less, to a post and mound; and thence south one hundred and fifty-nine chains and ninety-three links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty-six square miles, more or less.

The south-western part of this reserve is an open rolling prairie interspersed with swamps and ponds containing soil of a sandy nature. The north-easterly part is a broken country with stretches of land well adapted for cultivation. The soil here is a black sandy loam bearing a luxuriant vegetation. The timber consists of poplar and balm of Gilead, some of which is of large size and good quality. This and the adjoining reserves have suffered to a great extent from the ravages of fire. Ponds and hay marshes abounding in wild-fowl are numerous.

Treaty No. 6.

. NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVES Nos. 110 AND 111 (UNDIVIDED).

Area, 36.2 square miles.

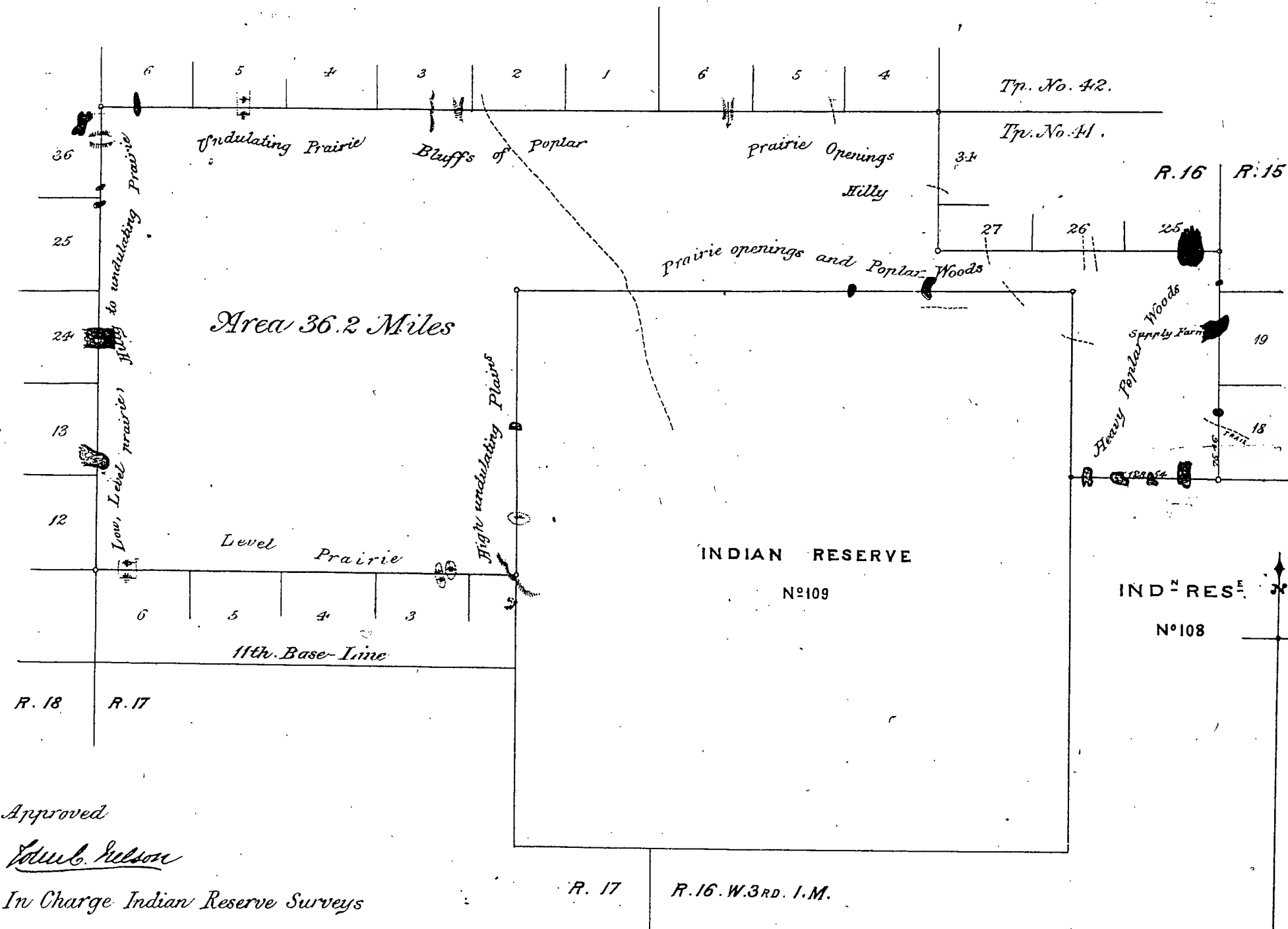
Number of families in Bands, 13.

Names of Chiefs, "Grizzly Bear's Head" and "Lean Man."

Surveyed in July and August, 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

These reserves are situated at the Eagle Hills, thirteen miles south of Battleford on the trail to Swift Current.

They are bounded by a line beginning at the post and mound at the north-west corner of reserve number one hundred and eighty for the band of Chief "Red Pheasant," seventy-five chains and forty-six links, more or less, south, and one hundred and twenty-eight chains and fifty-four links, more or less, west of the north-east corner of section thirteen, township forty-one, range sixteen, west of the third initial meridian, and running east one hundred and twenty-eight chains and fifty-four links, more or less, to a post and mound on the eastern boundary of said section thirteen; thence north one hundred and ninety-six chains and forty-six links, more or less, to the quarter section corner on the eastern boundary of section twenty-five in the said township and range; thence west two hundred and forty two chains and sixty-four links, more or less, to post and mound; thence north one hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to the post and mound at the north-east corner of section thirty-three in the said township; thence west seven hundred and twenty-six chains and fifty-six links, more or less, to the north-west corner of section thirty-one, township forty-one, range seventeen; thence south four hundred and two chains, more or less, to the south-west corner of section seven in the said township; thence east three hundred and sixty-three chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, to a post and mound on the western boundary of reserve number one hundred and nine for the band of Chief "Mosquito"; thence north two hundred and forty-seven chains and forty-five links, more or less, along a line of posts to the intersection in a pond of the said line of posts by the line of the posts forming the northern boundary of the said reserve; thence east four hundred and seventy-eight chains and seventy links, more or less, along the



TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVES
N°s 110 & 111.

CHIEFS "GRIZZLY BEAR'S HEAD" & "LEAN MAN"

Scale 100 Chs to an Inch

INDIAN RESERVE
N°108

N°109

R. 17 R. 16. W. 3RD. I.M.

Approved

J. C. Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 4th. Feb. 1889

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.L.S.

July & August 1884.

said northern boundary to a post and mound; and thence south one hundred and fifty-nine chains and ninety-three links, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty-six and two-tenths square miles, more or less.

The eastern part of these reserves is a high rolling country, partially wooded with poplar and balm of Gilead. There are stretches of open prairie containing a rich black soil well adapted for cultivation. In the western portion the surface is undulating and in the hollows and flats around the larger lakes there are excellent hay grounds. A greater part, however, is only fitted for grazing and stock raising.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 112.

Area, 23 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 47.

Name of Chief, "Moosomin."

Surveyed in April and May, 1881, by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about twelve-miles north-west of Battleford, between the Saskatchewan and Battle Rivers on the trail to Fort Pitt.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post on the right bank of the Saskatchewan River, seventy-five chains, more or less, north and twenty-one chains, more or less, west of the south-east corner of section seventeen, township forty-five, range seventeen, west of the third initial meridian, and running south three hundred and seventy-two chains and fourteen links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west three hundred and eleven chains and fifty-two links, more or less, to the left bank of Battle River; thence north-westerly along the said bank of said river, a due west distance of eight chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post; thence north five hundred and sixty-eight chains and ninety-eight links, more or less, to the right bank of the Saskatchewan River; and thence south-easterly along the said bank to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-three square miles more or less.

The eastern boundary passes over a rolling country of mixed woods and prairie, in which water would be scarce in a dry season. Along the southern boundary the soil is a light sandy loam. Along the western boundary the surface is rolling, and the soil is light and sandy for a distance of two miles from Battle River. From this to the Saskatchewan, the country is rolling and partially wooded with bluffs of poplar. Along the river valley, which is also wooded with poplar and fir, the soil is excellent.

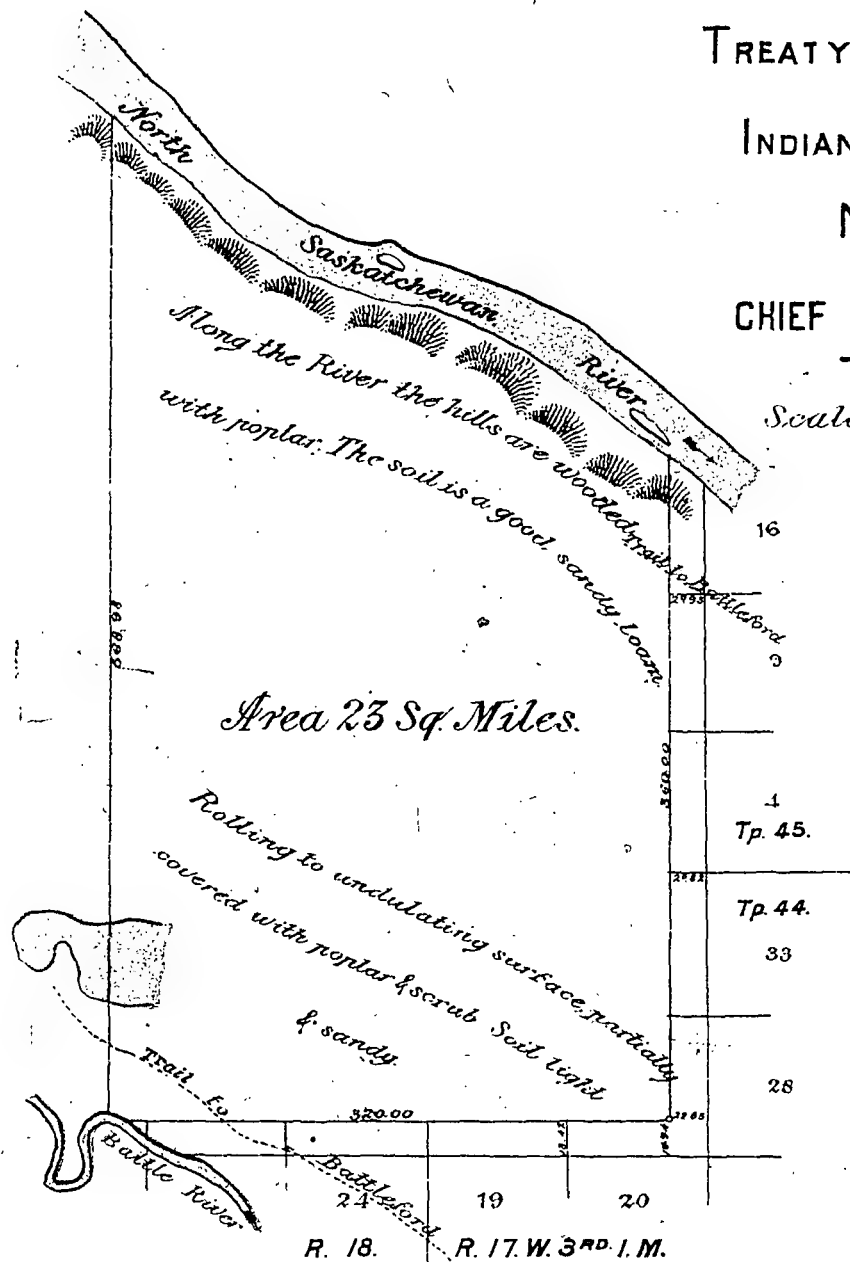
TREATY N^o 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 112

CHIEF "MOOSOMIN"

Scale 100 Chs. to an inch.



Approved

Edw. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

Geo. A. Simpson D. L.S.

April & May 1887.

TREATY N^o 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 112 A

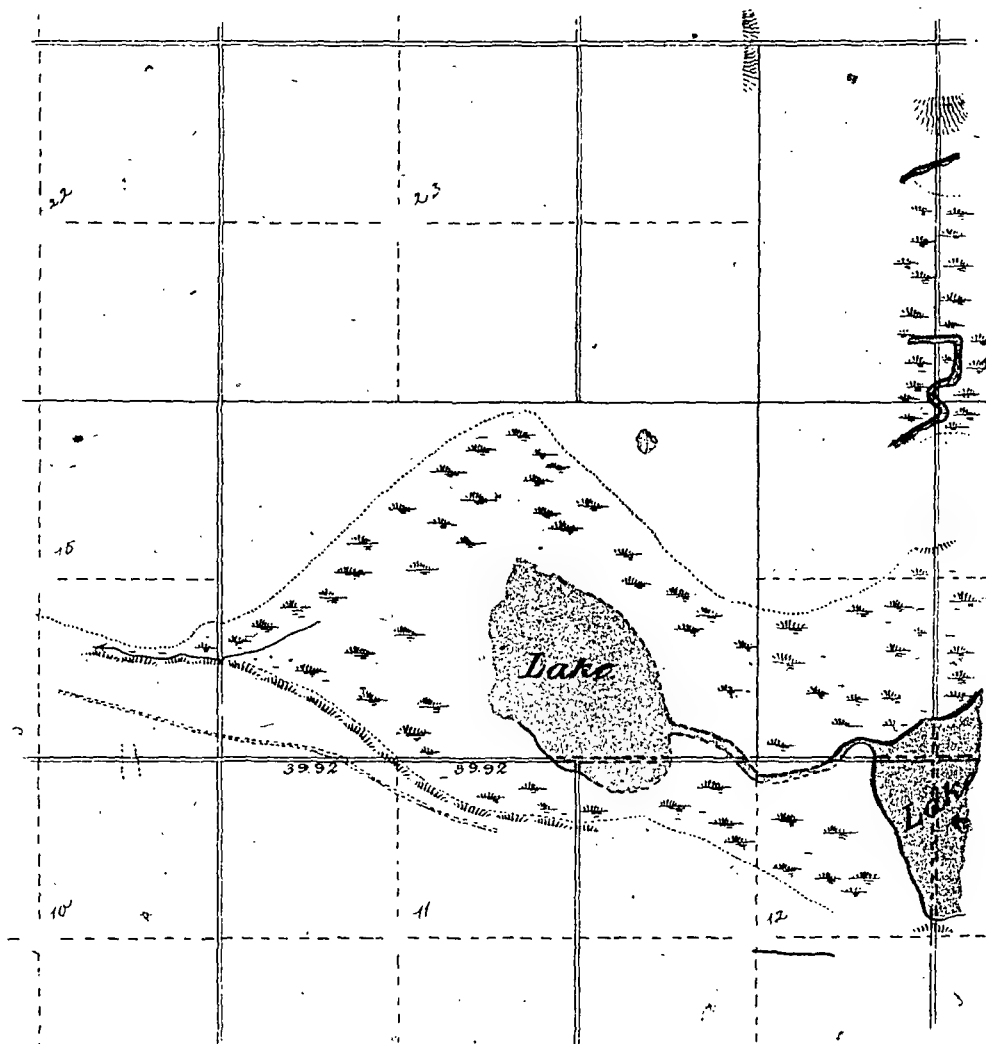
Mt. Crooked Hill Creek.

Hay-Lands for the Bands of Chiefs

"MOOSOMIN" AND "THUNDERCHILD"

In T^h. N^o 46 R^ge. 16 W. of 3rd I.M.

Scale 40 Chs. to an inch



Area 2.54 Miles.

Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In-charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 29th Jan. 1889

Surveyed by

R. C. Laurie D.L.S.

1887.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 112 A.

Area, 2 square miles.

Surveyed in 1887, by R. G. Laurie, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about eighteen miles north of Battleford on Crooked Hill Creek. It was set aside as "Hay Grounds" for the use of the Indians of the bands of Chiefs "Moosomin" and "Thunder-child."

It comprises the western half of section thirteen, section fourteen and the eastern half of section twenty-four, in township forty-six, range sixteen, west of the third initial meridian, and containing an area of two square miles, more or less.

The surrounding country is a high rolling prairie with clumps of poplar.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 113.

Area, 61.1 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 90.

Name of Chief, "Sweet Grass," formerly Chief "Strike-him-on-the-back."

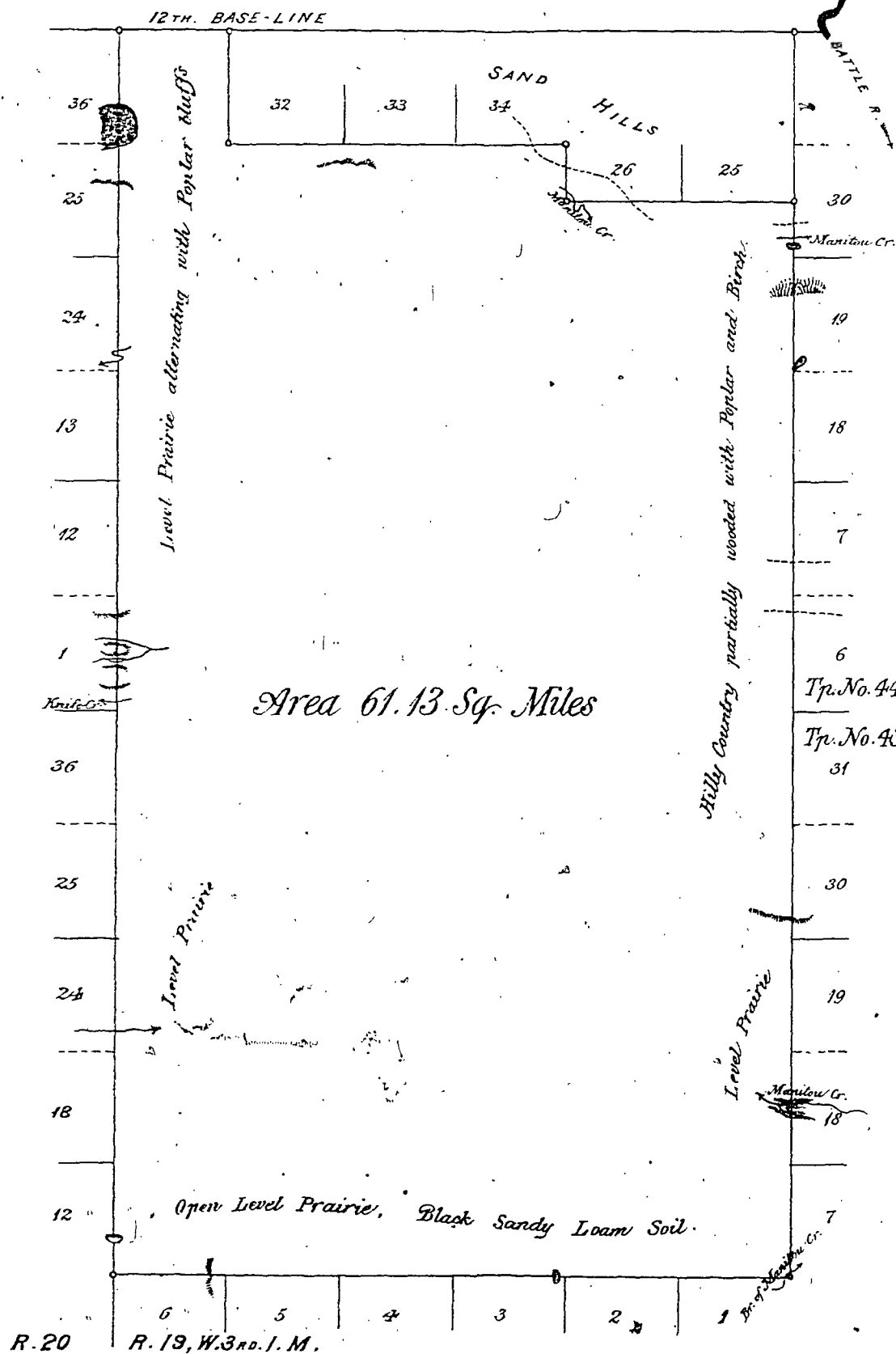
Surveyed in July, 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated fourteen miles west of Battleford on Manitou Creek, south of Battle River.

It comprises sections seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, in township forty-three, range nineteen, and sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-one, also the south halves of sections twenty-five and twenty-six, in township forty-four, range nineteen, all the above ranges west of the third initial meridian; containing an area of sixty-one and one-tenth square miles, more or less

The soil is generally very good with the exception of a narrow strip bordering the sand hills along the northern boundary. The north-eastern part is hilly and broken, and partially wooded with poplar and white birch. The north-western is level prairie of light soil with bluffs of small poplar and willow, and the southern part is an open level prairie of black sandy loam. The western boundary is crossed by the "Kees kee-koman" or Cut Knife Creek and several shallow *coulées*, the banks of which are strewn with boulders.

Manitou Creek comes in near the north-eastern corner, and after making a considerable detour north-westerly, flows easterly along the northern boundary towards Battle River.



TREATY No 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

No 113

CHIEF "SWEET GRASS"

Scale 100 Chains to 1 Inch

Approved

Edw. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.L.S.

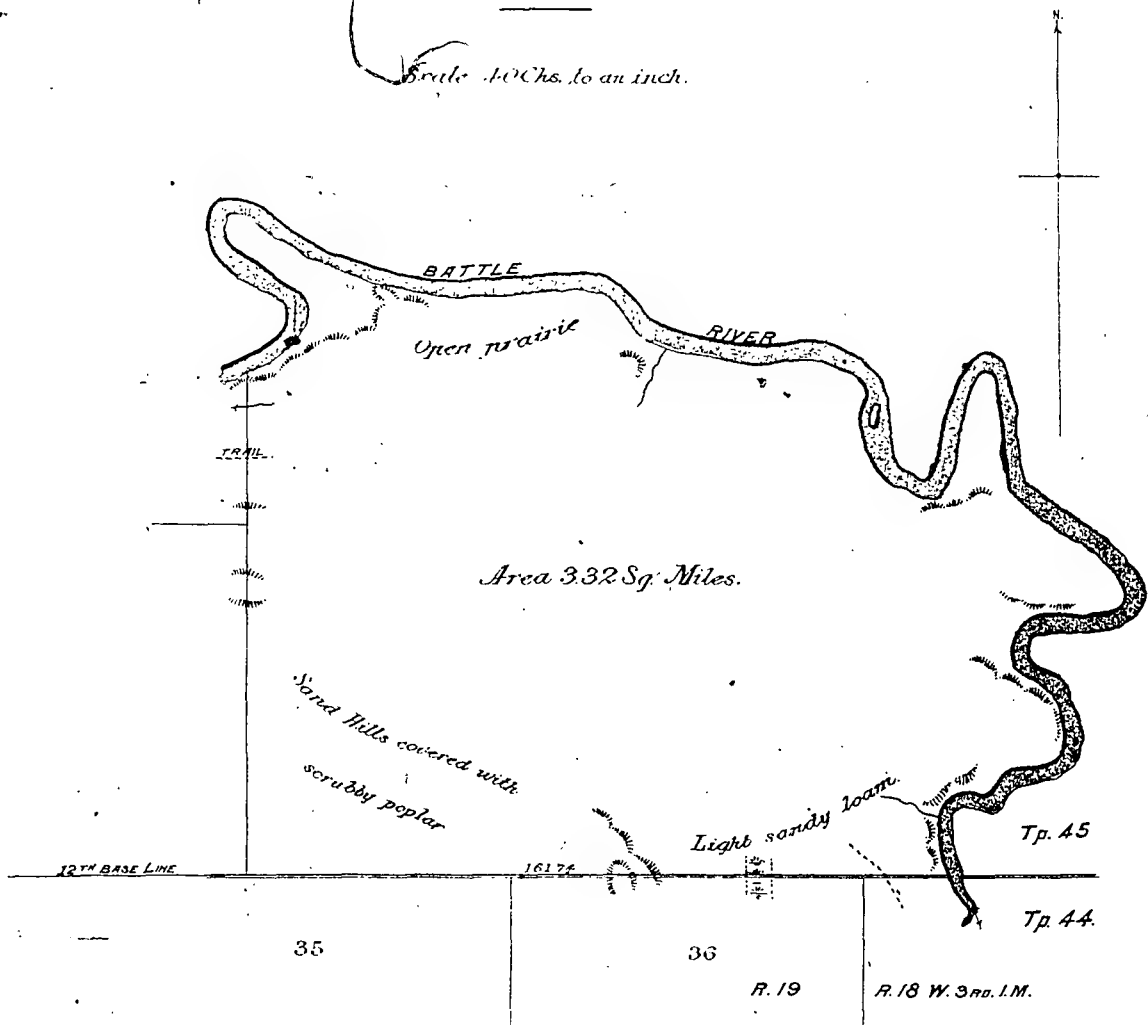
TREATY N°6 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 113^A

CHIEF "STRIKE HIM ON THE BACK"

Scale 40 Chs. to an inch.



Approved

J. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by

J. C. Nelson D.L.S.

July 1884.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 113 A.

Area, 3.3 square miles.

Addition to Reserve No. 113 for the Band of "Sweet Grass," late "Strike-him-on-the-back."

Surveyed in July, 1884, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the southern side of Battle River, about fifteen miles from Battleford.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a point on the right bank of Battle River, twenty-one chains east of the south-west corner of section six; township forty-five, range eighteen, west of the third initial meridian; and running west along the northern limit of the road allowance on the twelfth base line, one hundred and sixty-one chains and seventy-four links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north one hundred and fifteen chains, more or less, to a post on the right bank of Battle River; and thence easterly and southerly along the said bank of the said river to the point of beginning; containing an area of three and three-tenths square miles, more or less.

The surface is undulating and partially wooded with scrubby poplar and willow. The soil is a light sandy loam. The pasture is good, and there is a small area of hay land.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 113 B.

Area, 2 square miles.

Surveyed in 1884, by C. F. Leclerc, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on Battle River, about twenty-seven miles north-westerly from Battleford. It was set aside as "Hay Grounds" for the use of the Indians of the bands of Chiefs "Strike-him on-the-back" and "Sweet Grass."

It comprises sections fourteen and fifteen, in township forty-five, range twenty, west of the third initial meridian; containing an area of two square miles, more or less.

The place is well sheltered and admirably adapted for wintering stock. The area, however, affording heavy hay is limited.

TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°113^b

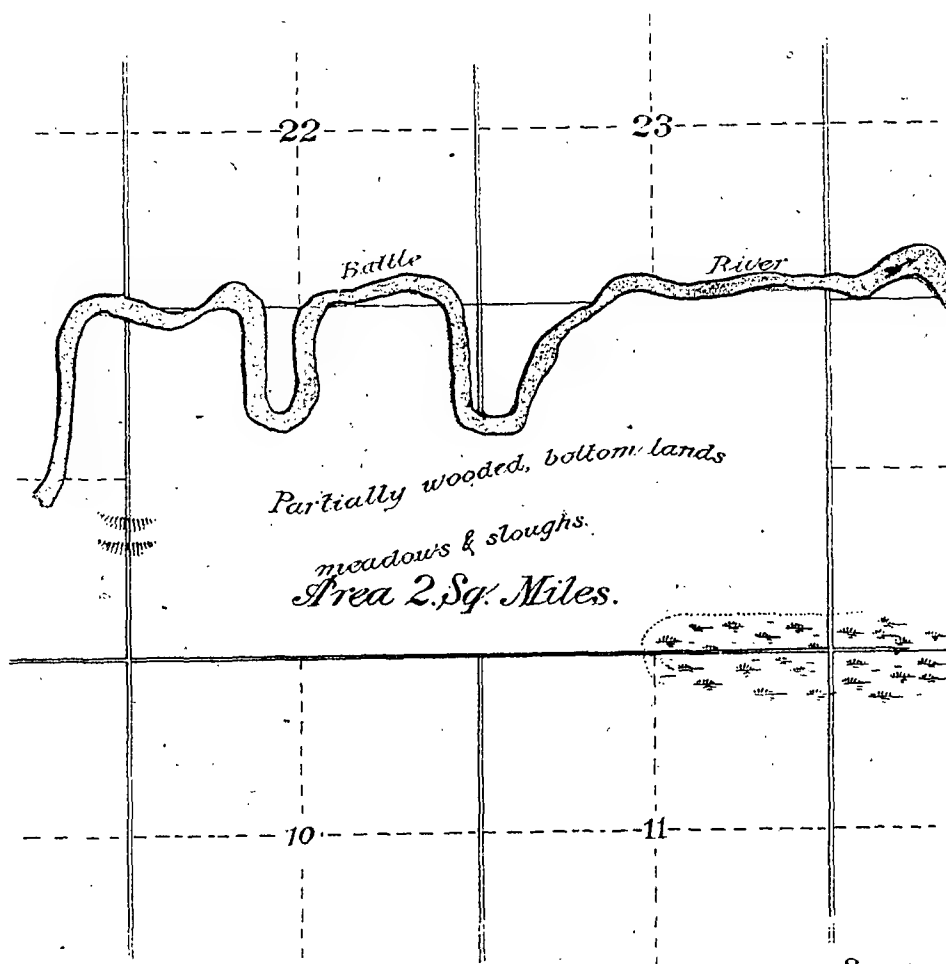
ON BATTLE RIVER

Hay Lands for the Band of

CHIEF "SWEET GRASS"

In Tp. N°45 Rge. 20 W. of 3rd T.M.

Scale 40 Chs. to an inch.



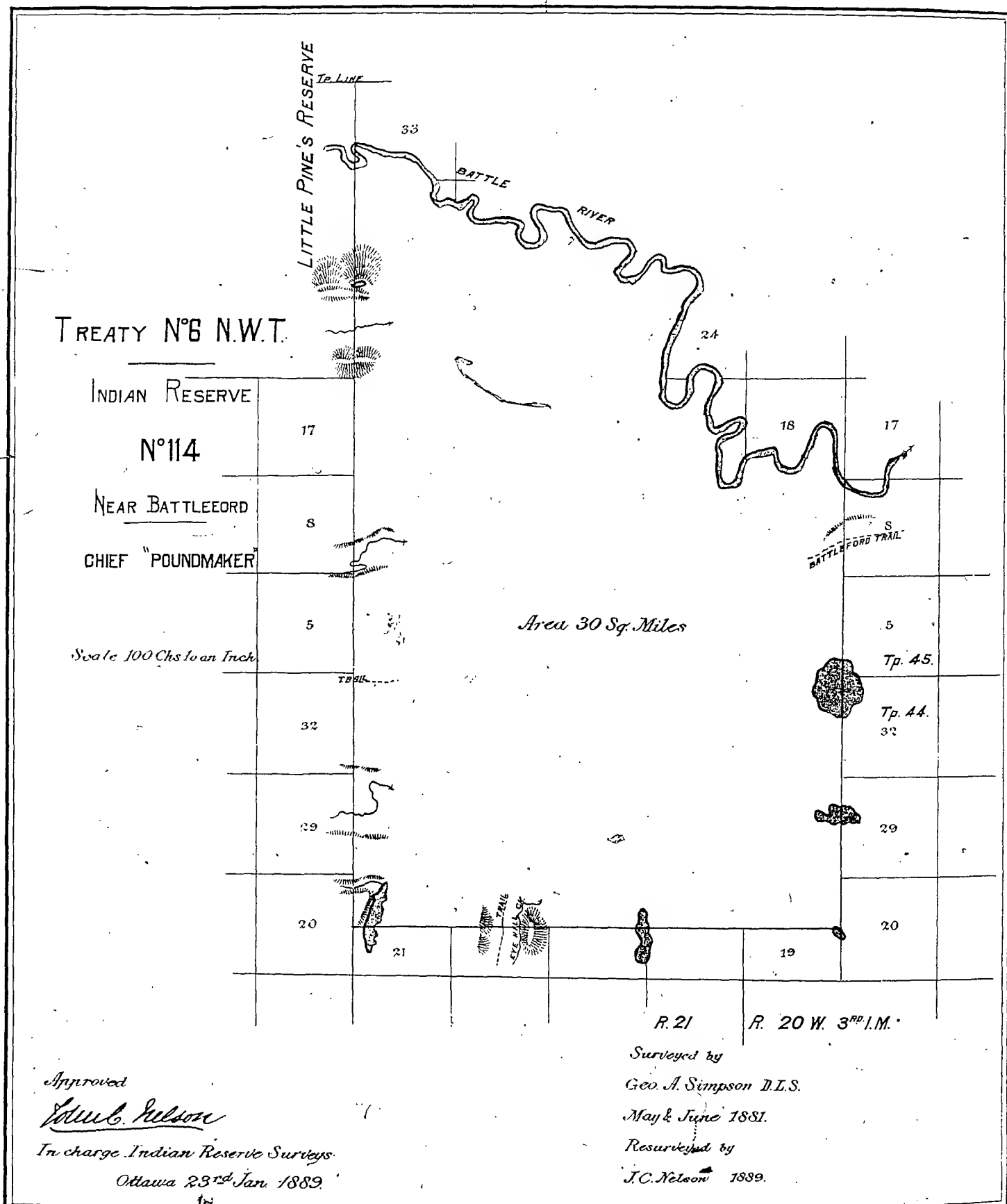
Approved

Edw. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

*Surveyed by
C. F. Leclerc D.L.S.
1884.*



Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 114.

Area, 30 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 52.

Name of Chief, "Poundmaker."

Surveyed in May and June, 1881, by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about thirty miles west of Battleford, on the southern side of Battle River.

It is bounded by a line beginning on the right bank of Battle River, at the most southerly point where the said bank is intersected by the western boundary of section thirty-three, township forty-five, range twenty-one, west of the third initial meridian; and running south six hundred and nineteen chains, more or less, to a post; thence east four hundred and four chains, more or less, to a post; thence north three hundred and sixty-three chains and ninety-two links, more or less, to a post on the right bank of Battle River; and thence north-westerly along the said bank to the point of beginning; containing an area of thirty square miles, more or less.

The principal topographical features are the "Kees-kee-go-men" or Cut Knife Hill and Cut Knife Creek. On the bottom lands in the valley of Battle River the soil is of excellent quality, but on the high rolling prairie bordering the valley, the soil is light and sandy. In the southern part the soil is of good quality. Wood is scarce. The country along the eastern boundary is partially wooded with scrubby poplar. A greater portion of the timber growing on the river bottoms in the valley of the Battle River has been cut down and used for building and fencing purposes, and for firewood by the Indians.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES

INDIAN RESERVE No. 115.

Area, 21 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 32.

Name of Chief, "Thunderchild."

Surveyed in May, 1881, by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated between the North Saskatchewan and Battle Rivers, about seventeen miles north-west of Battleford, on the trail to Fort Pitt.

It is bounded by a line beginning on the left bank of Battle River, sixty-eight chains, more or less, east, and eight chains, more or less, south, of the north-west corner of section thirty, township forty-four, range eighteen, west of the third initial meridian, at a point where the said bank is intersected by the line of the posts forming the western boundary of this reserve; and running north along the said line of posts, six hundred and fifty-two chains, more or less, to the right bank of the Saskatchewan River; thence south-easterly along the said bank of the said river a due east distance of three miles, more or less, to the north-west corner of reserve number one hundred and twelve for the band of Chief "Moosomin"; thence south along the western boundary of said reserve, five hundred and sixty-eight chains and ninety-seven links, more or less, to the left bank of Battle River, and thence westerly along the said bank of said river to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-four square miles, more or less.

The soil along the Battle River is generally light and sandy. The surface shows a sandy loam, somewhat inferior to the land along the Saskatchewan which is of fair quality, and well wooded with poplar and fir. The surface is rolling with occasional level stretches. Water is scarce in the interior.

An additional reserve (Indian Reserve No. 115 A) containing an area of eight and a half square miles was surveyed for the above band in 1884.

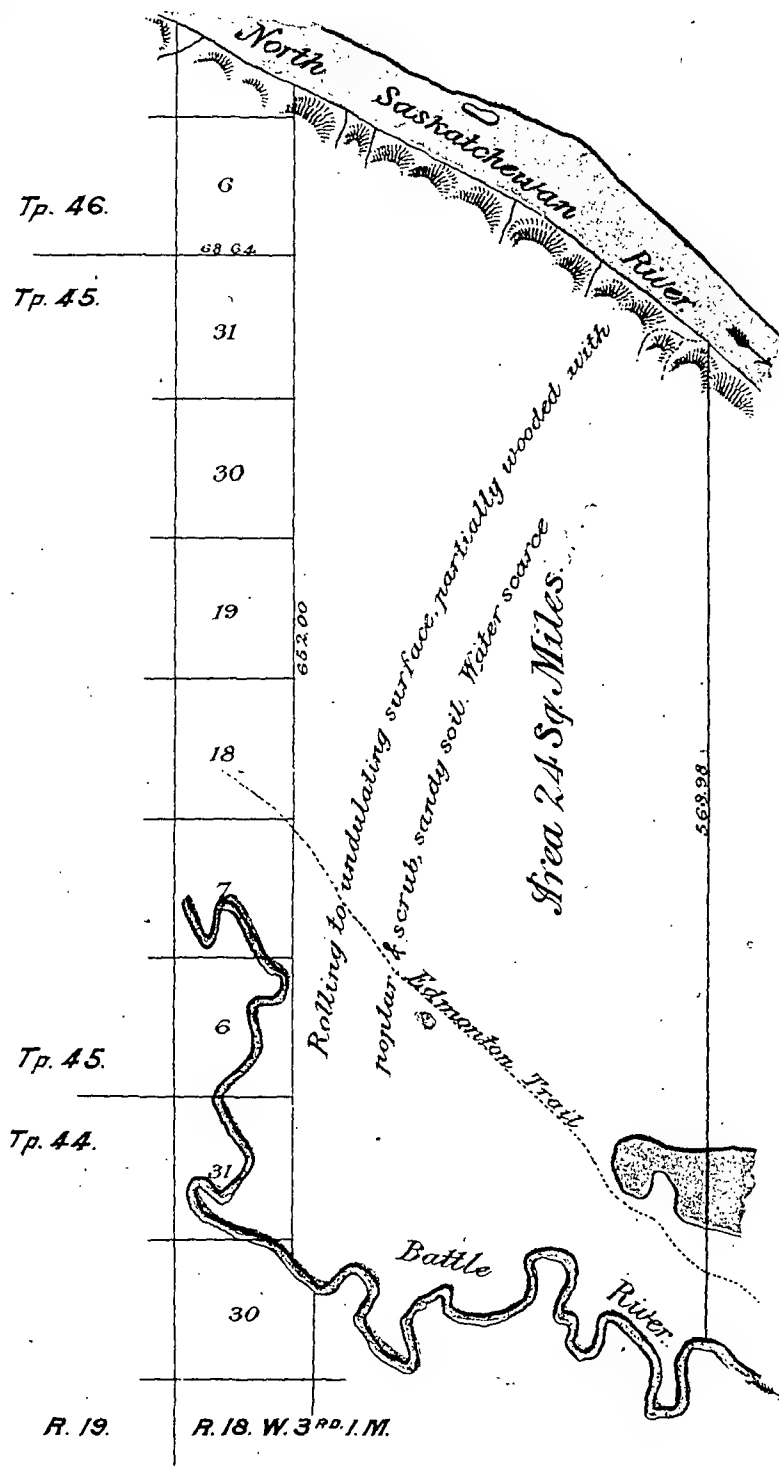
TREATY N^o 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 115

CHIEF "THUNDERCHILD"

Scale 100 Chs to an inch



Approved

Wm. C. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by
Geo. A. Simpson D.L.S.
May 1887

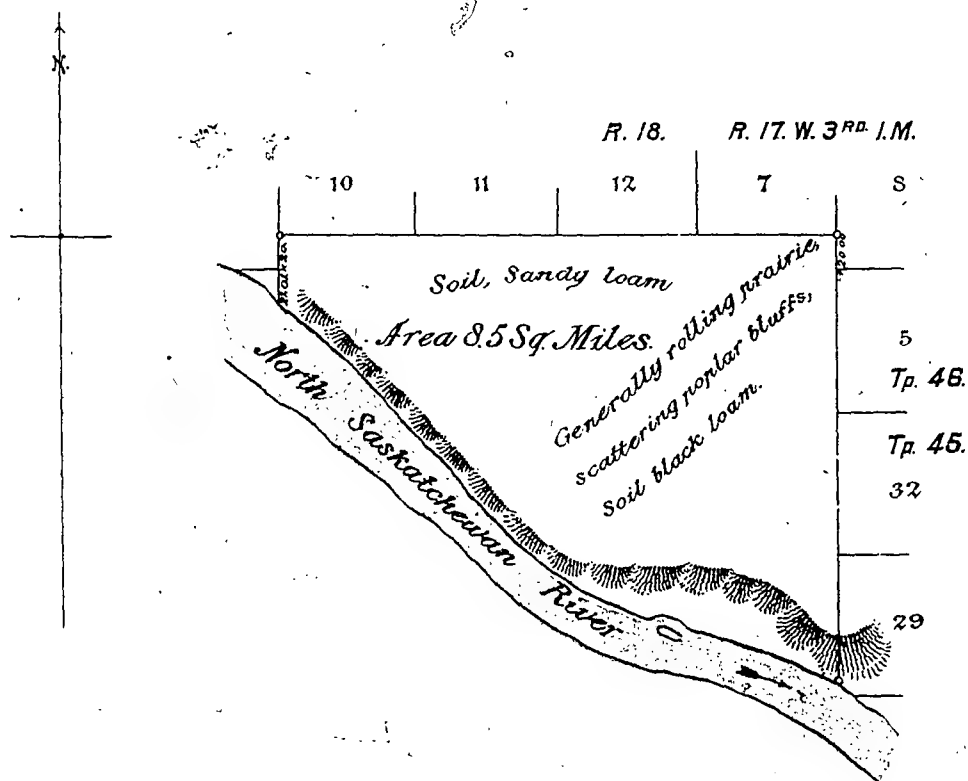
TREATY N^o 6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N^o 115^A.

CHIEF "THUNDERCHILD"

Scale 100 Chs. to 1 inch.



Approved

Edmund Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889.

Surveyed by
A.W. Ponton D.L.S.

September 1884

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 115 A.

Area, 8.5 square miles.

For the band of Chief, "Thunderchild."

Surveyed in 1884, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the north side of the Saskatchewan River opposite the reserves of Chiefs "Moosomin" and "Thunderchild." It is an extension to reserve number one hundred and fifteen for the band of Chief "Thunderchild" which contained thirty-two families, and was surveyed by Mr. Geo. A. Simpson, D. L. S., in 1881.

It is bounded by a line beginning on the left bank of the Saskatchewan River at its intersection with the eastern boundary of section thirty, township forty-five, range seventeen, west of the third initial meridian; and running north two hundred and fifty-eight chains, more or less, to a post and mound on the eastern boundary of section seven, township forty-six; thence west three hundred and twenty-two chains and twenty-five links, more or less, to a post and mound on the western boundary of section ten; thence south forty-one chains, more or less, to a post on the left bank of the Saskatchewan River; and thence south-easterly along the said bank of said river to the point of beginning; containing an area of eight and a half square miles, more or less.

The land is rolling prairie of black loam with scattered bluffs of poplar and willow. It contains some good hay grounds.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 116

Area, 25 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 25.

Names of Chiefs, "Little Pine" and "Lucky Man."

Surveyed in 1887, by J. C. Nelson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on Battle River, thirty-five miles west of Battleford.

It is comprised of sections nineteen, twenty, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, in township forty-five, range twenty-one; sections twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, in township forty-five, range twenty-two; sections five, six, seven and eight, in township forty-six, range twenty-one; and sections one, two, three, ten, eleven, and twelve, in township forty-six, range twenty-two; all ranges being west of the third initial meridian; containing an area of twenty-five square miles, more or less.

On the southerly side of Battle River, there are hay meadows, rich soil, plenty of good water and a variety of wild berry bushes. On the northerly side of the river there is an abundance of poplar timber, but the soil is light. There is good fishing in the river.

TREATY N°6, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°116

On Battle River

For the Bands of

CHIEFS "LITTLE PINE" & "LUCKY MAN"

Scale 100 Chs. - 1 Inch



Approved

John C. Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Surveyed by

John C. Nelson, D.L.S.

Ottawa 23rd Jan. 1889

Sept. 1887

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE NO. 119.

Area, 60 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 60.

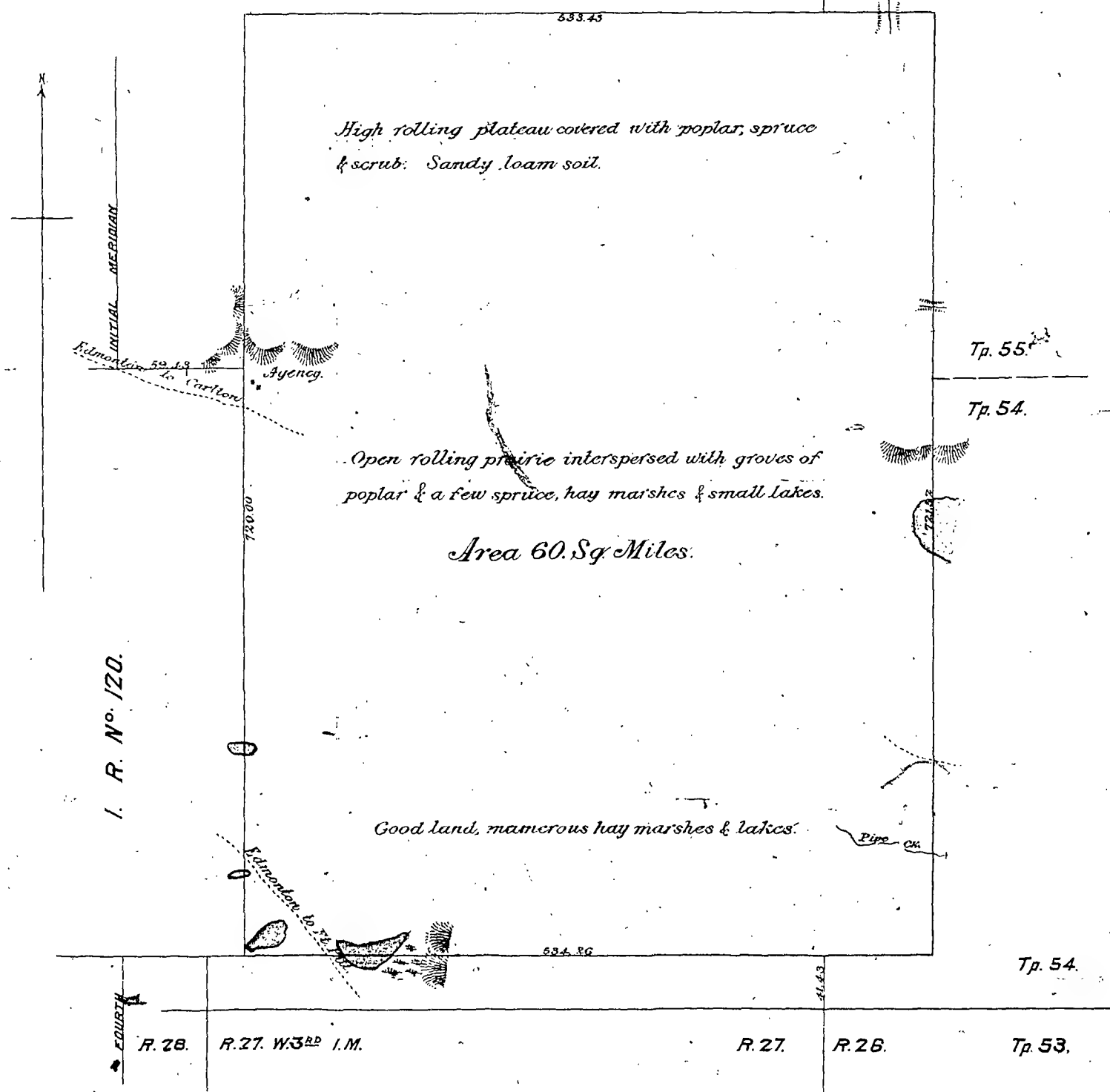
Name of Chief, "Seekaskootch."

Surveyed in 1879, by Geo. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about six miles north of Fort Pitt on the trail to Edmonton *via* Onion Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound forty-one and a half chains, more or less, north and thirty chains, more or less, east of the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township fifty-three, range twenty-eight, west of the third initial meridian, and running east five hundred and thirty-four chains and twenty-six links, more or less, to a post; thence north seven hundred and twenty-one chains and fifty-two links, more or less, to a post; thence west five hundred and thirty-three chains and forty-three links, more or less, to a post; and thence south seven hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of sixty square miles, more or less.

The southern part contains some very good land, hay marshes and numerous lakes. There are sandy ridges. In the middle, the country is open rolling prairie interspersed with groves of poplar and a few spruce. The northern part is a high rolling plateau of sandy loam soil, partially wooded with poplar, spruce and scrub.



REPEAL TREATY NO. 6 IN PLACE OF TREATY NO. 4.
TREATY N°4, N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°119

AT UNION LAKE

CHIEF "SEEKASKOOTCH"

Scale 100 Chs. to an Inch.

Approved

Edw. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 23rd Jan 1889

Surveyed by
Geo. A. Simpson D.L.S.

1879

Note: The East and West Outlines of Townships are only approximate.

Treaty No. 6.**NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.**

INDIAN RESERVE No. 120.

Area, 22 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 27.

Name of Chief, "Makao."

Surveyed in 1879, by Geo. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated about eight miles north-west of Fort Pitt on the trail to Edmonton.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and mound; forty-one and a half chains, more or less, north, and thirty chains, more or less, east of the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township fifty-three, range twenty-eight, west of the third initial meridian, and running west three hundred and twenty chains, more or less, to a post; thence north four hundred and fifty chains, more or less, to a post in a marsh; thence east three hundred and nineteen chains and thirty-three links, more or less, to a post and mound; and thence south four hundred and fifty chains, more or less, to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-two square miles, more or less.

On the southern portion of this reserve the soil is generally light; towards the middle it is of fair quality. The surface is rolling and interspersed with bluffs of poplar and scrub alternating with lakes and ponds. The northern part contains good soil and valuable hay marshes.

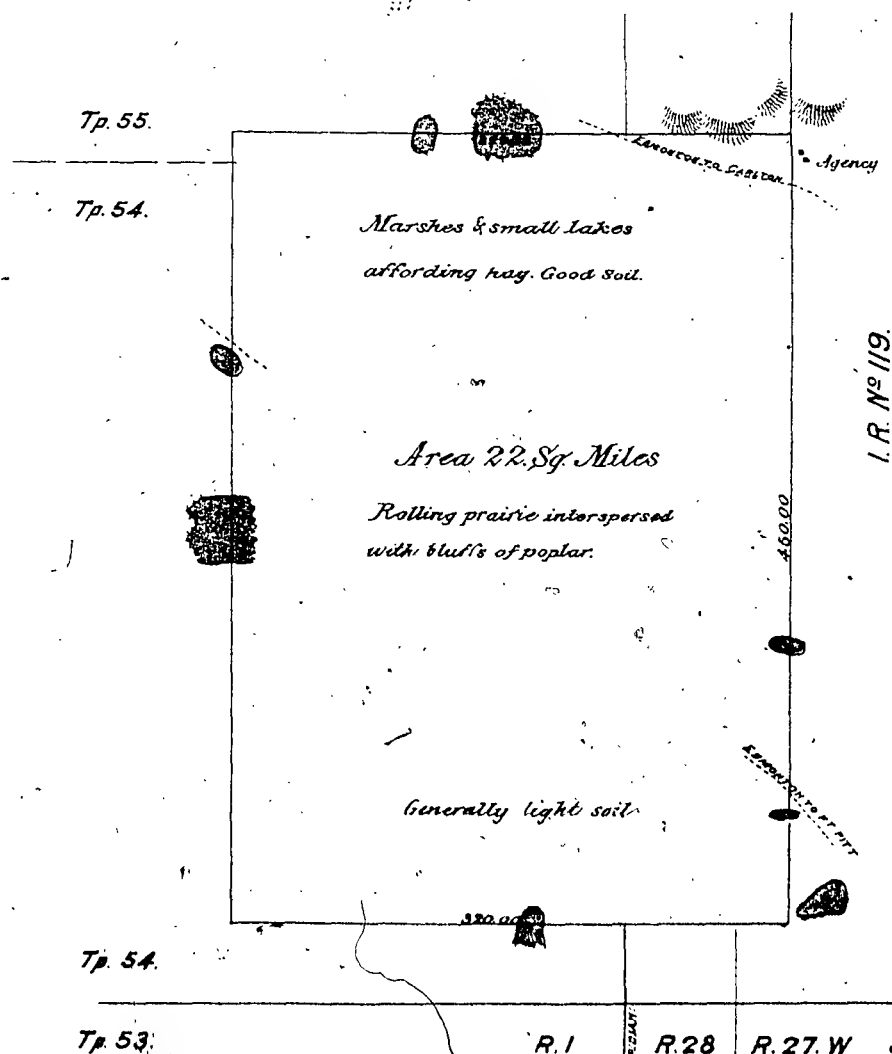
TREATY N°6 N.W.T.

INDIAN RESERVE

N°120

CHIEF "MAKAOO"

Scale 100 Chs to an inch.



Approved

Edw. Nelson

In charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 22nd Jan. 1879

Surveyed by

Geo. A. Simpson D.L.S.

1879

Note: The boundary lines are only approximate

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 121.

Area, 33 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 18.

Name of Chief, "Oo-nee-pow-o-hay-oos."

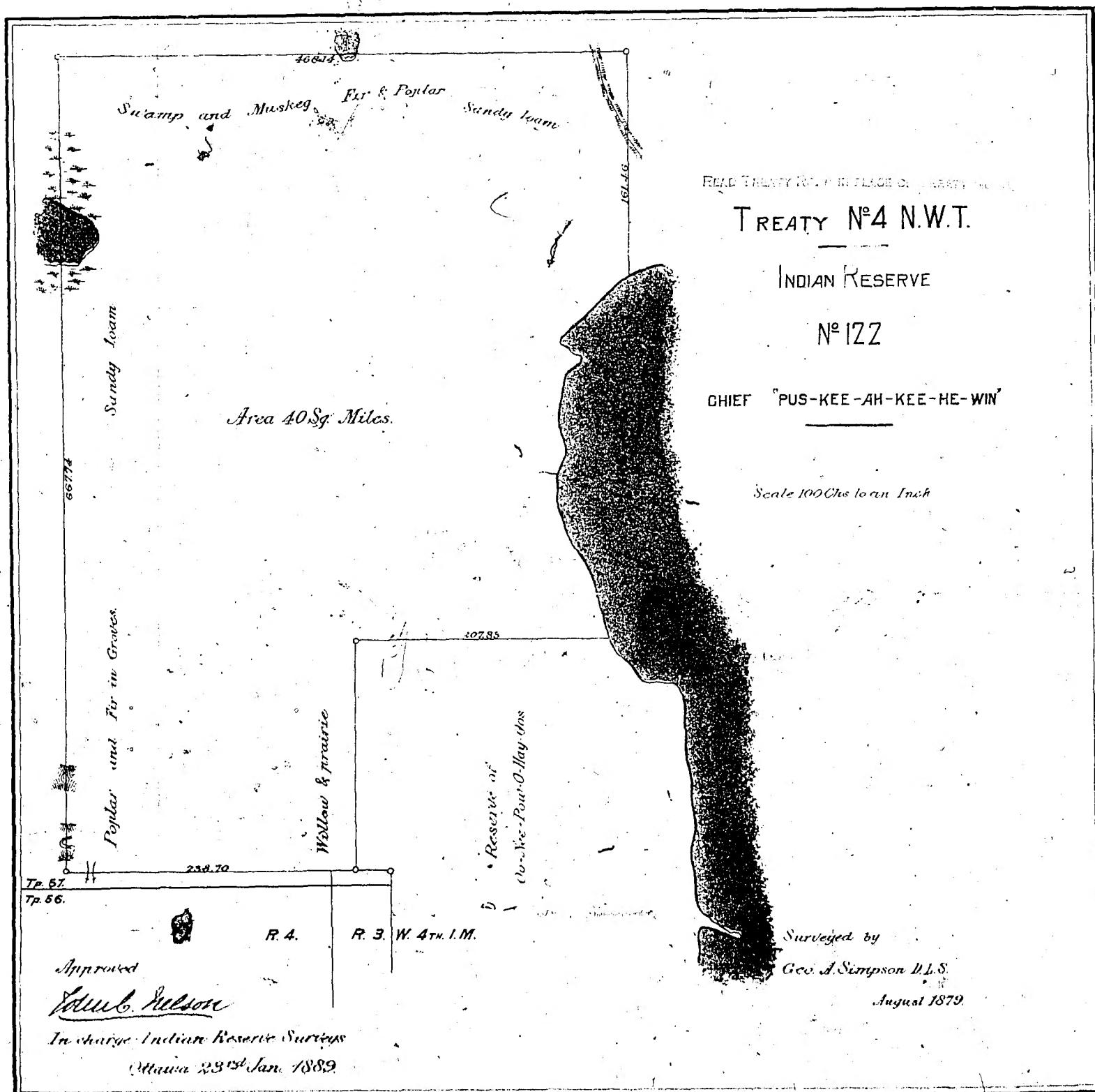
Surveyed in 1879, by G. A. Simpson, D. L. S., and in 1883 some of the boundaries were altered by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the south-western side of Frog Lake, adjacent to reserve number one hundred and twenty-two for the band of Chief "Pus-kee-ah-kee-hee-win."

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and cairn, near the western shore of Frog Lake, and two hundred and four chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, north, and two hundred and thirty-one chains and nine links, more or less, east of the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township fifty-six, range four, west of the fourth initial meridian; and running west two hundred and seven chains and eighty-three links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south one hundred and eighty-eight chains and thirty-six links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east twenty-seven chains and fifty links, more or less, to a post; thence south three hundred and nineteen chains and eleven links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east two hundred and sixty-four chains and fifty-seven links, more or less, to a post; thence south forty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, sixteen chains and fifty-three links, more or less, to a post; thence south forty-one chains and seventy-one links, more or less, to a post; thence east three hundred and eighteen chains and ninety-eight links, more or less, to a post; thence north three hundred and fifty-three chains and five links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west one hundred and ten chains and sixty-one links, more or less, to Frog Lake; and thence south-westerly and northerly along the shore of the south-westerly extremity of the said lake to a point thereon east of the point of beginning; and thence west three chains, more or less, to the said point of beginning; containing an area of

thirty-three square miles, more or less; excepting from the lands enclosed in the foregoing description, a small square block of land situated on the southern boundary at Frog Creek; containing an area of ten acres, more or less.

The south-eastern part is a high rolling country partially wooded with poplar and spruce. The western part is an open rolling prairie of sandy loam, interspersed with bluffs of poplar and willow. There are three groves of fir covering an area of about six square miles. Frog Lake is a beautiful sheet of clear water abounding in fish and wild-fowl. It is about twelve miles in-length, by four in width.



Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 122.

Area, 40 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 9.

Name of Chief, "Pus-kee-eh-kee-hee-win."

Surveyed in 1870 by G. A. Simpson, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the western side of Frog Lake.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post and cairn near the western shore of Frog Lake, two hundred and four chains and fifty-eight links, more or less, north, and two hundred and thirty-one chains and nine links, more or less, east of the north-east corner of section thirty-six, township fifty-six, range four, west of the fourth initial meridian; and running west two hundred and seven chains and eighty-three links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south one hundred and eighty-eight chains and thirty-six links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence west two hundred and thirty-eight chains and seventy links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence north six hundred and sixty-seven chains and seventy-four links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence east four hundred and sixty-eight chains and fourteen links, more or less, to a post and mound; thence south one hundred and sixty-one chains and forty-six links, more or less, to the north-western shore of Frog Lake; thence southerly along the western shore of the said lake to a point thereon east of the point of beginning; and thence three chains, more or less, west to the said point of beginning; containing an area of forty square miles, more or less.

The south-eastern corner is generally hilly, with dense small poplar: the soil is a rich black loam. The western and northern portion of the reserve is generally open: the soil is a sandy loam. Spruce is found on the western side of Frog Lake.

Treaty No. 6.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

INDIAN RESERVE No. 133.

Area, 28 square miles.

Number of families in Band, 37.

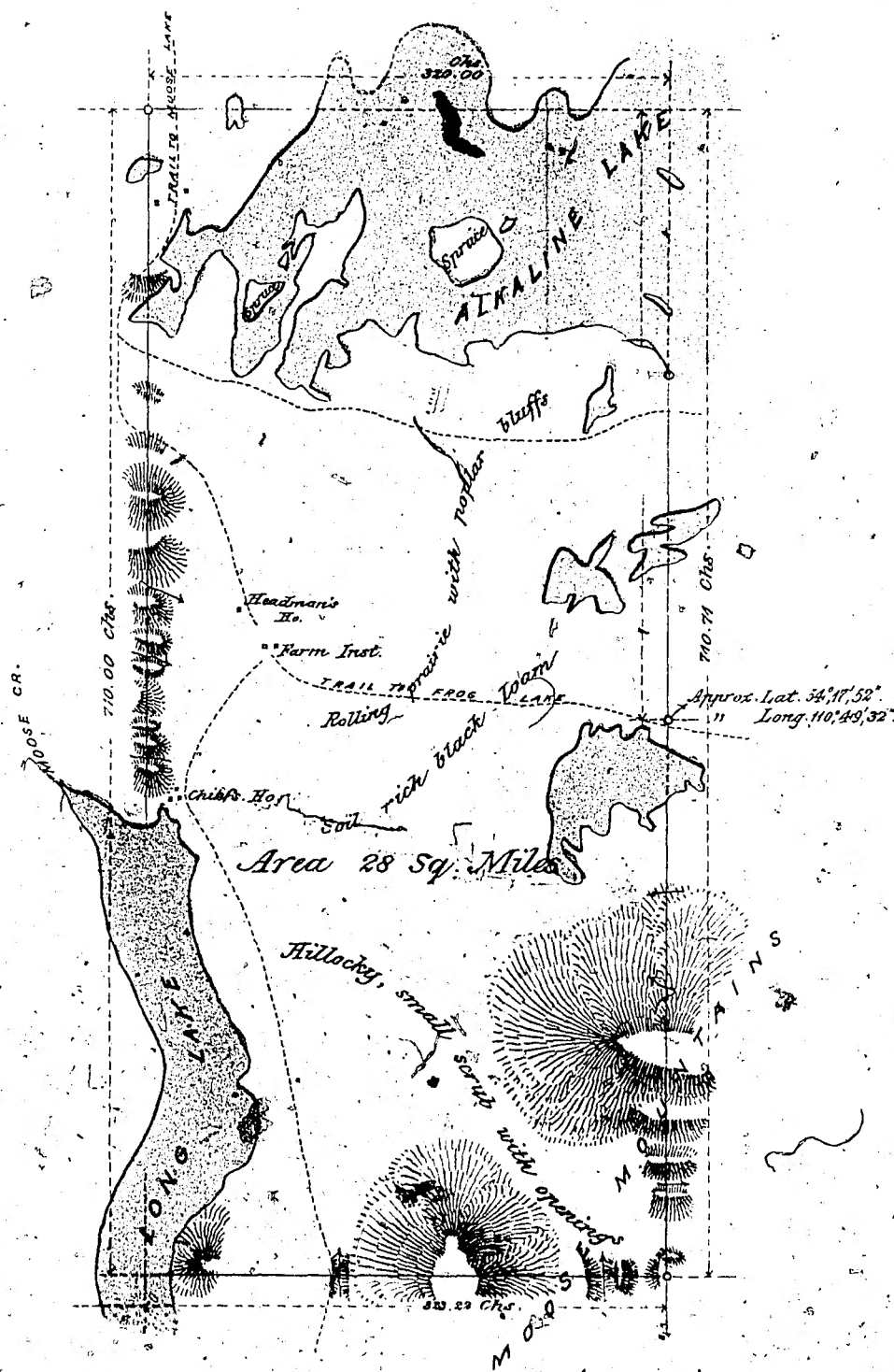
Name of Chief, "Ke-hee-win."

Surveyed in October, 1884, by A. W. Ponton, D.L.S.

This reserve is situated on the north-western slope of Moose Mountain, about forty miles north-westerly of Frog Lake, on the trail between Frog and Moose Lakes.

It is bounded by a line beginning at a post in mound, in approximate latitude fifty-four degrees, fourteen minutes north, and longitude one hundred and ten degrees, forty-nine minutes and thirty-two seconds west; thence north seven hundred and ten chains and seventy-one links, more or less, along a line of posts to the intersection in a lake of the said line of posts, with the line of posts forming the northern boundary of this reserve; thence westerly three hundred and twenty chains, more or less, along said line, to a post; thence south four hundred and thirty-four chains and forty-nine links, more or less, to a post on the northern shore of Long Lake; thence easterly and southerly a due south distance of two hundred and seventy-six chains, more or less, along the eastern shore of said lake to its intersection with the line of posts forming the southern boundary of this reserve; and thence east three hundred and nine chains, more or less, along the said line to the point of beginning; containing an area of twenty-eight square miles, more or less.

In a large alkaline lake extending into the northern part of the reserve there is an island, containing an area of about one hundred and twenty acres, covered with good large spruce. The interior of the reserve is a fine rolling prairie with black loamy soil, luxuriant herbage, and poplar bluffs. The southern part, which includes a portion of the Moose Hills, is covered with a dense growth of poplar.



TREATY N° 6, N.W.

INDIAN RESERVE

N° 123.

CHIEF "KEHEWIN"

Scale 100 Chains to 1 Inch.

Approved

John C. Nelson

In Charge Indian Reserve Surveys

Ottawa 11th Feb. 1889

Surveyed by

L. W. Norton D. L. S.

October 1888